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57 BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION 1 2 MARC SPITZER 3 Arizona Corporation Commission Chairman WILLIAM A. MUNDELL 4 DOCKETED Commissioner 5 JEFF HATCH-MILLER SEP 1 5 2004 Commissioner 6 MIKE GLEASON DOCKETED BY Commissioner 7 KRISTIN K. MAYES 8 Commissioner 9 IN THE MATTER OF QWEST 10 DOCKET NO. T-01051B-03-0859 CORPORATION'S PERFORMANCE **ASSURANCE PLAN** 11 12 **OWEST** DOCKET NO. T-01051B-99-0068 THE **MATTER** OF 13 CORPORATION'S **STATEMENT** OF GENERALLY **AVAILABLE TERMS** 14 AND CONDITIONS 15 16 **OWEST CORPORATION'S NOTICE OF MODIFICATIONS** TO THE STATEMENT OF GENERALLY AVAILABLE TERMS 17 AND CONDITIONS ("SGAT") EXHIBIT B AND EXHIBIT K 18 INTRODUCTION 19 Qwest Corporation ("Qwest") submits its Fifth Amended Exhibit B to the Statement of 20 21 Generally Available Terms and Conditions ("SGAT") comprising Version 8.0, which is the 22 Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs"). Copies of the updated Exhibit B are attached as 23 exhibit 1.1 24 25

<sup>1</sup>Qwest is submitting "clean" and "red-lined" versions of Exhibit B, as modified.

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Qwest also submits its revised Qwest Performance Assurance Plan ("QPAP") found in Exhibit K of the SGAT, Fourteenth Revision, Second Amended, dated September 15, 2004, attached as exhibit 2.

Finally, Qwest submits the resolution of disputed issues that were the subject of the second six month review of the QPAP in the state of Washington, Docket UT-043007, and as to which Qwest and the participating CLECs reached agreement ("Stipulation"). That Stipulation and the revised Exhibit K (QPAP)<sup>2</sup> are attached as exhibits. The Stipulation covers items that were at issue in the Washington six month review: standards for line splitting, potential loop splitting reporting, xDSL-I capable loops, an aggregate payment report, and PO-20<sup>3</sup>. Qwest intends that the terms of the Stipulation be available to and benefit CLECs that opt-in to the QPAP in its local service region and accordingly makes this filing to effectuate the Stipulation.

## II. AGREED UPON ITEMS AND DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES

## A. Aggregate Payment Report by PID and Product

As part of the Stipulation, Qwest agreed to publish on its website, beginning with September 2004 performance data, a state payment report by major PID category similar to the one Qwest currently files with the Commission. Qwest will also make available to the individual

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The QPAP can also be found as Exhibit K to the SGAT. Qwest submits a "clean" and redline version of the QPAP, as modified.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Washington Commission Staff did not initially agree on the parity standard for Line Splitting agreed to by the other parties or on the absence of a Tier 2 assignment for Expanded PO-20. Staff intends to take forward the issue of Tier 2 in Washington.

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CLECs (opting-in to the QPAP) in Tab 2<sup>4</sup> of the CLEC payment report data showing QPAP payments at the PID/Product sub measure level including a total of the payments for Arizona for each sub measure and/or product.<sup>5</sup>

## B. Summary of Specific Products Affected

Line splitting: The standard to be applied for line splitting is Qwest DSL. Where it was not already in effect or otherwise agreed upon, this standard shall be applied beginning with September 2004 performance data.

Loop splitting: Loop splitting will be reported on with a diagnostic standard at such time as the CLECs order the product in any quantity for three consecutive months in the state.

xDSL-I Capable loops: This product will now be included in the OP and MR PIDs at the standards appearing in Exhibit B Version 8.0. These standards shall be applied beginning with September 2004 performance data.

The expanded PO-20 was previously filed on June 24, 2004 with certain requests related to the PAP treatment. Qwest and the CLECs subsequently agreed in the Stipulation to a Tier 1 Medium, no Tier 2 designation.<sup>6</sup> Those parties also agreed that a measurement stabilization period and low volume exceptions were appropriate.

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<sup>2324</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>This report is created in excel format with "tabs" at the bottom of the workbook that identify each worksheet separately.

<sup>5</sup>This agreement is not limited to CLECs participating in the Stipulation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The stipulating CLECs agreed that Qwest would file to add Expanded PO-20 to Tier 1 Medium (in Minnesota Tier 1B), and without a Tier 2 assignment,..." Stipulation, page 5. Washington Commission staff is currently pursing Tier (footnote continued on next page)

## III. CHANGES TO EXHIBIT B

## A. Line Splitting Standard

Exhibit B contains changes to the MR-3, 4, 6 and 8, and OP-5A PIDs for Line Splitting to adopt the standard of parity with Qwest DSL for that product in accord with the Stipulation.

## B. Loop Splitting

Exhibit B contains changes to the PO-5, OP-3 through OP-6 and OP-15 and MR-3, 4 and 6 through 8 PIDs to include Loop Splitting as a separately reported product, with a diagnostic standard except that it is not reported separately in PO-5 in the (b) product category of Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled Network Elements.

## C. xDSL-I Capable Loops Inclusion

Exhibit B contains changes to include xDSL-I capable loops in: the OP-3 PID with a standard of 90%; the OP-4 PID with a standard of six business days; the OP-5A PID with a standard of parity with Qwest DSL; the OP-5B, OP-5R and OP-5T PIDs with a diagnostic standard; the OP-6 PID with a standard of parity with Qwest DSL with dispatch; the MR-3, MR-4, MR-6 and MR-8 PIDs with a standard of parity with Qwest IDSL; and the MR-10 PID with a diagnostic standard.

## IV. EXHIBIT K (QPAP) CHANGES

Attachment 1 to Exhibit K includes PO-20 as a Tier 1 Medium measurement, and references to PO-20 have been removed from Table 5 and Section 7.4. Attachment 1 includes

- 4 -

<sup>(</sup>footnote continued from previous page)

<sup>26 2</sup> as a separate issue.

footnotes to the PO-20 measurement that reflect the low volume relief and the burn in periods applicable to this new measurement.

With this filing, Qwest has modified the QPAP to reflect the described changes. Qwest respectfully requests that the Commission issue its order permitting the changes to become effective no later than October 1, 2004, but in any event no later than 60 days after submission pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 252(f)(3). A measurement stabilization for each Phase will allow Qwest to adequately assess the measurement's reliability and validate results. For example, the QPAP would apply to Phase 1 beginning with August, 2004 data reported in October, 2004 on an ongoing basis. No later than three months after the implementation of Phase 2, the QPAP would apply to both Phase 1 and Phase 2 on an ongoing basis. This cumulative approach then continues until all four phases of the expanded PO-20 are subject to the QPAP.

## V. CONCLUSION

By making this filing, Qwest agrees to publish and make available for the benefit of all CLECs that have opted-in to the Arizona QPAP, an aggregate payment report as described above, and requests that the Commission approve the Fifth Amended, Exhibit B (PIDs Version 8.0) and the Second Amended Exhibit K (QPAP), as revised and modified, designate PO-20 as Tier 1 Medium without a Tier 2 assignment, low-volume-differentiated benchmark for PO-20, and allow PO-20 a measurement stabilization for no more than three months with the implementation of each phase. Qwest requests the Commission approve the modifications relating to PO-20, tier designation, low volume relief and stabilization ("burn-in") period in the QPAP.

1	Qwest requests that the Commission ag	pprove the modifications and permit the amended	
2	Exhibit B and Exhibit K to go into effect on October 1, 2004 but in any event pursuant to		
3	47 U.S.C. § 252(f)(3) no later than 60 days after submission.		
4	(-)(-)		
5	DEGENERATIVE CLIENT (CENTRAL III)	cth 1	
6	RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 1:	or day of September, 2004.	
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7	,
8	The foregoing was served electronically this 15 <sup>th</sup> day of September, 2004.
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**Service Performance Indicator Definitions (PID)** 

14-State 271 PID Version 8.0

## **QWEST'S SERVICE PERFORMANCE INDICATOR DEFINITIONS (PID)**

## 14-State 271 PID Version 8.0

#### Introduction

Qwest will report performance results for the service performance indicators defined herein. Qwest will report separate performance results associated with the services it provides to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) in aggregate (except as noted herein), to CLECs individually and, as applicable, to Qwest's retail customers in aggregate. Within these categories, performance results related to service provisioning and repair will be reported for the products listed in each definition. Reports for CLECs individually will be subject to agreements of confidentiality and/or nondisclosure.

The definitions in this version of the PID apply in the 14 states of Qwest's local service region: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. Individual state Performance Assurance Plans may specify and apply state specific variations from the Performance Measure definitions and/or standards contained herein.

# **Qwest's Service Performance Indicator Definitions**

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## **Electronic Gateway Availability**

## GA-1 - Gateway Availability - IMA-GUI

### Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-GUI electronic gateway and one associated system, focusing on the extent they are actually available to CLECs.

#### Description:

- GA-1A: Measures the availability of the IMA-GUI (Interconnect Mediated Access- Graphical User Interface), and reports the percentage of Scheduled Availability Time the IMA-GUI interface is available for view and/or input.
  - Scheduled Up Time hours for preorder, order, and provisioning transactions are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- GA-1D: Measures the availability of the SIA system, which facilitates access for the IMA-GUI interface and the IMA-EDI interface (see GA-2), and reports the percentage of scheduled time the SIA system is available. Scheduled availability times will be no less than the same hours as listed for IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-GUI, SIA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Per	cent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Results will be reported	orting: Region-wide level. ed as follows: Il User Interface Gateway
Formula:  ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available to CLECs During Reporting Period] ÷ [Number of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Time During Reporting Period]) x 100		
Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
Availability: Available	Notes:	

## GA-2 - Gateway Availability - IMA-EDI

### Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-EDI electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

#### **Description:**

Measures the availability of IMA-EDI (Interconnect Mediated Access - Electronic Data Interchange) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the IMA-EDI Interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for IMA-EDI based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html. Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due
  to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine
  maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-EDI), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percer	t
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	ons: CLEC  Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. (See GA-1D for reporting of SIA system availability.)	
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gatewa of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Avenue Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
Availability: Available	Notes:	

## GA-3 - Gateway Availability - EB-TA

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the EB-TA interface, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

### Description:

Measures the availability of EB-TA (Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EB-TA Interface is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due
  to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine
  maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EB-TA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unió of Managers	Danasak
Reporting Feriod: One month	Unit of Measure:	Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Formula:		
([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During	to CLECs During I	Reporting Period] ÷ [Number  ) x 100
		•
Exclusions: None	···	en de anagembre, fre e ligado de algories en jorde en el franco de anagémente de anagémente de anagémente de a
Exclusions: None  Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent

## **GA-4 – System Availability – EXACT**

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC batch access to the EXACT electronic access service request system, focusing on the extent the system is actually available to CLECs.

#### **Description:**

Measures the availability of EXACT system and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EXACT system is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: <a href="http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html">http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html</a>.
- Time System is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the system is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EXACT), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

customer(s) and/or from mechanized			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measur	Unit of Measure: Percent  Its Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggrega	te results Disaggregation		
Formula:		<del>, and a second to the second </del>	
i Oilliula.			
- / /	Available to CLECs During	Reporting Period1 + [Number of	
([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is			
- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1			
([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is			
([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availabili Exclusions: None			
([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availabili	ity During Reporting Period]	) x 100	
([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availabili Exclusions: None	ity During Reporting Period]	) x 100	

## GA-6 - Gateway Availability - GUI - Repair

### Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the GUI Repair electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

#### Description:

Measures the availability of the GUI (Graphical User Interface) repair electronic interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time" hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due
  to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine
  maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., GUI-Repair), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reportin	g: Region-wide level.
Formula: [Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is A Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability		
Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
Availability: Available	Notes:	

## GA-7 - Timely Outage Resolution following Software Releases

#### Purpose:

Measures the timeliness of resolution of gateway or system outages attributable to software releases for specified OSS interfaces, focusing on CLEC-affecting software releases involving the specified gateways or systems.

#### Description:

- Measures the percentage of gateway or system outages, which are attributable to OSS system software releases and which occur within two weeks after the implementation of the OSS system software releases, that are resolved NOTE 1 within 48 hours of detection by the Qwest monitoring group or reporting by a CLEC/co-provider.
- Includes software releases associated with the following OSS interfaces in Qwest: IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI, and CEMR, Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT)<sup>NOTE 2</sup>, Electronic Bonding

   Trouble Administration (EB -TA) NOTE 3
- An outage for this measurement is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component, affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers or data loss NOTE on the Qwest side of the interface. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.
- The outage resolution time interval considered in this measurement starts at the time Qwest's
  monitoring group detects a failure, or at the date/time of the first transaction sent to Qwest that cannot
  be processed (i.e. lost data), and ends with the time functionality is restored or the lost data is
  recovered.

Reporting Period: Monthly	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

#### Formula:

[(Total outages detected within two weeks of a Software Release that are resolved within 48 hours of the time Qwest detects the outage) + (Total number of outages detected within two weeks of Software Releases resolved in the Reporting Period)] x 100

#### Exclusions:

- Outages in releases prior to any CLEC migrating to the release.
- Duplicate reports attributable to the same software defect.

Product Reporting: No	one Standards:		
	Volume = 1-20: 1 miss		
	Volume > 20: 95%		
Availability:	Notes:		
•	1. "Resolved" means that service is restored to the reporting CLEC, as		
Available	experienced by the CLEC.		
	2. EXACT is a Telecordia system. Only releases for changes initiated by		
	Qwest for hardware or connectivity will be included in this measurement.		
3. Outages reported under EB-TA are the same as outages in MEI 4. For data loss to be considered for GA-7, a functional acknowled must have been provided for the data in question (e.g., EDI 997			
			or trouble ticket number).

## Pre-Order/Order

## PO-1 - Pre-Order/Order Response Times

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of responses to specific preordering/ordering queries for CLECs through the use of Qwest's Operational Support Systems (OSS). Qwest's OSS are accessed through the specified gateway interface.

#### Description:

PO-1A & PO-1B:

Measures the time interval between query and response for specified pre-order/order transactions through the electronic interface.

- Measurements are made using a system that simulates the transactions of requesting preordering/ordering information from the underlying existing OSS. These simulated transactions are made through the operational production interfaces and existing systems in a manner that reflects, in a statistically-valid manner, the transaction response times experienced by CLEC service representatives in the reporting period.
- The time interval between query and response consists of the period from the time the transaction request was "sent" to the time it is "received" via the gateway interface.
- A query is an individual request for the specified type of information.

PO-1C

 Measures the percentage of all IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B transmitted in the reporting period that timeout before receiving a response.

PO-1D:

Measures the average response time for a sampling of rejected queries across preorder transaction types.
The response time measured is the time between the issuance of a pre-ordering transaction and the
receipt of an error message associated with a "rejected query." A rejected query is a transaction that
cannot be successfully processed due to the provision of incomplete or invalid information by the sender,
which results in an error message back to the sender.

which results in an error message back to the sender.		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:	
	PO-1A, PO-1B, & PO-1D: Seconds	
	PO-1C: Percent	

## PO-1 - Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

## Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate.

Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. Results are reported as follows:

PO-1A Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-GUI

PO-1B Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-EDI

Results are reported separately for each of the following transaction types: NOTE 2

- 1. Appointment Scheduling (Due Date Reservation, where appointment is required)
- 2. Service Availability Information
- 3. Facility Availability
- 4. Street Address Validation
- **Customer Service Records**
- 6. Telephone Number
- 7. Loop Qualification Tools NOTE 3
- 8. Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification
- Connecting Facility Assignment NOTE 4
   Meet Point Inquiry NOTE 5

For PO-1A (transactions via IMA-GUI), in addition to reporting total response time, response times for each of the above transactions will be reported in two parts: (a) time to access the request screen, and (b) time to receive the response for the specified transaction. For PO-1A 6, Telephone Number, a third part (c) accept screen, will be reported.

For PO-1B (transactions via IMA-EDI), request/response will be reported as a combined number.

PO-1C Results for PO-1C will be reported according to the gateway interface used:

- 1. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-GUI
- 2. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-EDI

PO-1D Results for PO-1D will be reported according to the gateway interface used:

- 1. Rejected Response Times for IMA-GUI
- Rejected Response Times for IMA-EDI

#### Formula:

PO-1A & PO-1B = Σ[(Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of

Queries Submitted in Reporting Period)

= [(Number of IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B that Timeout before receiving PO-1C response) + (Number of IRTM Queries Transmitted in Reporting Period)] x 100

> = Σ[(Rejected Query Response Date & Time) – (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of Rejected Query Transactions Simulated by IRTM)

#### Exclusions:

#### PO-1A & PO-1B:

Rejected requests/errors, and timed out transactions

PO-1C:

PO-1D

Rejected requests and errors

PO-1D:

Timed out transactions

PO-1 - Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards:	IMA-GUI	IMA-EDI	
Floudet Reporting. None	Total Response Time:	IIVIA-GOI	ואות-בטו	
	Total (Copolice Time.	j		
	1. Appointment Scheduling	<10 seconds	<10 seconds	
	2. Service Availability	<25 seconds	<25 seconds	
	Information			
	3. Facility Availability	<25 seconds <sup>6</sup>	<25 seconds <sup>6</sup>	
	4. Street Address Validation	<10 seconds	<10 seconds	
	5. Customer Service Records	<12.5 seconds <sup>6</sup>	<12.5 seconds <sup>6</sup>	
	6. Telephone Number	<10 seconds	<10 seconds	
	7. Loop Qualification Tools	≤ 20 seconds <sup>7</sup>	≤ 20 seconds	
	Resale of Qwest DSL     Qualification	≤ 20 seconds <sup>7</sup>	≤ 20 seconds	
	Connecting Facility     Assignment	≤ 25 seconds	≤ 25 seconds	
	10. Meet Point Inquiry	≤ 30 seconds	≤ 30 seconds	
	PO-1C-1	0.9	5%	
	PO-1C-2	0.9	5%	
	PO-1D-1 & 2	Diagnostic		
Availability:	Notes:			
Available	Rejected query types used in	n PO-1D are those de	veloped for internal	
	Qwest diagnostic purposes.			
	As additional transactions, c they will be measured and a			
	transactions, as applicable.	uded to or included in	the above list of	
	3. Results based on a weighted	combination of ADS	L Loop Qualification	
	and Raw Loop Data Tool.			
	4. Results based on Connectin			
	5. Results based on meet Poin	t Query, POTS Splitte	er option for Shared	
	loops.			
	6. Times reflect non-complex s business, or POTS account.			
	lines.			
	7. Benchmark applies to respo	nse time only. Reque	est time and Total	
	time will also be reported.	. <u></u>		

## PO-2 - Electronic Flow-through

#### Purpose:

Monitors the extent Qwest's processing of CLEC Local Service Requests (LSRs) is completely electronic, focusing on the degree that electronically-transmitted LSRs flow directly to the service order processor without human intervention or without manual retyping.

#### Description:

PO-2A - Measures the percentage of all electronic LSRs that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the Service Order Processor (SOP) without any human intervention.

 Includes all LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

PO-2B – Measures the percentage of all flow-through-eligible LSRs NOTE 1 that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the SOP without any human intervention.

 Includes all flow-through-eligible LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multistate system serving the state).  Results for PO-2A and PO-2B will be reported according to the gateway interface* used to submit the LSR:  1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI 2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI  *CO also reports an aggregate of IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI results.

#### Formula:

- PO-2A = [(Number of Electronic LSRs that pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Total Number of Electronic LSRs that pass through the Gateway Interface)] x 100
- PO-2B = [(Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs that actually pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) ÷ (Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs received through the Gateway Interface)] x 100

## **Exclusions:**

- Rejected LSRs and LSRs containing CLEC-caused non-fatal errors.
- Non-electronic LSRs (e.g., via fax or courier).
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

## PO-2 - Electronic Flow-through (continued)

### **Product Reporting:**

- Resale
- Unbundled Loops (with or without Local Number Portability)
- Local Number Portability
- UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P (Centrex 21)
- Line Sharing

Standards:

PO-2A

CO: CO PO-2B benchmarks minus 10 percent NOTE 2

All Other States: Diagnostic

PO-2B: NOTE 2

Resale:	95%
Unbundled Loops:	85%
LNP:	95%
UNE-P (POTS & Centrex 21):	95%
Line Sharing:	Diagnostic NOTE 3

### **Availability:**

Available (except as follows):

Combined reporting of UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P (Centrex 21) – beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report.

Line Sharing – beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report

#### Notes:

- The list of LSR types classified as eligible for flow through is contained in the "LSRs Eligible for Flow Through" matrix. This matrix also includes availability for enhancements to flow through. Matrix will be distributed through the CMP process.
- 2. In Colorado the standard for PO-2 is considered met if the standard for either PO-2A or PO-2B is met. For both PO-2A and PO-2B, the benchmark percentages shown apply to the aggregations of PO-2A-1 and PO-2A-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2A result) and of PO-2B-1 and PO-2B-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2B result).
- 3. The standard and future disaggregated reporting of the Line Sharing product is TBD, pending resolution of TRO issues.

## PO-3 - LSR Rejection Notice Interval

#### Purpose:

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest notifies CLECs that electronic and manual LSRs were rejected.

#### Description:

Measures the interval between the receipt of a Local Service Request (LSR) and the rejection of the LSR for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information, duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number), no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected, no valid contract, no valid end user verification, account not working in Qwest territory, service-affecting order pending, request is outside established parameters for service, and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.
- Included in the interval is time required for efforts by Qwest to work with the CLEC to avoid the necessity of rejecting the LSR.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are (1) business hours for manual rejects (involving human intervention) and (2) published Gateway Availability hours for auto-rejects (involving no human intervention). Business hours are defined as time during normal business hours of the Wholesale Delivery Service Centers, except for PO-3C in which hours counted are workweek clock hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure:
PO-3A-1, PO-3B-1 & PO-3C - Hrs: Mins.
PO-3A-2 & PO-3B-2 - Mins: Secs.

### Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

#### Disaggregation Reporting:

Results for this indicator are reported according to the gateway interface used to submit the LSR:

- PO-3A-1, LSRs received via IMA-GUI and rejected manually: Statewide
- PO-3A –2, LSRs received via IMA-GUI and auto-rejected: Region wide
- PO-3B-1, LSRs received via IMA-EDI and rejected manually: Statewide
- PO-3B –2, LSRs received via IMA-EDI and auto-rejected: Region wide
- PO-3C, LSRs received via facsimile: Statewide

### Formula:

 $\Sigma$  [(Date and time of Rejection Notice transmittal) – (Date and time of LSR receipt)]  $\div$  (Total number of LSR Rejection Notifications)

#### **Exclusions:**

- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)

Invalid start/stop dates/times.

Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by ordering interface).	Standards:         • PO-3A-1 and -3B-1:       ≤ 12 business hours         • PO-3A -2 and -3B -2:       ≤ 18 seconds         • PO-3C:       ≤ 24 work week clock hours
Availability: Available	Notes:

## PO-4 - LSRs Rejected

#### Purpose:

Monitors the extent LSRs are rejected as a percentage of all LSRs to provide information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the indicator of LSR rejection notice intervals.

#### **Description:**

Measures the percentage of LSRs rejected (returned to the CLEC) for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected or FOC'd during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information; duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number); no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected; no valid contract; no valid end user verification; account not working in Qwest territory; service-affecting order pending; request is outside established parameters for service; and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of LSRs
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting:  Results for this indicator are reported according to the gateway interface used to submit the LSR:  PO-4A-1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and rejected manually – Region wide  PO-4A -2 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and auto-rejected – Region wide  PO-4B-1 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and rejected manually – Region wide  PO-4B -2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and auto-rejected – Region wide  PO-4C LSRs received via facsimile – Statewide

#### Formula:

[(Total number of LSRs rejected via the specified method in the reporting period) ÷ (Total of all LSRs that are received via the specified interface that were rejected or FOC'd in the reporting period)] x 100

#### Exclusions:

- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

ordering interface).	
Availability: Notes: Available	49

## PO-5 - Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest returns Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) to CLECs in response to LSRs/ASRs received from CLECs, focusing on the degree to which FOCs are provided within specified intervals.

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) that are provided to CLECs within the intervals specified under "Standards" below for FOC notifications.

- · Includes all LSRs/ASRs that are submitted through the specified interface or in the specified manner (i.e., facsimile) that receive an FOC during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. (Acknowledgments sent separately from an FOC (e.g., EDI 997 transactions are not included.)
- For PO-5A, the interval measured is the period between the LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time) and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- For PO-5B, 5C, and 5D, the interval measured is the period between the application date and time, as defined herein, and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- "Fully electronic" LSRs are those (1) that are received via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI, (2) that involve no manual intervention, and (3) for which FOCs are provided mechanically to the CLEC. NOTE 2
- "Electronic/manual" LSRs are received electronically via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI and involve manual processing.
- "Manual" LSRs are received manually (via facsimile) and processed manually.
- ASRs are measured only in <u>business</u> days.
- LSRs will be evaluated according to the FOC interval categories shown in the "Standards" section below, based on the number of lines/services requested on the LSR or, where multiple LSRs from the same CLEC are related, based on the combined number of lines/services requested on the related LSRs.

Reporting Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multi-state system serving the state).

Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual **CLEC** results

Reporting Period: One month

- Results for this indicator are reported as follows: PO-5A:\* FOCs provided for fully electronic LSRs received via:
  - PO-5A-1 **IMA-GUI**
  - PO-5A-2 IMA-EDI
- PO-5B:\* FOCs provided for electronic/manual LSRs received via:

Unit of Measure: Percent

- PO-5B-1 IMA-GUI - PO-5B-2
- PO-5C:\* FOCs provided for manual LSRs received via Facsimile.
- PO-5D: FOCs provided for ASRs requesting LIS Trunks.
  - \* Each of the PO-5A, PO-5B and PO-5C measurements listed above will be further disaggregated as follows:
  - FOCs provided for Resale services and UNE-P – (a)
  - FOCs provided for Unbundled Loops and specified (b) **Unbundled Network Elements**
  - FOCs provided for LNP

#### Formula:

PO-5A = {[Count of LSRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time))" is within 20 minutes] + (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

IMA-EDI

PO-5B, 5C, & 5D = {[Count of LSRs/ASRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (Application Date & Time)" is within the intervals specified for the service category involved] ÷ (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

## PO-5 - Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

#### **Exclusions:**

- LSRs/ASRs involving individual case basis (ICB) handling based on quantities of lines, as specified
  in the "Standards" section below, or service/request types, deemed to be <u>projects</u>.
- Hours on Weekends and holidays. (Except for PO-5A which only excludes hours outside the scheduled up time).
- LSRs with CLEC-requested FOC arrangements different from standard FOC arrangements.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

### Additional PO-5D exclusion:

Records with invalid application or confirmation dates.

Product Reporting:	Standards:		
	• For PO-5A (all):	95% within 20 minutes NOTE:	<del>j</del>
<ul> <li>For PO-5A, -5B and -5C:</li> </ul>	• For PO-5B (all):	90% within standard FOC in (specified below)	
(a) Resale services UNE-P (POTS)	For PO-5C (manual):	90% within standard FOC in specified below PLUS	tervals 24 hours NOTE 3
and UNE-P Centrex	For PO-5D (LIS Trunks):	85% within eight business d	ays
(b) Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled Network		tervals for PO-5B and PO-5	<del>= -</del>
Elements. (c) LNP	Product Group NOTE 1		FOC Interval
• For PO-5D: LIS Trunks.	Resale Residence and Business POTS ISDN-Basic - Conversion As Is - Adding/Changing feature - Add primary directory II - Add call appearance Centrex Non-Design with no Common Block Centrex line feature chang LNP Unbundled Loops 2/4 Wire analog	1-10 lines ures listing to established loop 1-19 lines Configuration	24 hours
	DS3 Capable		
	Sub-loop	1-24 sub-loops	1
	[included in Product Repor	•	
	Line Sharing/Line Splitting/Lo		
	[included in Product Repor		
	Unbundled Network Element-		
		1 – 39 lines	1

# PO-5 – Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

***************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Resale	<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>	
		ISDN-Basic	1-10 lines	
		<ul> <li>Conversion As Specified</li> </ul>	1 10 111100	
		- New Installs		48 hours
		* *** - * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		40 110010
		- Address Changes		
		- Change to add Loop	4.0	
	4	ISDN-PRI (Facility)	1-3	
		PBX	1-24 trunks	
		DS0 or Voice Grade Equivalent 1-24		
		DS1 Facility	1-24	
		DS3 Facility 1-3		
		LNP	25-49 lines	
		Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs)	·	
		[included in Product Reporting group (b)]		
		DS1 1-	24 circuits	
		Resale		<u> </u>
		Centrex (including Centrex 21, Non-d	esign,	Ì
		Centrex 21 Basic ISDN, Cent	rex-Plus,	
		Centron, Centrex Primes)	1-10 lines	
		<ul> <li>With Common Block Configuration</li> </ul>	on required	
		<ul> <li>Initial establishment of Centrex 0</li> </ul>	•	
		<ul> <li>Tie lines or NARs activity</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>Subsequent to initial Common B</li> </ul>		
		- Station lines		
		Automatic Route Selection		72 hours
		Uniform Call Distribution		
		Additional numbers		
		UNE-P Centrex	1-10 lines	
		UNE-P Centrex 21	1-10 lines 1-10 lines	
		Unbundled Loops with Facility Check <sup>™</sup>		
		2/4 wire Non-loaded	1 - 24 100ps	
		ADSL compatible ISDN capable		,
		XDSL-I capable		
		DS1 capable		
		Resale		
		ISDN-PRI (Trunks)	1-12 trunks	96 hours
		For PO-5D:	<del></del>	8 business
		LIS Trunks	1-240 trunk circuits	days
Availability:		Notes:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
•	Available	1. LSRs with quantities above th	e highest number sr	pecified for
		each product type are conside		
		2. Unbundled Loop with Facility		ssed
		electronically; however, becau		
		72-hour FOC interval the FOC		
		appear in PO-5B if received e		
		manually.	•	
		3. Unbundled Loop with Facility	Check will not add a	n additional
		24 hours to the 72-hour interv		
		manually.		
<del></del>				<del></del>

## PO-6 - Work Completion Notification Timeliness

#### Purpose:

To evaluate the timeliness of Qwest issuing electronic notification at an LSR level to CLECs that provisioning work on all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR have been completed in the Service Order Processor and the service is available to the customer.

#### Description:

#### PO-6A & 6B:

- Includes all orders completed in the Qwest Service Order Processor that generate completion notifications in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- The start time is the date/time when the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is
  posted as completed in the Service Order Processor.
- The end time is when the electronic order completion notice is made available (IMA-GUI) NOTE 1 or transmitted (IMA-EDI) to the CLEC via the ordering interface used to place the local service request. The notification is transmitted at an LSR level when all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR are complete.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are during the published Gateway Availability hours.
   Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

		зΡ		

One month

Unit of Measure:

PO-6A - 6B:

Hrs:Mins

Reporting
Comparisons: CLEC
aggregate and individual
CLEC results.

## Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- PO-6A Notices transmitted via IMA-GUI
- PO-6B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI

#### Formula:

#### For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-GUI:

PO-6A =  $\Sigma$ ((Date and Time Completion Notification made available to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor))  $\div$  (Number of completion notifications made available in reporting period)

### For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-EDI:

PO-6B =  $\Sigma$ ((Date and Time Completion Notification transmitted to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor.))  $\div$  (Number of completion notifications transmitted in reporting period)

#### **Exclusions:**

#### PO-6A & 6B:

Records with invalid completion dates.

Notes:

- LSRs submitted manually (e.g., via facsimile).
- ASRs submitted via EXACT.

## **Product Reporting:**

Standard:

PO – 6A & 6B Aggregate reporting for all products ordered through IMA-GUI and, separately, IMA-EDI (see disaggregation reporting).

6 hours

#### Availability:

Available

The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI is the time Qwest stores
a status update related to the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates
database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the
CLEC using the Status Updates window or by using the LSR Notice Inquiry
function.

## PO-7 - Billing Completion Notification Timeliness

#### Purpose:

To evaluate the timeliness with which electronic billing completion notifications are made available or transmitted to CLECs, focusing on the percentage of notifications that are made available or transmitted (for CLECs) or posted in the billing system (for Qwest retail) within five <u>business days</u>.

## Description:

## PO-7A & 7B:

- This measurement includes all orders posted in the CRIS billing system for which billing completion notices are made available or transmitted in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time a service order is completed in the SOP to the time billing completion for the order is made available or transmitted to the CLEC.
  - The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI consists of the time Qwest stores the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window.
  - The time a notice is "transmitted" via IMA-EDI consists of the time Qwest actually transmits the completion notice via IMA-EDI. Applicable only to those CLECs who are certified and setup to receive the notices via IMA-EDI.
- The start time is when the completion of the service order is posted in the Qwest SOP. The end
  time is when, confirming that the order has been posted in the CRIS billing system, the electronic
  billing completion notice is made available to the CLEC via the same ordering interface (IMA-GUI
  or IMA-EDI) as used to submit the LSR.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of these measurements are those that are five business days or less.

### PO-7C:

- This measurement includes all retail orders posted in the CRIS Billing system in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time an order is completed in the SOP to the time it is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- The start time is when the completion of the order is posted in the SOP. The end time is when the order is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of this measurement are those that are five business days or less.

Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent

#### Reporting Comparisons:

PO-7A and -7B: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results.

PO-7C: Owest retail results.

### Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- PO-7A Notices made available via IMA-GUI
- PO-7B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI
- PO-7C Billing system posting completions for Qwest Retail

#### Formula:

#### For wholesale service orders Qwest generates for LSRs received via IMA:

PO-7A = (Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period made available within five business days of posting complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices made available during the reporting period)

PO-7B = (Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period transmitted within five business days of posting complete in the SOP) ÷ (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices transmitted during the reporting period)

For service orders Qwest generates for retail customers (i.e., the retail analogue for PO-7A & -7B):

PO-7C = (Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period that were posted within 5 business days) ÷ (Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period)

# PO-7 – Billing Completion Notification Timeliness (continued)

Exclusions:		
PO-7A, 7B & 7C		
<ul> <li>Services that are not billed th</li> </ul>	nrough CRIS, e.g. Resale Fra	me Relay.
<ul> <li>Records with invalid complet</li> </ul>	ion dates.	·
PO-7A & 7B		
<ul> <li>LSRs submitted manually.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>ASRs submitted via EXACT.</li> </ul>		
Product Reporting:		Standard:
Aggregate reporting for all products ordered through IMA-		PO-7A and -7B: Parity with PO-7C
GUI and, separately, IMA-EDI (	see disaggregation	ŕ
reporting).		
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

## PO-8 - Jeopardy Notice Interval

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of jeopardy notifications, focusing on how far in advance of original due dates jeopardy notifications are provided to CLECs (regardless of whether the due date was actually missed).

### Description:

Measures the average time lapsed between the date the customer is first notified of an order jeopardy event and the original due date of the order.

• Includes all orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notifications.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Average Business days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. (This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)

#### Formula:

 $\Sigma$ (Date of the original due date of orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification – Date of the first jeopardy notification) ÷ Total orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification]

#### **Exclusions:**

- Jeopardies done after the original due date is past.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or <u>application dates</u>.
- · Records with invalid completion dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:  A Non-Designed Services  B Unbundled Loops (with or without Number Portability)  C LIS Trunks  D UNE-P (POTS)	Standards: A Parity with Retail POTS B Parity with Retail POTS C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) services D Parity with Retail POTS
Availability: Available	Notes:  1. For PO-8A and -D, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS) and for all other products reported under PO-8B and -8C, Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due on Saturday.

## PO-9 - Timely Jeopardy Notices

#### Purpose:

When original due dates are missed, measures the extent to which Qwest notifies customers in advance of jeopardized due dates.

#### **Description:**

Measures the percentage of late orders for which advance jeopardy notification is provided.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by
  Qwest and which are completed/closed in the reporting period that missed the original due date.
  Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward
  activity.
- Missed due date orders with jeopardy notifications provided on or after the original due date is
  past will be counted in the denominator of the formula but will not be counted in the numerator.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.  (This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)

#### Formula:

[(Total missed due date orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification in advance of original due date) ÷ (Total number of missed due date orders completed in the reporting period)] x 100

#### **Exclusions:**

- · Orders missed for customer reasons.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product Reporting:  A Non-Designed Services  B Unbundled Loops (with or without Number Portability)  C LIS Trunks	Standards: A Parity with Retail POTS B Parity with Retail POTS C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) Services
D UNE-P (POTS)  Availability:	D Parity with Retail POTS  Notes:
Available	Notes.

# PO-15 - Number of Due Date Changes per Order

Purpose:		
To evaluate the extent to which Qv	west changes du	e dates on orders.
Description:		
Measures the average number of		
due date in the reporting perio additional lines consist of all "C	d subject to the C" orders represe	
<ul> <li>Counts all due date changes r date.</li> </ul>	nade for Qwest	reasons following assignment of the original due
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Me	easure: Average Number of Due Date Changes
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC retail results.	, and Qwest	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula:		
Σ(Count of Qwest due date chang	jes on all orders	÷ (Total orders in reporting period)
Exclusions:		
<ul> <li>Customer requested due date</li> </ul>		
Records involving official company services.		
Records with invalid due dates or <u>application dates</u> .		<u>lates</u> .
<ul> <li>Records with invalid product c</li> </ul>	odes.	
Records missing data essential	al to the calculati	on of the measurement per the PID.
Product Reporting:		Standard:
None		Diagnostic
Availability: Notes	t - antania di Calabaria di Cal	
Available		

## PO-16 - Timely Release Notifications

#### Purpose:

Measures the percent of release notifications for changes to specified OSS interfaces sent by Qwest to CLECs within the intervals and scope specified within the change management plan found on Qwest's Change Management Process, (CMP) website at http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/whatiscmp.html.

#### Description:

- Measures the percent of release notices that are sent by Qwest within the intervals/timeframes
  prescribed by the release notification procedure on Qwest's CMP website.
  - Release notices measured are:
    - Draft Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
    - Final Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
    - Draft Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only);
    - Final Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only); and
    - OSS Interface Retirement Notices. NOTE 2
    - For the following OSS interfaces:
      - IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI;
      - CEMR:
      - Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT): NOTE 3
      - Electronic Bonding Trouble Administration (EB -TA); NOTE 4
      - IABS and CRIS Summary Bill Outputs: NOTE 5
      - Loss and Completion Records: Note 5
      - New OSS interfaces (for introduction notices only.) NOTE 6
    - Also included are notifications for connectivity or system function changes to Resale Product Database.
    - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest relating to the following products and service categories: LIS/Interconnection, Collocation, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE), Ancillary, and Resale Products and Services.
    - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest to CLECs for the following OSS functions: Pre-Ordering, Ordering, Provisioning, Repair and Maintenance, and Billing.
    - Includes Types of Changes as specified in the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document" (Section 4 – Types of Changes).
  - Includes all OSS interface release notifications pertaining to the above OSS systems, subject to the exclusions specified below.
- Release Notifications sent on or before the date required by the CMP are considered timely. A
  release notification "sent date" is determined by the date of the e-mail sent by Qwest that provides the
  Release Notification.
- Release Notifications sent after the date required by the (CMP) are considered untimely. Release Notifications required but not sent are considered untimely.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

#### Formula:

[(Number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes made within the reporting period that are sent on or before the date required by the change management plan (CMP) ÷ Total number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes within reporting period)]x100

#### **Exclusions:**

- Changes to be implemented on an expedited basis (exception to OSS notification intervals) as mutually agreed upon by CLECs and Qwest through the CMP.
- Changes where Qwest and CLECs agree, through the CMP, that notification is unnecessary.

# **PO-16 Timely Release Notifications (continued)**

Product Reporting:	None	Standards:
		Vol. 1-10: No more than one untimely notification
		Vol. > 10: 92.5% timely notifications
Availability: N Available	lotes:	
2	intervals for release notificat documented in the change notes. The documents described in	ge Management Process Document specifies the ions by type of notification. These intervals are nanagement plan.  section "9.0 – Retirement of Existing OSS notes ale Change Management Process Document"
3	<ul> <li>as "Initial Retirement Notice"</li> <li>EXACT is a Telecordia systematical by Qwest for hardware or continuous</li> </ul>	and "Final Retirement Notice."  em. Only release notifications for changes initiated innectivity will be included in this measurement.
5	. CRIS, IABS, and Loss and C	Completions will adhere to the notification intervals Changes to Existing Application to Application
7	the "Qwest Wholesale Chan Release Announcement and only), "Initial Interface Techn Interface Technical Specifica (new GUI only). CMP notice in this measurement even the "Description" section of this not be added to the measure and retirement notifications is change to the PID.	a section "7.0 – Introduction of New OSS Interface" of ge Management Process Document" as "Initial I Preliminary Implementation Plan" (new App to App
\'	. The litter vals used to determ	inte untentiess are based off Civir guidelines.

## PO-19 - Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy

#### Purpose

Evaluates Qwest's ability to provide accurate production-like tests to CLECs for testing new releases in the SATE and production environments and testing between releases in the SATE environment.

## Description:

#### PO-19A

- Measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in the IMA
   EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are successfully executed
   in SATE at the time a new IMA Release is deployed to SATE. In months where no release activity
   occurs, measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in
   the current IMA EDI Data Document-for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are
   successfully executed in SATE during the between-releases monthly performance test.
- Includes one test transaction for each test scenario published in the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).
- Test transactions will be executed for each of the IMA releases supported in SATE utilizing all test scenarios for each of the current versions of the IMA EDI Data Document – for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).
- The successful execution of a transaction is determined by the Qwest Test Engineer according to:
  - The expected results of the test scenario as described in the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) and the EDI disclosure document.
  - The transactions strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Disclosure Documentation for each release and the associated Addenda. NOTE 1
- For this measurement, Qwest will execute the test transactions in the Stand-Alone Test Environment.
  - Release related test transactions will be executed when a full or point release of IMA is installed in SATE. These transactions will be executed within five <u>business days</u> of the numbered release being originally installed in SATE. This five-business day period will be referred to as the "Testing Window."
  - Mid-release monthly performance test transactions will be executed in the months when no Testing Window for a release is completed. These transactions will be executed on the 15<sup>th</sup>, or the nearest working day to the 15<sup>th</sup> of the month, in the months when no release related test transactions are executed.
- Test transaction results will be reported by release and included in the Reporting Period during which
  the release transactions or mid-release test transactions are completed.

#### PO-19B

- Validates the extent that SATE mirrors production by measuring the percentage of IMA EDI test transactions that produce comparable results in SATE and in production.
  - Transactions counted as producing comparable results are those that return correctly formatted data and fields as specified in the release's EDI disclosure document and developer worksheets related to the IMA release being tested.
  - Comparability will be determined by evaluating the data and fields in each EDI message for the
    test transactions against the same data and fields for Preorder queries, LSRs, and
    Supplementals, and returned as Query Responses, Acknowledgements, Firm Order
    Confirmations (FOCs) for flow-through eligible products, and rejects.
- Test transactions are executed one time for each new major IMA release within 7 days after the IMA release.
  - Test transactions consist of a defined suite of Product/Activity combinations. Qwest's three regions will be represented.
  - Pre-order, Order, and Post-order transactions (FOCs for flow-through products) are included.
- With respect to the comparability of the structure and content of results from SATE and production environments, this measurement focuses only on the validity of the structure and the validity of the content, per developer worksheets and EID mapping examples distributed as part of release notifications.

Reporting Period:	Unit of Measure:	Percent	ï
PO-19A One month			
PO-19B: One month (for those months in	·		

### PO-19 Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy (continued)

regation Reporting:  - Reported separately for each release tested in the reporting period  None
В

#### Formula:

PO-19A

[(Total number of successfully completed SATE test transactions executed for a Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period) ÷ (Total number of SATE test transactions executed for each Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

PO-19B

[(Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production that produce comparable results for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period) ÷ (Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

#### **Exclusions:**

For PO-19B:

- Transactions that fail due to the unavailability of a content item (e.g., TN exhaustion in SATE or the
  production environment) or a function in the SATE or production environments (e.g., address
  validation query or CSR query) that is unsuccessful due to an outage in systems that interface with
  IMA-EDI (e.g., PREMIS or SIA).
- Transactions that fail because of differences between the production and SATE results caused when
  an IMA candidate is implemented into IMA and not SATE (i.e., where CMP decides not to implement
  an IMA candidate in a SATE release: e.g., the Reject Duplicate LSR candidate in IMA 12.0). This
  exclusion does not apply during reporting periods in which there are no differences between
  production IMA and SATE caused by SATE releases packaged pursuant to CMP decisions.

Product Reporting: None	Standard: PO-19A – 95% for each release tested PO-19B – 95%
Available Available	<ol> <li>Notes:         <ol> <li>Transactions that are executed and found to have inconsistencies with the data and format rules will be corrected and rerun. Rerun volumes will not be counted in the denominator for PO-19. Such corrections and re-executions are intended to enforce strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Data and Disclosure Documents.</li> </ol> </li> <li>The product and activity combinations that make up the test decks for PO-19B will be updated after each major IMA software release and provided to CLECs with the publication of IMA EDI Draft Interface Technical Specifications for the next major IMA software release as defined in the CMP process. All combinations with EDI transaction volumes &gt; 100 in the previous 12-month period will be included in the test deck. 75 days prior to the execution of the test, Qwest will run a query against IMA to determine which combinations meet the criteria for inclusion (i.e., volumes &gt; 100).</li> </ol>

o to calle mono i socialiti officiality	Tie, Accuracy (contained)
	3. The intent of this provision is to avoid including the effects of circumstances beyond the SATE environment that could cause differences in SATE and production results that are not due to problems in mirroring production. For example, because of real-time data manipulation in production, an appointment availability query transaction in SATE will not return the same list of available appointments as in production. Available appointments in production are fully dependent on real-time activities that occur there, whereas available appointments in SATE are based on a pre- defined list that is representative of production.

# PO-20 (Expanded) - Manual Service Order Accuracy

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the degree to which Qwest accurately processes CLECs' Local Service Requests (LSRs), which are electronically-submitted and manually processed by Qwest, into Qwest Service Orders, based on mechanized comparisons of specified LSR-Service Order fields and focusing on the percentage of manually-processed Service Orders that are accurate/error-free.

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of manually-processed Qwest Service Orders that are populated correctly, in specified data fields, with information obtained from CLEC LSRs.

- Includes only Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs that Qwest receives NOTE 1 electronically (via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) and manually processes in the creation of Service Orders, regardless of flow through eligibility, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes only Service Orders, from the product reporting categories specified below, that request inward line or feature activity (Change, New, and Transfer order types), are assigned a due date by Qwest, and are completed/closed in the reporting period. Change Service Order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action-coded line or feature USOCs.
- All Service Orders satisfying the above criteria and as specified in the Availability section below are evaluated in this measurement.
- An inward line Service Order will be classified as "accurate" and thus counted in the numerator in the formula below when the mechanized comparisons of this measurement determine that the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order. An inward feature Service Order will be classified as "accurate" if the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order and if no CLEC notifications to the call center have generated call center tickets coded to LSR/SO mismatch for that order.
  - Service Orders will be counted as being accurate if the contents of the relevant fields, as recorded in the completed Service Orders involved in provisioning the service, properly match or correspond to the information from the specified fields as provided in the latest version of associated LSRs.
  - Service orders generated from LSRs receiving a PIA (Provider Initiated Activity value will be counted
    as being accurate if each and every mismatch has a correct and corresponding PIA value.
  - Service Orders, including those otherwise considered accurate under the above-described mechanized field comparison, will not be counted as accurate if Qwest corrects errors in its Service Order(s) as a result of contacts received from CLECs no earlier than one business day prior to the original due date.

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to exclude Service Orders that are the subject of call center tickets counted in OP-5B and OP-5T, as having new service problems attributed to Service Order errors.	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide Level
Formula:  [(Number of accurate, evaluated Service Orders the reporting period)] x 100	s) ÷ (Number of evaluated Service Orders completed in

#### **Exclusions:**

- Service Orders that are the subject of call center tickets counted in OP-5B and OP-5T as having new service problems attributed to Service Order errors.
- Cancelled Service Orders.
- Service Orders that cannot be matched to a corresponding LSR

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

#### **Product Reporting:**

- Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21)
- Unbundled Loops (Analog and Non-Loaded 2/4-wire, DS1 Capable, DS3 and higher Capable, ADSL Compatible, XDSL-I Capable, ISDN-BRI Capable)

#### Standard:

Benchmarks, as follows:

Phase 1	97%	
Phase 2	96%	
Phase 3 & beyond	95%	

#### Availability:

- Phase 0 PO-20 (Old) (the first version using
- sampling of limited fields). (Available now)
  Phase 1 NOTE 2 PO-20 (Expanded) Mechanized version (as defined herein). All qualifying orders associated with initial LSRs received via IMA version 15.0 or higher beginning with May 2004 data reported in Jul 04.
- Phase 2 Additional fields added. No later than Sep 04 results reported in Nov 04
- Phase 3- Additional fields added. Targeted for 1st Quarter 05
- Phase 4 Additional fields added. (Date TBD).

#### Notes:

- To be included in the measurement, Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs must be received and completed in the same version of IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI.
- Phase 1: Consists of all manually-processed, 2. qualifying Service Orders per product reporting category specified above, from throughout Qwest's 14-state local service region.

LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:	
LSR	CCNA	Customer Carrier Name Abbreviation	CCNA field of LSR form compared to the RSID/ZCID field identifier in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.	
	PON	Purchase Order Number	PON field of LSR form compared to the PON field in Bill Section of the Service Order.	
	D/TSENT	Date and time sent	The D/TSENT field of LSR form from the Firm Order Manager, using applied business day cut-off rules and business typing rules, and compare to the APP (Application Date) used on the Service Order.	
	CHC	Coordinated Hot Cut Requested	Applies only to Unbundled Loop.  Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service  Order matches the Coordinated Cut request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the TEST field to determine correct USOC.)	
	TEST	Testing required	Applies only to Unbundled Loop.  Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service  Order matches the TEST request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the CHC field to determine correct USOC.)	
	NC	Network Channel Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. NC field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.	

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
	NCI	Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop NCI field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.		
	SECNCI	Secondary Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop orders. SECNCI field on the LSR form compared to the provisioning USOC for CKL2 on the Service Order.		
	PIC	InterLATA Presubscription Indicator Code	PIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to PIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.  Note: LSR PIC = None; S.O. PIC = None		
Resale or Centrex	LPIC	IntraLATA Presubscription Indicator Code	LPIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to LPIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.  Note:  LSR LPIC = None; S.O. LPIC = 9199  LSR LPIC = DFLT; S.O. LPIC = 5123		
	TNS	Telephone Numbers	Validate that all telephone numbers in the TNS fields in the Service Details section on the Resale or Centrex form requiring inward activity are addressed on the Service Order.		
Resale or Centrex	FA/ FEATURE	Feature Activity/Feature Codes	When the FA = N, T, V Validate line and feature USOCs provided in the FEATURE field on the Resale or Centrex form are addressed with "I" and/or "T" action lines on the Service Order. Note: Comparison will be based on the USOCs associated with line and feature activity listed in the PO-20 USOC List posted on Qwest's public website, on the web page containing the current PID www.qwest.com/wholesale/results). Qwest may add USOCs to the list, delete grand-fathered/ discontinued or obsolete USOCs, or update USOCs assigned to listed descriptions by providing notice in the monthly Summary of Notes and updating the list.		

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
LS	ECCKT	Exchange Company Circuit ID	Applies to LSRs with ACT = C (only when NC code has not changed, M, or T.  ECCKT field on the LS form compared to the CLS field in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.		
LS/ LSNP	CFA	Connecting Facility Assignment	CFA field on the LS or LSNP forms compared to the CFA field used in CKL1 of the Service Order. (Verbal acceptance of CFA changes will be FOC'd and PIA'd, which will account		
		Assignment	for the mismatch and eliminate it as an error in the PO-20 calculation.		
DL – Directory Listings form (Evaluated only for Local Main Listings)	LTY	Listing Type	LTY = 1 (Listed – appears in DA and the directory.) Validate that there is a LN in the List section of the Service Order.  LTY = 2 (Non Listed – appears only in DA.) Validate that there is non listing instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order.  Central/Western Region: Validate that the left handed field is NLST and (NON-LIST) is contained in the NLST data field in the List section of the Service order.  Eastern Region: Validate that the left handed field is NL and (NON LIST) is contained in the NL data field in the List section of the Service Order.  LTY = 3 (Non Pub - does not appear in the directory and telephone number does not appear in DA.) Validate that there is non published instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order.  Central/Western Regions: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NON-PUB) is contained in the NP data field in the List section. Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NP LODA) or (NP NODA) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order.		
	TOA	Type of Account	Validate TOA entries (only reviewed when BRO field on DL form is not populated):  TOA valid entries are B or RP Validate that there is a semi colon (;) within the LN in the List section of the Service Order.  TOA valid entries are R or BP Validate that there is a comma (,) within the LN in the List section of the Service Order.  Exception: When LSR-TOS = 3, TOA review is Not Applicable. Handled by Complex Listing Group. Requires separate Service Order.		
	DML	Direct Mail List	DML field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains		
	NOSL	No Solicitation Indicator	(OCLS).  Arizona Only  NOSL field = Y on DL form; Service Order LN contains (NSOL) (OCLS).		

······································	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
	TMKT	Telemarketing	Colorado Only TMKT field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OATD). When both the DML and the TMKT fields are populated, DML validation applies.		
	LNLN and LNFN	Listed Name	LNLN and LNFN fields on DL form compared to the LN field in the List section of the Service Order.		
	ADI	Address Indicator	ADI = O on DL form; Service Order LA contains (OAD).		
	LAPR	Listed Address Number Prefix	LAPR field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LANO	Listed Address Number	LANO field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASF	Listed Address Number Suffix	LASF field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASD	Listed Address Street Directional	LASD field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASN	Listed Address Street Name	LASN field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LATH	Listed Address Street Type	LATH field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LASS	Listed Address Street Directional Suffix	LASS field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		
	LALOC	Listed Address Locality	LALOC field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.		

	Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results			
	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
		ized comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:	
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:	
LSR	DSPTCH	Dispatch	Limited to Unbundled Loops where ACT = Z or V only.  If DSPTCH field on the LSR form = Y, validate dispatch USOC in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.	
Centrex	LTC	Line Treatment Code	Applies only to Centrex 21 LTC field numeric value on the Centrex form compared to the data following the CAT field for the Line USOC on the Service Order.	
	cos	Class of Service  - Qwest Specific	Applies only to Centrex 21. COS field of the Centrex form compared to the CS field in the ID section of the Service Order.	

······································	Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results				
	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
			the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
_	LSR Field				
Form	Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
Resale	FEATURE	Feature Details	As specified in Appendix A of the 14 State Working PID.		
or Centrex	DETAILS		Comparison would be based on the fields associated with the		
Centrex			USOC list referenced under Feature Activity in Phase 1 above.		
	<del> </del>	Phase 3 – 1	Fargeted for 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 05		
		LSR-Servi	ce Order Fields Evaluated		
	Mechan	ized comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Paranta/Camilaa Ordan Field.		
	7.7.		Remarks/Service Order Field:		
Resale	BLOCK (Stage 1)	Blocking Type	For each LNUM provided in the Service Detail section of the Resale or Centrex form when BA = E:		
Centrex	(Stage 1)		Note: The BLOCK field may have one or more alpha and/or		
			numeric values per LNUM. This review will only validate		
			based on BA/BLOCK fields and will not address blocking		
			information provided in the "Remark" section on the LSR or the Feature Detail section of the LSR. The values listed		
			below will be considered as follows:		
			If BLOCK contains A, validate FID TBE A is present on the		
			service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM.		
		:	1143 for that ENOISI,		
			If BLOCK contains B, validate FID TBE B is present on the		
			service order floated behind line USOC associated with the		
			TNS for that LNUM.		
			If BLOCK contains C, validate FID TBE C is present on the		
			service order floated behind line USOC associated with the		
			TNS for that LNUM.		
			If BLOCK contains H, validate FID BLKD is present on the		
			service order floated behind line USOC associated with the		
L.,	L	<u> Lagrania apanima</u>	TNS for that LNUM.		

Phase 4 – Date TBD					
	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
		zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:		
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
	DFDT	Desired Frame Due Time	Applicable only to orders for Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21) DFDT field on the LSR form compared to the FDT field in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.		
LSR	DDD	Desired Due Date	DDD field from the last FOC'd LSR compared to the original or last subsequent due date in the Extended ID section on the Service Order when no CFLAG/PIA is present on the FOC. (i.e. Evaluation includes recognition of valid differences between DDD and Service Order based on population of the CFLAG/PIA field on the LSRC (FOC))		
DL – Directory Listings form (Evaluated only for Local Main Listings)	LTN	Listed Telephone Number	For Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21): LTN field on the Listing form compared to the Main Account Number of the Service Order.  For Unbundled Loop: LTN field on the Listing form compared to the TN floated after the LN in the Listing section of the Service Order.		
		Letter Name Placement	LNPL field on the Listing form = L, validate that LN on the Service Order follows letter placement versus word placement.		
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	If CLECs propose additional FIDs for review, Qwest will undertake a feasibility evaluation.		
	BLOCK (Stage 2)	Blocking Type	If CLECs identify value in additional Blocking review, Qwest will undertake development. [Requirements to be developed]		

# **Ordering and Provisioning**

# OP-2 - Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds - Interconnect Provisioning Center

Purpose:			
Evaluates the timeliness of CLEC access to Qwest's interconnection provisioning center(s) and retail			
customer access to the Business Office, focusing or	n the extent calls are answered within 20 seconds.		
Description:			
Measures the percentage of (Interconnection Provis			
are answered by an agent within 20 seconds of the			
<ul> <li>Includes all calls to the Interconnect Provisionin</li> </ul>			
reporting period, subject to exclusions specified			
<ul> <li>Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as</li> </ul>	calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.		
First ring is defined as when the customer's call	is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic		
Call Distributor).			
<ul> <li>Answer is defined as when the call is first picket</li> </ul>			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
	ungan na manana in interior de porte de la companio		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.		
Qwest Retail results	·		
Formula:			
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds	) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100		
Evaluations: Time anout in the VBITVaice Decrees	a Unit is not assumed		
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU Voice Respons	e Onit is not counted.		
Product Reporting: Not applicable   Standard: Parity			
Availability: Notes:			
Available			

#### **OP-3 – Installation Commitments Met**

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest installs services for Customers by the scheduled due date.

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of orders for which the scheduled due date is met.

- All inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward activity. Also included are orders with customer-requested due dates longer than the standard interval.
- Completion date on or before the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest is counted as a met due
  date. The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer,
  the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest
  reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to
  the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

# Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:
  - OP-3A Dispatches within MSAs;
  - OP-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and
  - OP-3C No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:
  - OP-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and
  - OP-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

#### Formula:

[(Total Orders completed in the reporting period on or before the Applicable Due Date) ÷ (Total Orders Completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

#### **Exclusions:**

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Due dates missed for standard categories of customer and non-Qwest reasons. Standard
  categories of customer reasons are: previous service at the location did not have a customerrequested disconnect order issued, no access to customer premises, and customer hold for
  payment. Standard categories of non-Qwest reasons are: Weather, Disaster, and Work Stoppage.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- · Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

# OP - 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
MSA-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex )	Parity with retail Centrex	
Line Splitting	95%	
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic	
Line Sharing	95%	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 90%	
	All Other States: Diagnostic	
Zone-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS1	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service	
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
<ul> <li>Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD</li> </ul>	IT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level	
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:	7	
Analog Loop	90%	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	90%	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
xDSL-I capable Loop	90%	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	90%	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private	
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)	
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic	
Loops with Conditioning	90%	
• E911/911 Trunks		
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks	

# OP - 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0		WA: 90%
level)		All Other States: Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Enhanced Exiter level</li> </ul>	tended Loops (EELs) – (DS1	90%
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3</li> </ul>		WA: 90%
level)		All Other States: Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:  1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.	

#### OP-4 - Installation Interval

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of services for customers, focusing on the average time to install service.

#### Description:

Measures the average interval (in <u>business days</u>) NOTE 1 between the <u>application date</u> and the completion date for service orders accepted and implemented.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by
  Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified
  below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Intervals for each measured event are counted in whole days: the application date is day zero (0);
   the day following the application date is day one (1).
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the
  most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest
  reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent
  to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. NOTE 2
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Average Business Days

# Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:
  - **OP-4A** Dispatches within MSAs:
  - OP-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and
  - OP-4C No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:
  - OP-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and
  - OP-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

#### Formula:

 $\Sigma$ [(Order Completion Date) – (Order Application Date) – (Time interval between the Original Due Date and the Applicable Date) – (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ Total Number of Orders Completed in the reporting period

Explanation: The average installation interval is derived by dividing the sum of installation intervals for all orders (in business days) NOTE 1 by total number of service orders completed in the reporting period.

#### **Exclusions:**

- Orders with customer requested due dates greater than the current standard interval.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

# **OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)**

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
MSA-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)</li> </ul>	Parity with like retail service	
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail Centrex	
Line Splitting	3.3 days	
Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic	
Line Sharing	3.3 days	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 6 days	
	All Other States: Diagnostic	
Zone-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN(designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS1	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service	
(aggregate)		
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD	DIT)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service	
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Lines above DS1 level	
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:		
Analog Loop	6 days	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	6 days	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
DS1-capable Loop	Idaho, Iowa, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, Wyoming: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
i de la composition della comp	Arizona, Colorado, Minnesota, New Mexico, South Dakota, Utah, Washington: 5.5 days	
xDSL-I capable Loop	6 days	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
ADSL-qualified Loop	6 days	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	

#### OP-4 - Installation Interval (continued)

Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning	15 days
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)</li> </ul>	6 days
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

# Availability:

#### Available

#### Notes:

- For OP-4C, Saturday is counted as a business day for all orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other products under OP-4C and for all products under OP-4A, -4B, -4D, and -4E. Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due or completed on Saturday.
- 2. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwestinitiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customerinitiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval.
- 3. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

#### OP-5 - New Service Quality

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of ordering and installing new services (inward line service orders), focusing on the percentage of newly-installed service orders that are free of CLEC/customer-initiated trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days following installation completion, and focusing on the quality of Qwest's resolution of such conditions with respect to multiple reports.

#### Description:

Measures two components of new service provisioning quality (OP-5A and -5B) and also reports a combined result (OP-5T), as described below, each as a percentage of all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period that are free of CLEC/customer-reported provisioning and repair trouble reports, as described below. Also measures the percentage of all provisioning and repair trouble reports that constitute multiple trouble reports for the affected service orders. (OP-5R)

- Orders for new services considered in calculating all components of this performance indicator are all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period, including Change (C-type) orders for additional lines/circuits, subject to exclusions shown below. Change order types considered in these measurements consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Orders for new service installations include conversions (Retail to CLEC, CLEC to CLEC, and same CLEC converting between products).
- Provisioning or repair trouble reports include both out of service and other service affecting conditions, such as features on a line that are missing or do not function properly upon conversion, subject to exclusions shown below.

#### OP-5A: New Service Installation Quality Reported to Repair

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair trouble reports NOTE 2 within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions below.
- Repair trouble reports are defined as CLEC/customer notifications to Qwest of out-of-service and
  other service affecting conditions for which Qwest opens repair tickets in its maintenance and repair
  management and tracking systems NOTE 3 that are closed in the reporting period or the following
  month, NOTE 4 subject to exclusions shown below.
- Qwest is able to open repair tickets for repair trouble reports received from CLECs/customers once
  the service order is completed in Qwest's systems.

#### **OP-5B: New Service Provisioning Quality**

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Provisioning trouble reports are defined as CLEC notifications to Qwest of out of service or other service affecting conditions that are attributable to provisioning activities, including but not limited to LSR/service order mismatches and conversion outages. For provisioning trouble reports, Qwest creates call center tickets in its call center database. Subject to exclusions shown below, call center tickets closed in the reporting period or the following month NOTE 4 are captured in this measurement. Call center tickets closed to Network reasons will not be counted in OP-5B when a repair trouble report for that order is captured in OP-5A.

#### **OP-5T: New Service Installation Quality Total**

 Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair or provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusion shown below.

#### OP-5R: New Service Quality Multiple Report Rate

- Evaluates the quality of Qwest's responses to repair and provisioning trouble reports for inward line service orders completed in the reporting period. This measurement reports, for those service orders that were not free of repair or provisioning trouble reports in OP-5A or OP-5B, the percentage of trouble reports affecting the same service orders that were followed by additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, as specified below.
- Measures the percentage of all repair and provisioning trouble reports considered in OP-5A and OP-5B that are additional repair or provisioning trouble reports received by Qwest for the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation

# **OP-5 – New Service Quality (continued)**

completion.

 Additional repair or provisioning trouble reports are defined as all such reports that are received following the first report (whether the first report is represented by a call center ticket or a repair ticket) relating to the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation completion. In all cases, the trouble reports counted are those that are defined for OP-5A and OP-5B above.

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to cover the 30-day period following installation.

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Owest Retail results

#### Formulas:

- **OP-5A** = (Number inward line service orders completed in the reporting period Number of inward line service orders with any <u>repair trouble reports</u> as specified above) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- OP-5B = (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period Number of inward line service orders with any <u>provisioning trouble reports</u> as specified above) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- OP-5T = ([Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period] Number of inward line service orders with repair or provisioning trouble reports as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, as applicable) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- OP-5R = (Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports, relating to inward line service orders closed in the reporting period as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, that constitute additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, within 30 calendar days following the installation date ÷ Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports relating to inward line service orders closed in the reporting period, as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B) x 100

#### **Exclusions:**

#### Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair trouble reports attributable to CLEC or coded to non-Qwest reasons as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data, repair trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
    - Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous –
       Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider); and Reports from other than the CLEC/customer that result in a charge if dispatched.
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data, repair reports coded to codes for:
    - Carrier Action (IEC); Customer Provided Equipment (CPE); Commercial power failure; Customer requested service order activity; and Other non-Qwest.
  - Repair reports coded to disposition codes for referral to another department (i.e., for non-repair ticket resolutions of non-installation-related problems, except cable cuts, which are not excluded).

#### Applicable to OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R only:

- Provisioning trouble reports attributable to CLEC or non-Qwest causes.
- Call center tickets relating to activities that occur as part of the normal process of conversion (i.e., while Qwest is actively and properly engaged in process of converting or installing the service). Provisioning trouble reports involving service orders that, at the time of the calls, have fallen out for manual handling and been disassociated from the related service order, as applicable, will be considered as not in the normal process of conversion and will not be excluded.

#### Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair or provisioning trouble reports related to service orders captured as misses under measurements OP-13 (Coordinated Cuts Timeliness) or OP-17 (LNP Timeliness).
- Subsequent repair or provisioning trouble reports of any trouble on the installed service before the original repair or provisioning trouble report is closed.
- Service orders closed in the reporting period with App Dates earlier than eight months prior to the

#### **OP-5 – New Service Quality (continued)**

beginning of the reporting period.

- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types. When out of service or service
  affecting problems are reported to the call center on conversion and move requests, the resulting call
  center ticket will be included in the calculation of the numerator in association with the related inward
  order type even when the call center ticket reflects the problem was caused by the Disconnect or From
  order
- Records involving official Qwest company services.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement as defined herein.

## **Product Reporting Categories:**

 As specified below – one percentage result reported for each bulleted category under the sub-measurements shown.

#### Standards:

OP-5A: Parity with retail service

OP-5B: Diagnostic for six months following first reporting. After

six months Benchmark (TBD)

**OP-5T:** Diagnostic

**OP-5R:** Diagnostic for six months following first reporting.

Possible standard (TBD)

(Where parity comparisons involve multiple service varieties in a product category, weighting based on the retail analogue volumes may be used if necessary to create a comparison that is not affected by different proportions of wholesale and retail analogue volumes in the same reporting category.)

OP- 5 - New Service Quality (continued)

Product Reporting: Standards:			
Penarted under OP-54 OP-55	OD ST and OD SD		
Reported under OP-5A, OP-5E (Product categories may be con	<u>s, OP-51 and OP-5R:</u> obined as agreed upon by th	ne parties in Long-Term PID Administra	ation )
(i roddot odtogorioo may bo oon	OP-5A	OP-5B	OP-5T & OP-5R
Resale			OF-SK
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Centrex	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS0	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS1	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit- rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network     Element – Platform     (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network     Element – Platform     (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network         Element – Platform         (UNE-P) (Centrex)     </li> </ul>	Parity with retail Centrex	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Loop Splitting NOTE 8	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Parity with retail RES & BUS POTS	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:			
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res & Bus POTS with dispatch	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (2- wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (4- wire)	Parity with retail DS1	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL with dispatch	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	and higher bit-rate	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
(aggregate)	services (aggregate)		
Dark Fiber - Loop	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic

# **OP-5 – New Service Quality (continued)**

Enhanced Exter     (EELs) – (DS0 le			Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Enhanced Exter (EELs) – (DS1 let)</li> </ul>			6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Enhanced Exter</li> </ul>	ided Loops	Diagnostic until volume	Diagnostic until volume criteria are	Diagnostic
(EELs) – (above level)	DS1	criteria are met	met	
Reported under OF	2-5A and un	der OP-5R (per OP-5A spe	ecifications):	
		OP-5A	OP-5R	
LIS Trunks		Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Dedicate	d Interoffice	Transport (UDIT)		
UDIT (DS1 Le	vel)	Parity with Retail Private Lines (DS1)	Diagnostic	
UDIT (Above	,	Parity with Retail Private Lines (Above DS1 level)	Diagnostic	
Dark Fiber - IC	)F	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	
• E911/911 Trunk	S	Parity with Retail E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic	
Availability:	Notes:			
Available				

#### **OP-6** - Delayed Days

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the extent Qwest is late in installing services for customers, focusing on the average number of days that late orders are completed beyond the committed due date.

#### Description:

- OP-6A Measures the average number of <u>business days</u> NOTE 1 that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for non-facility reasons attributed to Qwest.
  - Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period, later, due to non-facility reasons, than the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-6B Measures the average number of business days NOTE 1 that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for facility reasons attributed to Qwest.
  - Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period later due to facility reasons than the original due date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.

#### For both OP-6A and OP-6B:

- Change order types for additional lines consist of "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. NOTE 2
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the
  Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwestinitiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated
  due date, if any. NOTE 2

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Average Business Days

# Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for products/services listed under Product Reporting under "MSA-type Disaggregation" will be reported for OP-6A and OP-6B according to orders involving:
  - 1. Dispatches within MSAs;
  - 2. Dispatches outside MSAs; and
  - 3. No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:
  - 4. In Interval Zone 1 areas; and
  - 5. In Interval Zone 2 areas.

#### Formula:

results

- OP-6A = ∑[(Actual Completion Date of late order for non-facility reasons) (Applicable Due Date of late order) (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for non-facility reasons completed in the reporting period)
- OP-6B = ∑[(Actual Completion Date of late order for facility reasons) (Applicable Due Date of late order)] (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date) ÷ (Total Number of Late Orders for facility reasons completed in the reporting period)

OP- 6 - Delayed Days (continued)

#### Exclusions:

- Orders affected only by delays that are solely for customer and/or CLEC reasons.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.

*	Pacada missing data product codes.			
<u></u>	Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.			
	oduct Reporting:	Standards:		
MS	MSA-Type Disaggregation -			
•	Resale			
	Residential single line service	Parity with retail service		
	Business single line service	Parity with retail service		
	Centrex	Parity with retail service		
	Centrex 21	Parity with retail service		
	DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
	PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
	Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
	Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
	Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service		
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21 )	Parity with retail Centrex 21		
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex		
•	Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL		
•	Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic		
•	Line Sharing	Parity with retail Qwest DSL		
•	Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic		
Zo	ne-type Disaggregation -			
•	Resale			
	Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
_	Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
<u> </u>	DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
	DS1	Parity with retail service		
	PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
	Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service		
	DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service		
	(aggregate)	· Common mentro a recordance		
	Frame Relay	Parity with retail service		
•	LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)		
•	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI			
	UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line- Service		
	UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Line- Services above DS1 level		
	Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic		
•	Unbundled Loops:			
<b> </b>	Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch		
	Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI		
<u> </u>	Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line		
	DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line		
<del>                                     </del>	xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch		
ļ	ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI		
-	ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch		
<b></b>	ADOL-Aramier Foot	I carry with retail wwest DOL, with dispatch		

OP-6 - Delayed Days (continued)

Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)</li> </ul>	OP-6A: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line OP-6B: Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

#### Availability: Available

#### Notes:

- For OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, Saturday is counted as a business day for all orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other products under OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, and for all products under OP-6A-1, -6A-2, -6A-4, -6A-5, -6B-1, -6B-2, -6B-4, and -6B-5, Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due or completed on Saturday.
- 2. According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwestinitiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwestinitiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported
- 3. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

#### OP-7 - Coordinated "Hot Cut" Interval - Unbundled Loop

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the duration of completing coordinated "hot cuts" of unbundled loops, focusing on the time actually involved in disconnecting the loop from the Qwest network and connecting/testing the loop.

#### **Description:**

Measures the average time to complete coordinated "hot cuts" for unbundled loops, based on intervals beginning with the "lift" time and ending with the completion time of Qwest's applicable tests for the loop.

- Includes all coordinated hot cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- "Hot cut" refers to moving the service of existing customers from Qwest's switch/frames to the CLEC's equipment, via unbundled loops, that will serve the customers.
- · "Lift" time is defined as when Qwest disconnects the existing loop.
- "Completion time" is defined as when Qwest completes the applicable tests after connecting the loop to the CLEC.

loop to the CLEC.		
Reporting Period: One month Unit of		Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation	on Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula:		
$\Sigma$ [Completion time – Lift time] ÷ (To completed in the reporting period)	tal Number of u	nbundled loops with coordinated cutovers
Exclusions:		
• Time intervals associated with 0	CLEC-caused de	elays.
		on of the measurement per the PID.
<ul> <li>Invalid start/stop dates/times or</li> </ul>		•
Product Reporting: Coordinated U	nbundled	Standard:
Loops - Reported separately for:		CO: 1 hour
Analog Loops		All Other States: Diagnostic in light of OP-13
All other Loop Types		(Coordinated Cuts On Time)
Availability:		Notes:
Available		

Availability:

Available

OP-8 – Number Portability Timeliness		
Purpose:		
Evaluates the timeliness of cutovers of local number	er portability (LNP).	and the second control of the second control
Description:	/	
OP-8B - LNP Timeliness with Loop Coordination	(percent): Measures	the percentage of coordinated
LNP triggers set prior to the scheduled st		
All orders for LNP coordinated with		
the reporting period are measured, s OP-8C - LNP Timeliness without Loop Coordination		
triggers set prior to the Frame Due Time		
applicable.	or scrieduled start tim	ie ioi tile LIVF cutovel as
All orders for LNP for which coordina	tion with a loon was r	not requested that are
completed/closed during the reporting		
coordinated with other than Qwest-p		
standalone LNP), subject to exclusio		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
For purposes of these measurements (OP-8B at		rs to the "10-digit
unconditional trigger" or Line Side Attribute (LSA		
"Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirme		
newly negotiated time. In the case of LNP cutov	ers coordinated with	loops, the scheduled time
used in this measurement will be no later than the	ne "lay" time for the lo	op.
	4	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: P	Percent of triggers set on time
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and	Disagraphian Re	porting: Statewide level.
individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Re	porting: Statewide level.
Formula:	1	<del> </del>
OP-8B = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the	scheduled time for th	ne coordinated loop cutover) -
(Total Number of LNP activations coording		
OP-8C = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the	Frame Due Time or	Scheduled Start Time) + (Total
Number of LNP activations without loop of		
Exclusions:		
CLEC-caused delays in trigger setting.		
LNP requests that do not involve automatic trig	gers (e.g., טוט lines י	without separate, unique
telephone numbers and Centrex 21).		
<ul> <li>LNP requests for which the records used as so following types of errors:</li> </ul>	urces of data for thes	se measurements have the
Records with no PON (purchase order num	short or STATE	
1		
<ul> <li>Records where triggers cannot be set due</li> <li>Records with invalid due dates, application</li> </ul>		
December with the could be a sent the contest of	uaico, ui stait uates.	•
<ul> <li>Records with invalid completion dates.</li> <li>Records missing data essential to the calci</li> </ul>	ulation of the measur	ement per the DID
<ul> <li>Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid fran</li> </ul>		•
- invalid statustop dates/times of invalid frail	ne due of Scheduled (	uale/liffles.
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	95%

Notes:

#### **OP-13 – Coordinated Cuts On Time – Unbundled Loop**

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the percentage of coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed on time, focusing on cuts completed within one hour of the committed order due time and the percent that were started without CLEC approval.

#### Description:

- Includes all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-13A Measures the percentage of LSRs (CLEC orders) for all coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are started and completed on time. For coordinated loop cuts to be counted as "on time" in this measurement, the CLEC must agree to the start time, and Qwest must (1) receive verbal CLEC approval before starting the cut or lifting the loop, (2) complete the physical work and appropriate tests, (3) complete the Qwest portion of any associated LNP orders and (4) call the CLEC with completion information, all within one hour of the time interval defined by the committed order due time.
- OP-13B Measures the percentage of all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are actually started without CLEC approval.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated appointment time.
- The "committed order due time" is based on the number and type of loops involved in the cut and
  is calculated by adding the applicable time interval from the following list to the scheduled start
  time:
  - Analog unbundled loops:

1 to 16 lines: 1 Hour 17 to 24 lines: 2 Hours

25+ lines: Project\*

All other unbundled loops:

1 to 5 lines: 1 Hour 6 to 8 lines: 2 Hours 9 to 11 lines: 3 Hours

12 to 24 lines: 4 Hours 25+ lines: Project\*

\*For <u>Projects</u> scheduled due dates and scheduled start times will be negotiated between CLEC and Qwest, but no committed order due time is established. Therefore, projects are not included in OP-13A (see exclusion below).

- "Stop" time is defined as when Qwest notifies the CLEC that the Qwest physical work and the
  appropriate tests have been successfully accomplished, including the Qwest portion of any
  coordinated LNP orders.
- Time intervals following the scheduled start time or during the cutover process associated with customer-caused delays are subtracted from the actual cutover duration.
- Where Qwest's records of completed coordinated cut transactions are missing evidence of CLEC approval of the cutover, the cut will be counted as a miss under both OP-13A and OP-13B.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for this measurement will be reported according to: OP-13A Cuts Completed On Time OP-13B Cuts Started Without CLEC Approval	

#### OP-13 - Coordinated Cuts On Time - Unbundled Loop (continued)

#### Formula:

OP-13A = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts completed "On Time") ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] × 100

OP-13B = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts whose actual start time occurs without CLEC approval) ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100

#### **Exclusions:**

Applicable to OP-13A:

• Loop cuts that involve CLEC-requested non-standard methodologies, processes, or timelines.

#### OP-13A & OP-13B:

- · Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID which are not otherwise designated to be "counted as a miss".
- Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled date/times.

Projects involving 25 or more lines.

Projects involving 25 or more lines.	
Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled	Standards:
Loops – Reported separately for:	OP-13A:
Analog Loops	AZ: 90 Percent or more
All Other Loops	All Other States: 95 Percent or more
	OP-13B: Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

# OP-15 - Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest's pending orders are late, focusing on the average number of days the pending orders are delayed past the Applicable Due Date, as of the end of the reporting period.

#### Description:

OP-15A – Measures the average number of <u>business days</u> that pending orders are delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for reasons attributed to Qwest.

- Includes all pending inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) for which the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest has been missed, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. NOTE 1
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any. NOTE 1

OP-15B – Reports the number of pending orders measured in the numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Owest facility reasons.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: OP-15A - Average Business Days NOTE 2 OP-15B - Number of orders pending facilities
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, Qwest retail	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide

#### Formula:

- OP-15A = ∑[(Last Day of Reporting Period) (Applicable Due Date of Late Pending Order) (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Pending Orders Delayed for Qwest reasons as of the last day of Reporting Period)
- OP-15B = Count of pending orders measured in numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons

#### **Exclusions:**

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

# OP-15 - Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards: OP-15B = diagnostic only For OP-15A:
Resale	FOI OF-13A.
Residential single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Business single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centrex	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centex 21	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
	Diagnosio (Expositation, Fairly With Fotal Bol Vice)
PBX Trunk	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS0	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS1	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Frame Relay	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex 21)
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex )	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex)
Line Splitting	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)) (separately reported)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (L.)	
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with DS1 Private Line- Service)
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Private Line- Services above DS1 level)
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	[ 2:63:10000
Analog Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch)
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail ISDN BRI)
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with ISDN-BRI)
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL with dispatch)
Loop types of DS3 or higher bit rate	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS3 and
(aggregate)	higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks)
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs)	Diagnostic

# **OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)**

Availability:	Notes:
Availability: Available	<ol> <li>According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval.</li> <li>For OP-15A, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for non-dispatched orders in the retail analogues specified above as</li> </ol>
	standards. For all other non-dispatched products and for all dispatched products under OP-15A, Saturday is not counted as a business day.  3. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

#### OP-17 - Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of Qwest completing LNP telephone number porting, focusing on the degree to which porting occurs without implementing associated disconnects before the scheduled time/date.

# Description:

#### **OP-17A**

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
  - Focuses on disconnects associated with timely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects or no requests for delays.
  - The scheduled time/date is defined as 11:59 p.m. on (1) the due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest or (2) the delayed disconnect date requested by the CLEC, where the CLEC submits a timely request for delay of disconnection.
  - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest.

#### **OP-17B**

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
  - Includes only disconnects associated with untimely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects.
  - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered "untimely" if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the current due date.
- Disconnects are defined as the removal of switch translations, including the 10-digit trigger.
- Disconnects that are implemented early, and thus counted as a "miss" under this measurement, are
  those that the CLEC identifies as such to Qwest via trouble reports, within four calendar days of the
  actual disconnect date, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the
  scheduled time.
- Includes all CLEC orders for LNP TNs completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide
and Individual CLEC	

#### Formula:

[(Total number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period – Number of TNs with qualifying trouble reports notifying Qwest that disconnection before the scheduled time has occurred) ÷ Total Number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period] x 100

#### OP-17 - Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders (continued)

#### **Exclusions:**

#### **OP-17A only**

• Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC has failed to submit timely requests to have disconnects held for later implementation.

#### **OP-17A & B**

- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique TNs, and Centrex 21).
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared, closed or due dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

#### **OP-17B** only

 Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC did not submit its untimely requests by 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the LNP due date to have disconnects held for later implementation.

Product Reporting: LNP	Standards: OP-17A – 98.25% OP-17B – Diagnostic only, in light of its measuring only requests for delay of disconnect that are defined as untimely.
Availability: Available	Notes:

# **Maintenance and Repair**

# MR-2 - Calls Answered within 20 Seconds - Interconnect Repair Center

Purpose:		
Evaluates Customer access to Qwest's Interconnection and/or Retail Repair Center(s), focusing on		
the number of calls answered within 20 seconds.		
Description:		
Measures the percentage of Interconnection and/o	or Retail Repair Center calls answered within 20	
seconds of the first ring.		
• Includes all calls to the Interconnect Repair	Center during the reporting period, subject to	
exclusions specified below.		
• *	all is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic	
Call Distributor).		
Answer is defined as when the call is first picked up by the Qwest agent.		
<ul> <li>Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.</li> </ul>		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
. raharima . arram arramann		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Owest Retail levels.	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Qwest Retail levels.	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Qwest Retail levels. Formula:		
Qwest Retail levels.		
Qwest Retail levels.  Formula: [(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds	s) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100	
Qwest Retail levels. Formula:	s) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100	
Qwest Retail levels.  Formula: [(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds  Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Respon	s) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] × 100 se Unit) is not counted.	
Qwest Retail levels.  Formula: [(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds	s) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100	
Qwest Retail levels.  Formula: [(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds  Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Respon  Product Reporting: None	s) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] × 100 se Unit) is not counted.  Standard: Parity	
Qwest Retail levels.  Formula: [(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds  Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Respon  Product Reporting: None  Availability:	s) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] × 100 se Unit) is not counted.	
Qwest Retail levels.  Formula: [(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds  Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Respon  Product Reporting: None	s) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] × 100 se Unit) is not counted.  Standard: Parity	

#### MR-3 - Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours

#### Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports where the out-of-service trouble reports were cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 24 hours for out-of-service conditions).

#### **Description:**

Measures the percentage of out of service trouble reports, involving specified services, that are cleared within 24 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service that is out-of-service (i.e., unable to place or receive calls), subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

# Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

#### Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

 Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving:

MR-3A Dispatches within MSAs:

MR-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-3C No dispatches.

 Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:

MR-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and

MR-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

#### Formula:

[(Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 24 hours) ÷ (Total Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

#### Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

# MR-3 - Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	<del> </del>
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with appropriate retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Loops	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Availability:	Notes:
Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

#### MR-4 - All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours

#### Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports of all types (both out of service and service affecting) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 48 hours for service-affecting conditions).

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports, for specified services, that are cleared within 48 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

# Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

 Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving:

MR-4A Dispatches within MSAs:

MR-4B Dispatches outside MSAs: and

MR-4C No dispatches.

 Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:

MR-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and

MR-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas

#### Formula:

results

[(Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

- · Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

# MR-4 – All Troubles Cleared within 48 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)</li> </ul>	Parity with appropriate retail service
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail Centrex 21
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
<b>Availability:</b> Available	Notes:  1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

#### MR-5 - All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours

#### Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on all trouble reports of all types (including out of service and service affecting troubles) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 4 hours).

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for specified services that are cleared within 4 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results  Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for listed products will be disaggregated according to troul reports:	Reporting Period: One month
MR-5A In <u>Interval Zone 1</u> areas; and MR-5B In <u>Interval Zone 2</u> areas.	CLEC aggregate, individual

#### Formula

[(Number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 4 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured using WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

# MR-5 - All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
<ul> <li>Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD</li> </ul>	IT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Line Services above DS1 level
Unbundled Loops:	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:

#### MR-6 - Mean Time to Restore

#### Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair, focusing how long it takes to restore services to proper operation.

#### Description:

Measures the time actually taken to clear trouble reports.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes customer direct reports, customer-relayed reports, and test assist reports that result in a trouble report.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes

#### Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving:

MR-6A Dispatches within MSAs:

MR-6B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-6C No dispatches.

 Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:

MR-6D In <u>Interval Zone 1</u> areas; and MR-6E In <u>Interval Zone 2</u> areas.

#### Formula:

 $\Sigma$ [(Date & Time Trouble Report Cleared) – (Date & Time Trouble Report Opened)]  $\div$  (Total number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)

- · Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

# MR-6 - Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	Otandaras.
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform	Parity with like retail service
(UNE-P) (POTS)	
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail Centrex 21
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	<del>er en en en francis de la facta de la fac</del>
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
(aggregate)	Tanty man rotali oo vioo
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UI	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	T Diagnosio
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail Quest DSL  Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic

# MR-6 - Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order
	the product, in any quantity, for three
	consecutive months.

#### MR-7 - Repair Repeat Report Rate

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the accuracy of repair actions, focusing on the number of <u>repeated trouble reports</u> received for the same line/circuit within a specified period (30 calendar days).

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports that are repeated within 30 days on end user lines and circuits.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period that have a repeated trouble report
  received within thirty (30) days of the initial trouble report for the same service (regardless of
  whether the report is about the same type of trouble for that service), subject to exclusions
  specified below.
- In determining same service Qwest will compare the end user telephone number or circuit access code of the initial trouble reports closed during the reporting period with reports received within 30 days of when the initial trouble report closed.
- Includes reports due to Qwest network or system causes, customer-direct and customer-relayed reports.
- The 30-day period applied in the numerator of the formula below is from the date and time that the
  initial trouble report is closed to the date and time that the next, or "repeat" trouble report is
  received (i.e., opened).

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to cover the 30-day period following the initial trouble report.

Unit of Measure: Percent

# Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving:
  - MR-7A Dispatches within MSAs;
  - MR-7B Dispatches outside MSAs; and
  - MR-7C No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:

MR-7D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and

MR-7E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

#### Formula:

[(Total trouble reports closed within the reporting period that had a repeated trouble report received within 30 calendar days of when the initial trouble report closed) ÷ (Total number of Trouble Reports Closed in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.

# MR-7 - Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

WK-7 – Repair Repeat Report Rate (Con	
<ul> <li>Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.</li> </ul>	
Records with invalid product codes.	
<ul> <li>Records missing data essential to the calculation</li> </ul>	
Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE- P) (Centrex)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	AZ & CO: Parity with Qwest Retail DSL
	All Other States: Diagnostic Comparison with Qwest Retail DSL
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with Retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	fraging from the second of
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0 DS1	Parity with retail service
	Parity with retail service Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
(aggregate) Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – BST level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
	Diagnostio
Onbundled Loops:     Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
	resident to the second

# MR-7 - Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
Availability: Targeted availability with July 2004 results reported in September 2004	Notes: 1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

#### MR-8 - Trouble Rate

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the overall rate of trouble reports as a percentage of the total installed base of the service or element.

#### Description:

Measures trouble reports by product and compares them to the number of lines in service.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below
- Includes all applicable trouble reports, including those that are out of service and those that are only service-affecting.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

#### Formula:

[(Total number of trouble reports closed in the reporting period involving the specified service grouping) ÷ (Total number of the specified services that are in service in the reporting period)] x 100

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
     Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous
     Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

# MR-8 - Trouble Rate (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Parity with Qwest DSL service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)</li> </ul>	Parity with like retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
Unbundled Network Element – Platform(UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
<ul> <li>Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD)</li> </ul>	
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
(aggregate)	(aggregate)
Dark Fiber - Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic
	L ·

# MR-8 - Trouble Rate (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order
	the product, in any quantity, for three
	consecutive months.

# MR-9 - Repair Appointments Met

mit o repair Appointments mot		
Purpose: Evaluates the extent to which Qwest repairs services for Customers by the appointment date and time.		
Description:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	of trouble reports for which	h the appointment date and time is met
<ul> <li>Measures the percentage of trouble reports for which the appointment date and time is met.</li> <li>Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.</li> </ul>		
		Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Period: One month  Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting	Disaggregation Report	ing: Statewide level.
Comparisons: CLEC	Results for listed se	rvices will be disaggregated and reported
aggregate, individual	according to trouble	
CLEC and Qwest Retail		hes within MSAs;
results		hes outside MSAs; and
results		
	MR-9C No disp	atches.
Formula:		and the second of the second o
	eared by appointment dat	e and time) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports Closed in the
Reporting Period)] x 100		
Exclusions:		
• Trouble reports coded	as follows:	
		puble reports coded to disposition codes for:
		Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous
		Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
		e the original trouble report is closed.
<ul> <li>Information tickets ger</li> </ul>	nerated for internal Qwest	system/network monitoring purposes.
Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time by using the rescheduled		
appointment time to determine if the repair appointment is met.		
<ul> <li>Trouble reports on the day of installation before th technician/installer as complete.</li> </ul>		the installation work is reported by the
Records involving official company services.		
Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.		
Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.		
Records with invalid product codes.		
<ul> <li>Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.</li> </ul>		
Product Reporting:		Standard: Parity
Resale:		- Carry
	linė contino	
Residential single		
Business single lin	ie service	
Centrex		
Centrex 21		
PBX Trunks		
Basic ISDN		
	nts - Platform (UNE-P)	
(POTS)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Availability:		Notes:
	able	NOTES.
Avail	avie	
		1

# MR-10 - Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the extent that trouble reports were customer related, and provides diagnostic information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the core maintenance and repair performance indicators.

#### **Description:**

Measures the percentage of all trouble reports that are attributed to the customer as a percentage of all trouble reports resolved during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Includes trouble reports closed during the reporting period coded as follows:

- For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant, Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider) and trouble reports involving a "no access" delay for <u>MSA</u> type disaggregated products.
- For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).

tiouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Cust	tomer Frovided Equipment (OFE).
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

#### Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports coded to disposition codes specified above) ÷ (Total Number of Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.

# MR-10 Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Diagnostic
Business single line service	Diagnostic
Centrex	Diagnostic
Centrex 21	Diagnostic
PBX Trunks	Diagnostic
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
Resale	
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic
DS0	Diagnostic
DS1	Diagnostic
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic
Frame Relay	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD</li> </ul>	IT)
UDIT - DS1 level	Diagnostic
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic
xDSL-I capable Loop	Diagnostic
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:

#### MR-11 - LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours

#### Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of clearing LNP trouble reports, focusing on the degree to which residence and business, disconnect-related, out-of-service trouble reports are cleared within four business hours and all LNP-related trouble reports are cleared within 48 hours.

#### **Description:**

- MR-11A: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only (i.e., not unbundled-loop), residence and business, out-of-service trouble reports that are cleared within four business hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.
  - Includes only trouble reports that are received on or before the currently-scheduled due date
    of the actual LNP-related disconnect time/date, or the next <u>business day</u>, that are confirmed
    to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time, and that are closed
    during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- MR-11B: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only trouble reports that are cleared within 48 hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.
  - Includes all LNP-only trouble reports, received within four calendar days of the actual LNP-related disconnect date and closed during the reporting period.
- The "currently-scheduled due date/time" is the original due date/time established by Qwest in response to CLEC/customer request for disconnection of service ported via LNP or, if CLEC submits to Qwest a timely or untimely request for delay of disconnection, it is the CLEC/customer-requested later date/time.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date that Qwest has on record at the time of the request.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered untimely if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the due date
- Time measured is from the date and time Qwest receives the trouble report to the date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	<b>Disaggregation Reporting:</b> Statewide level (all are "non-dispatched").

#### Formula:

- MR-11A = [(Number of specified out-of-service LNP-only Trouble Reports, for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects, that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period and cleared within four business hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified out of service LNP-only Trouble Reports for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period)] x 100
- MR-11B = [(Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that were cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

# MR-11 - LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

- Trouble reports attributed to customer or non-Qwest reasons
- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- Subsequent trouble reports of LNP trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- For MR-11B only: Trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID

<ul> <li>Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.</li> </ul>		
Product Reporting: LNP	Standards:  MR-11A:  If OP-17 result meets its standard, the MR-11A standard is Diagnostic.  If OP-17 result does not meet its standard, the MR-11A standard is as follows:  For 0-20 trouble reports*: No more than 1 ticket cleared in > four business hours  For > 20 trouble reports*: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-3C results for Retail Residence and Business  MR-11B:  For 0-20 trouble reports**: No more than 1 ticket cleared > 48 hours  For > 20 trouble reports**: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-4C results for Retail Residence and Business  * Based on MR-11A denominator.  ** Based on MR-11B denominator.	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

# **Billing**

#### BI-1 — Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records Purpose: Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest provides recorded daily usage records to CLECs. Description: Measures the average time interval from date of recorded daily usage to date usage records are transmitted or made available to CLECs as applicable. BI-1A – Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access, NOTE 1 local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below. BI-1B - Measures the percent of recorded daily usage for Jointly provided switched access provided within four days. This includes usage created by the CLEC and Qwest or IXC providing access, usually via 2-way Feature Group X trunk groups for Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group D, Phone to Phone IP Telephony, 8XX access, and 900 access and their successors or similar Switched Access services. BI-1C - Provides separate reporting for two elements captured in BI-1A above, as follows: BI-1C-1 – Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for feature group switched access, NOTE 1 subject to exclusions specified below. • BI-1C-2 - Measures recorded daily usage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry standard electronically transmitted usage records for local measured usage, local message usage, toll usage, and local exchange service components priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclusions specified below. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Average Business Days BI-1B: Percent Disaggregation Reporting: State level. Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results Formula: BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2 (for specified products & records) = $\Sigma$ (Date Record Transmitted or made available - Date Usage Recorded) - (Total number of records) BI-1B = [(# of daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access sent within four days) ÷ (Total daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access in the report period)] x 100 **Exclusions:** Instances where the CLEC requests other than daily usage transmission or availability. Duplicate records. **Product Reporting:** Standards: BI-1A: Parity with Qwest retail. UNEs and Resale BI-1B: 95% within 4 business days Jointly-provided Switched Access BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Diagnostic Comparison with the Qwest Retail results used in standard for BI-1A

Notes:

 "Feature group switched access" includes all type 110XXX detail records for Feature

Groups A. B. C. and D.

**Availability:** 

Available

# BI-2 - Invoices Delivered within 10 Days

Purpose:		
Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest delivers		
CLECs, focusing on the percent delivered within ter	n calendar days.	
Description:		
Measures the percentage of invoices that are delive	ered within ten days, based on the number of days	
between the bill date and bill delivery.		
<ul> <li>Includes all industry standard electronically tra toll, subject to exclusions specified below.</li> </ul>	nsmitted invoices for local exchange services and	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: Combined Qwest	Disaggregation Reporting: State level	
Retail/CLEC results (Parity by design)		
Formula:		
[(Count of Invoices for which Bill Transmission Date	e to Bill Date is ten calendar days or less) ÷ (Total	
Number of Invoices)] x 100	, , ,	
Exclusions:		
Bills transmitted via paper, magnetic tape, CD-ROM, diskette.		
Records with missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.		
Product Reporting:	Standard:	
UNEs and Resale	Parity by design.	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

# BI-3 - Billing Accuracy - Adjustments for Errors

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the accuracy with which Qwest bills CLECs, focusing on the percentage of billed revenue adjusted due to errors.

#### Description:

Measures the billed revenue minus amounts adjusted off bills due to errors, as a percentage of total billed revenue.

- Both the billed revenue and amounts adjusted off bills due to error are calculated from bills rendered in the reporting period.
- "Amounts adjusted off bills due to errors" is the sum of all bill adjustments made in the reporting
  period that involve, either in part or in total, adjustment codes related to billing errors. (Each
  adjustment thus qualifying is added to the sum in its entirety.)

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Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: State level.	

#### Formula:

[ $\Sigma$ (Total Billed Revenue Billed in Reporting Period - Amounts Adjusted Off Bills Due to Errors) ÷ (Total Billed Revenue billed in Reporting Period)] x 100

- BI-3A UNEs and Resale None
- BI-3B Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use Billing adjustments as a result of CLEC-caused errors in return of minutes of use

Product Reporting: BI-3A - UNEs and Resale BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU)	Standards: BI-3A – UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest retail bills. BI-3B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) – 95%
Availability: Available	Notes:

#### BI-4 - Billing Completeness

#### Purpose:

- UNEs and Resale Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills.
- Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects the revenue for Local Minutes of Use associated with CLEC local traffic over Qwest's network on the bills.

#### Description:

BI-4A – UNEs and Resale: Measures the percentage of non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders appear on the correct bill.\*

BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): Measures the percentage of revenue associated with local minutes of use appearing on the correct (current) bill.\*

\* Correct bill = next available bill

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

#### Formula:

- BI-4A UNEs and Resale = [∑(Count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills that are billed on the correct bill ÷ total count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders billed on the bill)] x 100
- BI-4B Reciprocal Compensation MOU = [∑(Revenue for Local Minutes of Use billed on the correct\* bill ÷ Total revenue for Local Minutes of Use collected during the month)] x 100

Product Reporting:

• UNEs and Resale

• Reciprocal Compensation (MOU)

Availability:

Available

Standards:

BI-4A - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest
Retail bills.

BI-4B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): 95%

Notes:

# **Database Updates**

# **DB-1 – Time to Update Databases**

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the time required for updates to the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.

#### Description:

- Measures the average time required to update the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.
- Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting period.
- For DB-1A the time to update the E911 database is provided by the third party vendor that
  performs the update. The elapsed time is captured automatically by the database system. There
  are no "individual E911 database update records" provided with which to measure the database
  update process.
- The numerator of DB-1A is calculated by multiplying the vendor-calculated results (Average Minutes in Process Time) by the denominator (Count of records Processed). This method produces a result from the vendor data that is the same as that which would be produced by totalling the update times from individual E911 database update records.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:
	E911 – Hrs: Mins.
	LIDB & Directory Listings – Seconds
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:
DB-1A - E911: Combined results for Qwest Retail	DB-1A: E911 for Qwest Retail and Reseller
and Reseller CLEC Aggregate;	CLEC-State level
DB-1B - LIDB: Combined results for all Qwest	DB-1B: LIDB for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC
Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC	and Facilities Based CLEC - Multi
updates;	state region-wide level
DB-1C-1 - Listings: Combined results for all	DB-1C-1: Listings for all Provider types including
Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller	Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and
CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and	Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and
Unknown Provider, Electronically Submitted,	Unknown Provider, Electronically
Electronically Processed updates. NOTE 1	Submitted, Electronically Processed—
	Sub-region applicable to state

#### Formula:

 $\Sigma[(Date and Time of database update for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) – (Date and Time of submissions of data for entry into the database for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period)] <math>\div$  Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period

#### **Exclusion:**

Invalid start/stop dates/times.

# **DB-1 – Time to Update Databases (continued)**

Product Reporting: Not applicable (Reported by	oy database type)	Standards: DB-1A-E911: Parity by design DB-1B-LIDB: Parity by design DB-1C-1 - Listings: Parity by design
Availability: Available	Notes:  1. Because they cannot be separated, results for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, Facilities-based CLECs, ILEC and Unknown Provider updates are reported combined within these disaggregations.	

# **DB-2 - Accurate Database Updates**

tabase updates compl	eted without errors in the reporting period.
tabase updates compl	eted without errors in the reporting period.
	completed without errors in the reporting period.
dates as specified und	er Disaggregation Reporting completed during the
ith	Unit of Measure: Percent
	Disaggregation Reporting:
d regulte for all	DB-2C-1, Listings for Qwest Retail, Reseller
	CLEC, and Facilities-Based CLEC Electronically
	Submitted, Electronically Processed updates:
	Statewide
ales	Statewide
	and the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second second second second section of the second sec
pecified under Disagg	regation Reporting completed without errors in the
	fied under Disaggregation Reporting completed in
•	
	Standards:
database type)	DB-2C-1 – Listings: Parity by design NOTE 1
udiabass typo)	i bo i o i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Notes:	
1. Qwest retail and Reseller CLECs are parity by design. Because	
Facilities-based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically	
Processed cannot be separated out from Reseller CLECs they are	
	dates as specified und oth

# **Directory Assistance**

# DA-1 - Speed of Answer - Directory Assistance

Product Reporting: None

Available

Availability:

#### Purpose: Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's Directory Assistance operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered. Description: Measures the average time following first ring until a call is first picked up by the Qwest agent/system to answer Directory Assistance calls. Includes all calls to Qwest directory assistance during the reporting period. Because a system (electronic voice) prompts for city, state, and listing requested before the actual operator comes on the line, the first ring is defined as when the voice response unit places the call into queue. Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals. Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted. Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Seconds Reporting Comparisons: Results for Qwest and Disaggregation Reporting: all CLECs are combined. Sub-region applicable to state Formula: Σ[(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center) Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.

Standard: Parity by design

Notes:

# **Operator Services**

# OS-1 - Speed of Answer - Operator Services

Purpose:  Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.		
Description:		
Measures the time following first ring until a call is a	nswered by the Owest agent	
<ul> <li>Includes all calls to Qwest's operator services during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.</li> </ul>		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds	
Reporting Comparisons: Qwest and all CLECs	Disaggregation Reporting:	
are aggregated in a single measure.	Sub-region applicable to state	
Formula:		
$\Sigma$ [(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] $\div$ (Total Calls Answered by Center)		
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.		
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available		

#### **Network Performance**

# NI-1 - Trunk Blocking

#### Purpose:

Evaluates factors affecting completion of calls from Qwest end offices to CLEC end offices, compared with the completion of calls from Qwest end offices to other Qwest end offices, focusing on average busy-hour blocking percentages in interconnection or interoffice final trunks.

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection and interoffice final trunks.

Includes blocking percentages on all direct final and alternate final interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that are in service during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One mor		Unit of Measure: Percent Blockage
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporti	l ng: Statewide level.

# CLEC aggregate. individual CLEC, and Qwest Interoffice trunk blocking results.

Reports the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection final trunks. reported by:

NI-1A Interconnection (LIS) trunks to Qwest tandem offices, with TGSRrelated exclusions applied as specified below;

- LIS trunks to Qwest end offices, with TGSR-related exclusions NI-1B applied as specified below;
- LIS trunks to Qwest tandem offices, without TGSR-related NI-1C exclusions:
- NI-1D LIS trunks to other Qwest end offices, without TGSR-related exclusions.

#### Formula:

{[∑(Blockage in Final Trunk Group of Specified Type)x(Number of Circuits in Trunk Group)] ÷ (Total Number of Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Trunk Groups)} x 100

Explanation: Actual average percentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of trunk circuits blocking by the total number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured.

#### **Exclusions:**

#### For NI-1A and NI-1B only:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which:

  A Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR) NOTES 1 & 2 has been issued in the reporting period; or
  - CLECs do not submit, within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR:
    - a) Responsive ASRs (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons NOTE 3):
    - b) Trouble Reports: or
    - c) Notification of traffic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below).

#### For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and NI-1D:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in time to incorporate in the regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to:
  - Trunk group out-of-service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure circumstances:
  - The CLEC placing trunks in a "busy" condition;
  - Lack of interconnection facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely forecast to Qwest. (This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month following facility availability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, whichever is sooner NOTE 4); or
  - Isolated incidences of blocking, about which Qwest provides notification to the CLEC, that (a) are not recurring or persistent (affecting the same trunk groups), (b) do not warrant corrective action by CLEC or Qwest, and (c) thus, do not require an actionable TGSR.

#### NI-1 - Trunk Blocking (Continued)

- Trunk groups recently activated that have not been in service for a full "20-high-day, busy hour" review period.
- Toll trunks, non-final trunks, and trunks that are not connected to the public switched network.
- · One-way trunks originating at CLEC end offices.
- Qwest official services trunks, local interoffice operator and directory assistance trunks, and local interoffice 911/E911 trunks.
- Records with invalid product codes.

1	vitil ilivalia prout		
<ul> <li>Records r</li> </ul>	nissing data ess	ential to the calculation	of the measurement per the PID.
Product Reporting:		Standards:	
LIS Trunks		Where NI-1A ≤ 1%:	1 %
		Where NI-1A > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to tandems
		Where NI-1B ≤ 1%:	1 %
		Where NI-1B > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to end offices Diagnostic NOTE 5
		NI-1C and NI-1D:	Diagnostic NOTE 5
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	determined within 20 da (b) notify Quanting prok the CLEC w	to be persistent. To reays ASRs to provide newest within 20 days the oblems are causing the lift undertake its own reasons.	Os when trunk blocking exceeds standard thresholds or is espond properly to TGSRs, a CLEC must (a) submit eccessary trunk augmentations to avoid further blocking, at it is initiating a Trouble Report where Qwest traffic blocking referenced by the TGSR, or (c) notify Qwest that e-routing of traffic within 20 days to alleviate the blocking.

- 2. The TGSR-related exclusion is applied in the month in which the TGSR is issued and in the month in which the above-specified 20-day response period ends. Thus, any trunk group excluded in one month will not be excluded in the next month, unless there is (a) a 20-day period following a TGSR ends in that month, (b) there is another TGSR applicable to the next month for the same trunk group or (c) an exception documented, in lieu of issuing a subsequent TGSR, where the CLEC's response to the previous TGSR indicated that, for its own reasons, it plans to take no action at any time to augment the trunk group.
- 3. CLEC delays are reflected by CLEC-initiated order supplements that move the due date later.
  - a) Qwest-initiated due date delays, including supplements made pursuant to Qwest requests to delay due dates, shall not be counted as CLEC delays in this measurement.
  - b) Qwest-initiated due date changes to earlier dates that the CLEC does not meet shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement unless the earlier dates were mutually agreed-upon.
  - c) CLEC delays (e.g., "customer not ready" in advance of a due date) that do not contribute to a Qwest-established due date being missed shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement.
- 4. The limitation on part (3) of this exclusion is intended to bound its applicability to a period of time that treats the unforecasted ASR as if it were, in effect, the first forecast for the facilities needed.
  - a) Given that forecast advance intervals are currently six months, this provision allows the exclusion to apply for no longer than that period of time.
  - b) Nevertheless, this limitation to the exclusion also recognizes that facilities may become available sooner and, if so, reduces the limitation accordingly. In that context, this limitation recognizes that, absent a CLEC forecast, Qwest still retains a responsibility to provide facilities for the ASR, although in a longer timeframe than for ASRs covered by forecasts. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.
  - c) This limitation may change depending on the outcome of separate workshops dealing with issues of interconnection forecasting.
- 5. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.

#### NP-1 - NXX Code Activation

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's NXX code activation prior to the LERG effective date or by the "revised" effective date, as set forth herein.

#### **Description:**

- NP-1A: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are actually loaded and tested prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date, subject to exclusions shown below.
- NP-1B: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are delayed beyond the LERG date or "revised" date due to Qwest-caused Interconnection facility delays, subject to exclusions shown below. Included among activations counted as a Qwest delay in this sub-measurement are cases in which "2-6 codes" NOTE 1 associated with the Qwest interconnection facilities are provided late by Qwest to the CLEC.
- Qwest must receive complete and accurate routing information required for code activation, which
  includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection trunk groups associated with the
  activation no less than 25 days prior to the LERG Due Date or Revised Due Date.
- The "revised" date, for purposes of this measurement, is a CLEC-initiated renegotiation of the activation effective date that is no less than 25 days after Qwest receives complete and accurate routing information required for code activation, which includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection trunk groups associated with the activation.
- The NXX code activation notice is provided by the LERG (Local Exchange Routing Guide) to Owest.
- NXX code activation is defined as complete when all translations associated with the new NXX are complete by 11:59 p.m. of the day prior to the date identified in the LERG or the "revised" date (if different than the LERG date).
- The NXX code activation completion process includes testing, including calls to the test number when provided.

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Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Owest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.

#### Formula:

- NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date) ÷ (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100
- NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or "revised" date affected by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period, including NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or the "revised" date due to Interconnection Facility Delays)] x 100

#### **Exclusions:**

#### NP-1A:

 NXX code activations completed after the LERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the installation of Qwest provided interconnection facilities associated with the activations.

#### NP-1A and NP-1B:

- NXX codes with LERG dates or "revised" dates resulting in loading intervals shorter than industry standard (currently 45 calendar days).
- NXX codes where QWEST received complete and accurate routing information required for code activations less than 25 days prior to the LERG due date or Revised due date.

# NP-1 - NXX Code Activation (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards:		
,	NP-1A: Parity		
	NP-1B: Diagnostic		
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	Notes:  1. "2-6 codes" are industry-standard designators for local interconnection trunk groups, consisting of 2 alpha letters and six numeric digits.  2. Only Qwest-provided interconnection facilities are noted in this exclusion, because delays related to facilities provided by CLECs or others are accounted for by revising the due date.		

#### Collocation

# **CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval**

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of collocation arrangements for CLECs, focusing on the average time to complete such arrangements.

#### Description:

Measures the interval between the Collocation Application Date and Qwest's completion of the collocation installation.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a <u>Ready for Service (RFS) date</u> by Qwest and completed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physicalline sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest
  on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the
  weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications include conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- Completion of the collocation installation is the date on which the requested collocation arrangement is "Ready For Service" as defined in the Definition of Terms section herein.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established according to intervals specified in interconnection agreements. Where an interconnection agreement does not specify intervals, or where the CLEC requests, RFS dates are established as follows:
  - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also
    with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote
    in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC
    provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation
    Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also
    with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote
    in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC
    provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation
    Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready
     – for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer
     calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest
     more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for

# CP-1 - Collocation Completion Interval (continued)

collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.

- Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready –
  for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more
  calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest
  more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
  - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-1A, -1B, or -1C according to the interval criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled
- RFS dates may be extended beyond the above intervals for CLEC reasons, or for reasons beyond Qwest's control, but not for Qwest reasons.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- CP-1A Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 90 calendar days or less.
- CP-1B Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 91 to 120 calendar days.
- CP-1C Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation
  Application Date to RES date is 121 to 150 calendar days

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Calendar Days
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.

Formula: (for CP-1A, CP-1B and CP-1C)

 $\Sigma$ [(Collocation Completion Date) – (Complete Application Date)] ÷ (Total Number of Collocations Completed in Reporting Period)

#### **CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)**

- CP-1A: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals longer than 90 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1B: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 91 calendar days or longer than 120 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1C: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 121 calendar days or longer than 150 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.

_	Cancelled	or	avnired	applications.
	Califerieu	U	explied	applications.

Cancelled or expired applications.		
Product Reporting: N	lone  Standards:  CP-1A: 90 calendar days  CP-1B: 120 calendar days	
	CP-1C: 150 calendar days	
<b>Availability:</b> Available	Notes:  1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).	

#### CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest completes collocation arrangements for CLECs within the standard intervals or intervals established in interconnection agreements.

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation applications that are completed within standard intervals, including intervals set forth in interconnection agreements.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a <u>Ready for Service Date RFS date</u> by Qwest and that are completed within the reporting period, including those with CLEC-requested RFS dates longer than the standard interval and those with extended RFS dates negotiated with the CLEC (including supplemented collocation orders that extend the RFS date) subject to exclusions specified below.
   Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a
  weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the weekend or
  holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications are defined as conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- · A collocation arrangement is counted as met under this measurement if its RFS date is met.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established as follows, except where interconnection agreements require different intervals, in which case the intervals specified in the interconnection agreements apply:
  - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical
      collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days
      in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical
      collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in
      advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with Timely Equipment Ready – for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for

#### CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:

- Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure
   <u>Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation
   Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 calendar days following the date equipment to be
   collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are
   required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of,
   such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-2A, -2B, or -2C according to the criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled.

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- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty calendar days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-2A Forecasted Collocations**: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC provides a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2B Non-Forecasted and Late Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2C All Collocations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and Collocations with intervals longer than 120 days: Measures all collocation installations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and collocations for which the RFS date is more than 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.		
Formula: (for CP-2A, CP-2B and CP-2C)	<del>i kanada kanada an arawa kanada ka</del>		
	(Total Number of Collocations Completed in the Reporting		
Exclusions:     RFS dates missed for reasons beyond Qwest's     Cancelled or expired requests.	s control.		
Product Reporting: None	Standards:		
	CP-2A & -2B: 90%		
	CP-2C: 90%		

# CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

### CP-3 - Collocation Feasibility Study Interval

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of the Qwest sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC.

### **Description:**

Measures average interval to respond to collocation studies for feasibility of installation.

- Includes feasibility studies, for collocations of types specified herein that are completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- Interval begins with the Collocation Application Date and ends with the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by
  Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u>
  following the weekend or holiday.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Calendar Days

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

#### Formula:

 $\Sigma$ [(Date Feasibility Study provided to CLEC) – (Date Qwest receives CLEC request for Feasibility Study)] ÷ (Total Feasibility Studies Completed in the Reporting Period)

### Exclusions:

 CLEC-caused delays of, or CLEC requests for feasibility study completions resulting in greater than ten calendar days from Collocation Application Date to scheduled feasibility study completion date.

**Product Reporting: None** Standard: 10 calendar days or less Availability: Notes: Available 1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms. conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

### CP-4 - Collocation Feasibility Study Commitments Met

### Purpose:

Evaluates the degree that Qwest completes the sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC as committed.

### Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation feasibility studies for installations that are completed within the Scheduled Interval

- The Scheduled Interval is ten calendar days from the Collocation Application Date or, if
  interconnection agreements call for different intervals, within intervals specified in the agreements,
  or if otherwise delayed by the CLEC, the interval resulting from the delay.
- Includes all feasibility studies for collocations of types specified herein, that are completed in the reporting period. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- Considers the interval from the Collocation Application Date to the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by
  Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u>
  following the weekend or holiday.
- Subject to superceding terms in the CLEC's interconnection agreement, when a CLEC submits six
   (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, feasibility study intervals
   will be individually negotiated and the resulting intervals used instead of ten calendar days in this
   measurement.

			<u></u>	
Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC and individual CLEC results	aggregate	Disaggregation	Reporting: Statewide level.	
Formula:		<u> </u>		
[(Total Applicable Collocation Fea applicable Collocation Feasibility				
Exclusions: None				
Product Reporting: None		Standard:	90 percent or more	
Availability:	Notes:			
Available	related. A defined an Non-centr collocation either incl measuren such collo six month volumes v	As additional types and offered, they we ral office-based ty n and field connectusion in this measurements, after the telecation types becaus of experience from the telecation types because the telecation types because the telecation types because the telecation types because the telecation types and the telecation types the telecation types are the telecation types and the telecation types are the te	s measurement are central office of central office collocation are ill be included in this measurement. pes of collocation (such as remote ction points) will be considered for surement, or in new, separate rms, conditions, and processes for ome finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., om first installations), and ordered in the consistently more than two	

### **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

**Application Date (and Time)** – The date (and time) on which Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and accurate local service request (LSR) or access service request (ASR) or retail order, subject to the following:

- For the following types of requests/orders, the application date (and time) is the start of the next business day:
  - (1) LSRs and ASRs received after 3:00PM MT for Designed Services and Local Number Portability (except non-designed, flow-through LNP).
  - (2) Retail orders received after 3:00 PM local time for Designed Services.
  - (3) LSRs received after 7:00PM MT for POTS Resale (Residence and Business), Non-Design Resale Centrex, non-designed UNE-P, Unbundled Loops, and non-designed, flow-through LNP.
  - (4) Retail orders for comparable non-designed services cannot be received after closing time, so the cutoff time is essentially the business office closing time.
- For all types of orders that are received from Friday at 7:00 PM MT through Sunday, or on holidays, and do not flow through, the application date (and time) is the next, non-weekend business day.

Automatic Location Information (ALI) – The feature of E911 that displays at the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) the street address of the calling telephone number. This feature requires a data storage and retrieval system for translating telephone numbers to the associated address. ALI may include Emergency Service Number (ESN), street address, room or floor, and names of the enforcement, fire and medical agencies with jurisdictional responsibility for the address. The Management System (E911) database is used to update the Automatic E911 Location Information databases.

Bill Date – The date shown at the top of the bill, representing the date on which Qwest begins to close the bill.

**Blocking** – Condition on a telecommunications network where, due to a maintenance problem or an traffic volumes exceeding trunking capacity in a part of the network, some or all originating or terminating calls cannot reach their final destinations. Depending on the condition and the part of the network affected, the network may make subsequent attempts to complete the call or the call may be completely blocked. If the call is completely blocked, the calling party will have to re-initiate the call attempt.

**Business Day** – Workdays that Qwest is normally open for business. Business Day = Monday through Friday, excluding weekends and Qwest published Holidays including New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4<sup>th</sup>, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. Individual measurement definitions may modify (typically expanding) this definition as described in the Notes section of the measurement definition.

Cleared Trouble Report – A trouble report for which the trouble has been cleared, meaning the customer is "back in service".

Closed Trouble Report – A trouble report that has been closed out from a maintenance center perspective, meaning the ticket is closed in the trouble reporting system following repair of the trouble.

Code Activation (Opening) – Process by which new NPA/NXXs (area code/prefix) is defined, through software translations to network databases and switches, in telephone networks. Code activation (openings) allow for new groups of telephone numbers (usually in blocks of 10,000) to be made available for assignment to an ILEC's or CLEC's customers, and for calls to those numbers to be passed between carriers.

Common Channel Signaling System 7 (CCSS7) – A network architecture used to for the exchange of signaling information between telecommunications nodes and networks on an out-of-band basis. Information exchanged provides for call set-up and supports services and features such as CLASS and database query and response.

**Common Transport** – Trunk groups between tandem and end office switches that are shared by more than one carrier, often including the traffic of both the ILEC and several CLECs.

Completion – The time in the order process when the service has been provisioned and service is available.

### **DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)**

**Completion Notice** — A notification the ILEC provides to the CLEC to inform the CLEC that the requested service order activity is complete.

Coordinated Customer Conversion -- Orders that have a due date negotiated between the ILEC, the CLEC, and the customer so that work activities can be performed on a coordinated basis under the direction of the receiving carrier.

Customer Requested Due Date – A specific due date requested by the customer which is either shorter or longer than the standard interval or the interval offered by the ILEC.

Customer Trouble Reports – A report that the carrier providing the underlying service opens when notified that a customer has a problem with their service. Once resolved, the disposition of the trouble is changed to closed.

**Dedicated Transport** – A network facility reserved to the exclusive use of a single customer, carrier or pair of carriers used to exchange switched or special, local exchange, or exchange access traffic.

Delayed Order - An order which has been completed after the scheduled due date and/or time.

**Directory Assistance Database** – A database that contains subscriber records used to provide live or automated operator-assisted directory assistance. Including 411, 555-1212, NPA-555-1212.

**Directory Listings** – Subscriber information used for DA and/or telephone directory publishing, including name and telephone number, and optionally, the customer's address.

**DS-0** – Digital Service Level 0. Service provided at a digital signal speed commonly at 64 kbps, but occasionally at 56 kbps.

DS-1 - Digital Service Level 1. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 1.544 Mbps.

DS-3 - Digital Service Level 3. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 44.736 Mbps.

**Due Date** – The date provided on the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) the ILEC sends the CLEC identifying the planned completion date for the order.

End Office Switch – A switch from which an end users' exchange services are directly connected and offered.

Final Trunk Groups - Interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that do not overflow traffic to other trunk groups when busy.

Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) – Notice the ILEC sends to the CLEC to notify the CLEC that it has received the CLECs service request, created a service order, and assigned it a due date.

Flow-Through –The term used to describe whether a LSR electronically is passed from the OSS interface system to the ILEC legacy system to automatically create a service order. LSRs that do not flow through require manual intervention for the service order to be created in the ILEC legacy system.

Interval Zone 1/Zone 2 – Interval Zone 1 areas are wire centers for which Qwest specifies shorter standard service intervals than for Interval Zone 2 areas.

**Installation** – The activity performed to activate a service.

**Installation Troubles** – A trouble, which is identified after service order activity and installation, has completed on a customer's line. It is likely attributable to the service activity (within a defined time period).

**Interconnection Trunks** – A network facility that is used to interconnect two switches generally of different local exchange carriers

Inward Activity – Refers to all orders for new or additional lines/circuits. For change order types, additional lines/circuits consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action coded line/circuit USOCs that represent new or additional lines/circuits, including conversions from retail to CLEC and CLEC to CLEC.

**Jeopardy** – A condition experienced in the service provisioning process which results potentially in the inability of a carrier to meet the committed due date on a service order

Jeopardy Notice - The actual notice that the ILEC sends to the CLEC when a jeopardy has been identified.

Lack of Facilities – A shortage of cable facilities identified after a due date has been committed to a customer, including the CLEC. The facilities shortage may be identified during the inventory assignment process or during the service installation process, and typically triggers a jeopardy.

Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) – A Bellcore master file that is used by the telecom industry to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information, as well as network element and equipment designations. The file also includes scheduled network changes associated with activity within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP).

**Local Exchange Traffic** – Traffic originated on the network of a LEC in a local calling area that terminates to another LEC in a local calling area.

### **DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)**

Local Number Portability (formerly defined under Permanent Number Portability and also known as – Long Term Number Portability) – A network technology which allows end user customers to retain their telephone number when moving their service between local service providers. This technology does not employ remote call forwarding, but actually allows the customer's telephone number to be moved and redefined in the network of the new service provider. The activity to move the telephone number is called "porting."

**Local Service Request (LSR)** – Transaction sent from the CLEC to the ILEC to order services or to request a change(s) be made to existing services.

MSA/Non-MSA – Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with a population of 50,000 or greater. Non-Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with population of less than 50,000. Qwest depicts MSA Non-MSA based on NPA NXX. Where a wire center is predominantly within an MSA, all lines are counted within the MSA.

Mechanized Bill - A bill that is delivered via electronic transmission.

NXX, NXX Code or Central Office Code – The three digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.

**Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS)** – Refers to basic 2-wire, non-complex analog residential and business services. Can include feature capabilities (e.g., CLASS features).

**Projects** – Service requests that exceed the line size and/or level of complexity which would allow for the use of standard ordering and provisioning processes. Generally, due dates for projects are negotiated, coordination of service installations/changes is required and automated provisioning may not be practical.

Query Types – Pre-ordering information that is available to a CLEC that is categorized according to standards issued by OBF and/or the FCC.

**Ready For Service (RFS)** – The status achieved in the installation of a collocation arrangement when all "operational" work has been completed. Operational work consists of the following as applicable to the particular type of collocation:

- · Cage enclosure complete;
- DC power is active (including fuses available, BDFB [Battery Distribution Fuse Board] in place, and cables between the CLEC and power terminated);
- · Primary AC outlet in place;
- Cable racking and circuit terminations are complete (e.g. fiber jumpers placed between the Outside Plant Fiber Distribution Panel and the Central Office Fiber Distribution Panel serving the CLEC) and
- The following items complete, subject to the CLEC having made required payments to Qwest (e.g., final payment): (If the required CLEC payments have not been made, the following items are not required for RFS):
  - Key turnover made available to CLEC.
  - APOT/CFA complete, as defined/required in the CLEC's interconnection agreement and
  - Basic telephone service and other services and facilities complete, if ordered by CLEC in time to be provided on the scheduled RFS date (per Qwest's published standard installation intervals for such telephone service).

Ready for Service Date (RFS date) – The due date assigned to a collocation order (typically determined by regulatory rulings, contract terms, or negotiations with CLEC) to indicate when collocation installation is scheduled to be ready for service, as defined above.

**Reject** – A status that can occur to a CLEC submitted local service request (LSR) when it does not meet certain criteria. There are two types of rejects: (1) syntax, which occur if required fields are not included in the LSR; and (2) content, which occur if invalid data is provided in a field. A rejected service request must be corrected and re-submitted before provisioning can begin.

**Repeat Report** – Any trouble report that is a second (or greater) report on the same telephone number/circuit ID and at the same premises address within 30 days. The original report can be any category, including excluded reports, and can carry any disposition code.

Service Group Type - The designation used to identify a category of similar services, .e.g., UNE loops.

**Service Order** – The work order created and distributed in ILECs systems and to ILEC work groups in response to a complete, valid local service request.

### **DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)**

**Service Order Type** – The designation used to identify the major types of provisioning activities associated with a local service request.

Standard Interval – The interval that the ILEC publishes as a guideline for establishing due dates for provisioning a service request. Typically, due dates will not be assigned with intervals shorter than the standard. These intervals are specified by service type and type of service modification requested. ILECs publish these standard intervals in documents used by their own service representatives as well as ordering instructions provided to CLECs in the Qwest Standard Interval Guidelines.

**Subsequent Reports** – A trouble report that is taken in relation to a previously-reported trouble prior to the date and time the initial report has a status of "closed."

**Tandem Switch** – Switch used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office switches.

Time to Restore – The time interval from the receipt, by the ILEC, of a trouble report on a customer's service to the time service is fully restored to the customer.

**Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) –** Combinations of network elements, including both new and conversions, involving POTS (i.e., basic services providing dial tone).

**Unbundled Loop** - The Unbundled Loop is a transmission path between a Qwest Central Office Distribution Frame, or equivalent, and the Loop Demarcation Point at an end user premises. Loop Demarcation Point is defined as the point where Qwest owned or controlled facilities cease, and CLEC, end user, owner or landlord ownership of facilities begins.

**Usage Data** – Data generated in network nodes to identify switched call data on a detailed or summarized basis. Usage data is used to create customer invoices for the calls.

# **GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS**

ACRONYM	DESCRIPTION
ACD	Automatic Call Distributor
ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line
ALI	Automatic Line Information (for 911/E911 systems)
ASR	Service Request (processed via Exact system)
BRI	Basic Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)
CABS	Carrier Access Billing System
CKT _	Circuit
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier
CO	Central Office
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment
CRIS	Customer Record Information System
CSR	Customer Service Record
DA	Directory Assistance
DB	Decibel
DB	Database
DS0	Digital Service 0
DS1	Digital Service 1
DS3	Digital Service 3
E911 MS	E911 Management System
EAS	Extended Area Service
EB-TA	Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange
EELS	Enhanced Extended Loops
ES	Emergency Services (for 911/E911)
FOC	Firm Order Confirmation
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HDSL	High-Bit-Rate Digital Subscriber Line
HICAP	High Capacity Digital Service
IEC	Interexchange Carrier
ILEC	Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier
INP	Interim Number Portability
IOF	Interoffice Facilities (refers to trunk facilities located between
	Qwest central offices)
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
IMA	Interconnect Mediated Access
LATA	Local Access Transport Area
LERG	Local Exchange Routing Guide
LIDB	Line Identification Database
LIS	Local Interconnection Service Trunks
LNP	Long Term Number Portability
LSR	Local Service Request
N, T, C	Service Order Types N (new), T (to or transfer), C (change)
NANP	North American Numbering Plan
NDM	Network Data Mover
NPAC	Number Portability Administration Center
NXX	Telephone number prefix
OBF	Ordering and Billing Forum

# **GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS (continued)**

ACRONYM	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
OOS	Out of service (type of trouble condition)
OSS	Operations Support Systems
PBX	Private Branch Exchange
PON	Purchase Order Number
POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service
PRI	Primary Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)
RFS	Ready for Service (refers to collocation installations)
SIA	SAAFE (Strategic Application Architecture Framework and
	Environment) Information Access
SOP	Service Order Processor
SOT	Service Order Type
SS7	Signaling System 7
STP	Signaling Transfer Point
TN	Telephone Number
UDIT	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport
UNE	Unbundled Network Element
UNE-P	Unbundled Network Element – Platform
VRU	Voice Response Unit
WFA	Work Force Administration
XDSL	(x) Digital Subscriber Line. (The "x" prefix refers to DSL generically. An "x" replaced by an "A" refers to Asymmetric DSL, and by an "H" refers to High-bit-rate DSL.)

### APPENDIX A

### PO-20 Feature Detail Fields

### **Feature Detail**

### Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21):

#### **CFN**

Validate the call forwarding TN

#### **CFNB**

Validate the call forwarding TN

#### **CFND**

Validate the call forwarding TN

#### RCYC

FID associated with a call forwarding don't answer USOC that determines how many rings before the call forwards to the TN provided with the CFN or CFND FIDs.

### HLN (HLA Hot Line)

FID associated with the USOC HLA (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The Hot Line feature call forwards automatically to a pre-programmed number. This TN is provided following the HLN FID. The data provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the HLN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the TN provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order.

### LINK (HME CALL FORWARDING TO CELLULAR)

FID associated with the USOC HME (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The HME feature call forwards a call from the landline telephone number to a cellular telephone number. The LINK FID, along with the PCS telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR, will be validated against the LINK FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the telephone number provided on the LSR matches the telephone number on the service order.

#### **DES on DID MBB**

If the CLEC requests a DID voice mailbox the DID number will follow the FID DES on the LSR in the Feature Detail section and on the service order. The DES FID along with the DID telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the DES FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the DID telephone number provided on the matches the telephone number on the service order.

### TN on Custom Ring USOC (RGG1A etc.)

We currently have 9 custom ring USOCs on our PO-20 USOC list. Along with the custom ring USOC is the TN FID. The TN FID along with the custom ring telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the TN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the custom ring telephone provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order. (The validation would only apply if the USOC and FID were present in the Feature Detail section of the LSR.)

### CAS (If provided on LSR for SEA)

Call Screening Code Assignment is a FID associated with the selective class of call feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the CAS FID is a two-digit number that indicates what type of screening is being requested. The CAS FID along with a two-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit number matches the two-digit number provided on the LSR.

### WW (if provided on LSR for TFM)

Working With is a FID associated with the transfer mailbox feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the WW FID is a ten-digit number that indicates where the voice mailbox is located. The WW FID along with the ten-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit number matches the ten-digit number provided on the LSR.

### MBOA (if provided on LSR for VFN)

Mailbox out-dial notification is a FID associated with the message notification feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the MBOA FID is a two-digit alphanumeric combination that indicates where the notification will be sent (i.e., identifies pager type.) The MBOA FID along with the two-digit alphanumeric combination is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit alphanumeric matches the two-digit alphanumeric provided on the LSR.

### DES on VGT (if provided on LSR)

Description is a FID associated with the scheduled greeting feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the DES FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the DID mailbox number. The DES FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

### WLT (WLS Warm Line)

Warm line timeout is a FID associated with the warm line feature. Along with the WLT FID is a one or two numeric value that indicates the number of seconds that must elapse before the DMS-100 switch sets up the connection for a warm line service number. The WLT FID along with the one or two numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one or two numeric value matches the one or two numeric value provided on the LSR.

### FIDs associated with WFA (800 service line feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

### SIT (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special identifying telephone number is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the SIT FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the 800, 888, 877, or 866 service line feature. The SIT FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

### SIS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special Identifying Telephone Number Supplemental is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. The SIS FID along with a one-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one-digit number matches the one-digit number provided on the LSR.

### ELN (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 Service listed name is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELN FID is a listed name, which follows the format of a business name. The ELN FID along with the name is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the name matches the name provided on the LSR.

### ELA (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 listed address is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELA FID is an address, which follows the format of a listed address plus LATA, State, and ZIP code. The ELA FID along with the address is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the address matches the address provided on the LSR.

### AOS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Area of service is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the AOS FID are one to two alphanumeric characters and three numeric characters which represents LATA and AC of the address. The AOS FID along with the additional characters are provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the additional characters match the additional characters provided on the LSR.

#### ALC (if provided on LSR for WFA)

IntraLATA carrier is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. It indicates the IntraLATA carrier for the 800 service. Along with the ALC FID is the three-digit code (OTC) for the IntraLATA carrier. The ALC FID along with the three-digit code is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the three-digit code matches the three-digit code provided on the LSR.

#### **Resale and UNE-P Centrex 21**

FIDs associated with SO3, SO5, SFB, C2TAX (Electronic Business Set USOCs which are on our USOC list to validate):

### KEY (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Key Designation (KEY number) is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the KEY FID is a numeric value that indicates the key designated for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the numeric value matches the numeric value provided on the LSR.

### MADN (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Multiple Appearance Directory Number Call Arrangement is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the MADN FID is a set of alpha values that indicate the type, appearance and ring status desired for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the alpha values is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha values match the alpha values provided on the LSR.

### ROL (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Ring On Line is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the ROL FID is an alpha value that indicates if the line will ring (Y or N). The ROL FID along with the alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha value matches the alpha value provided on the LSR.

### TTYD (If provided on LSR for C2TAX)

Terminal Type is a FID associated with the adjunct module feature. Along with the TTYD FID is a 4 character alpha value based on customer equipment. The TTYD FID along with the 4 character alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 4 character alpha value matches the 4 character alpha value provided on the LSR.

### FIDs associated with E3PPK (CALL PICK-UP feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

### CPG (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup Group is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPG FID is a 1-3 digit numeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPG FID along with the 1-3 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 1-3 digit numeric value matches the 1-3 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

### CPUO (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Originating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUO FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUO FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

### CPUT (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Terminating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUT FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUT FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with GVJ, EZJ, GVZ, GV2, EVH, GVV (Speed Call feature USOCs that are on our USOC list to validate):

### SCG (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Call Group is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCG FID is a 7 digit numeric value that identifies the controller of the group. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 7 digit numeric value matches 7 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

### CSL (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Change Speed Calling Group List is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the CSL FID is a 2 digit numeric value that identifies the size of the group list. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 2 digit numeric value matches 2 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

### SCF (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Calling Feature Name is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCF FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the controller of the shared list. The SCF FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.



Service Performance Indicator Definitions (PID)

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14-State 271 PID Version <u>8.0</u>

### QWEST'S SERVICE PERFORMANCE INDICATOR DEFINITIONS (PID)

### 14-State 271 PID Version 8.0

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### Introduction

Qwest will report performance results for the service performance indicators defined herein. Qwest will report separate performance results associated with the services it provides to Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) in aggregate (except as noted herein), to CLECs individually and, as applicable, to Qwest's retail customers in aggregate. Within these categories, performance results related to service provisioning and repair will be reported for the products listed in each definition. Reports for CLECs individually will be subject to agreements of confidentiality and/or nondisclosure.

The definitions in this version of the PID apply in the 14 states of Qwest's local service region: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. Individual state Performance Assurance Plans may specify and apply state specific variations from the Performance Measure definitions and/or standards contained herein.

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### **Electronic Gateway Availability**

### GA-1 - Gateway Availability - IMA-GUI

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-GUI electronic gateway and one associated system, focusing on the extent they are actually available to CLECs.

### Description:

- GA-1A: Measures the availability of the IMA-GUI (Interconnect Mediated Access- Graphical User Interface), and reports the percentage of Scheduled Availability Time the IMA-GUI interface is available for view and/or input.
  - Scheduled Up Time hours for preorder, order, and provisioning transactions are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- GA-1D: Measures the availability of the SIA system, which facilitates access for the IMA-GUI interface and the IMA-EDI interface (see GA-2), and reports the percentage of scheduled time the SIA system is available. Scheduled availability times will be no less than the same hours as listed for IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-GUI, SIA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Pe	rcent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Results will be report	orting: Region-wide level. ed as follows: al User Interface Gateway
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is A		
Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Tir	me During Reporting Per	riod]) x 100
Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Tir  Exclusions: None	me During Reporting Per	riod]) x 100
	me During Reporting Per	99.25 percent
Exclusions: None		

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### GA-2 - Gateway Availability - IMA-EDI

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the IMA-EDI electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

#### Description:

Measures the availability of IMA-EDI (Interconnect Mediated Access - Electronic Data Interchange) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the IMA-EDI Interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time hours for IMA-EDI based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html. Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- · Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due
  to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine
  maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., IMA-EDI), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percen	t .
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Reporting (See GA-1D for reporting	ng: Region-wide level. of SIA system availability.)
Formula:		
	DODING S. J. I. I OT GIOGILAVA SI VI	Reporting Periogi ÷ INIImbe
([Number of Hours and Minutes Gatewa of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Av Exclusions: None		
of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Av		

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### GA-3 - Gateway Availability - EB-TA

•	•	n	•	•	•	

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the EB-TA interface, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

#### **Description:**

Measures the availability of EB-TA (Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration) interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the EB-TA Interface is available.

- Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- . Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due
  to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine
  maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EB-TA), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Perc	ent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation Repor	rting: Region-wide level.
Formula: ([Number of Hours and Minutes Gateway is Available		
of Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability Durin  Exclusions: None	g Reporting Period]) x 10	00
	g Reporting Period]) x 10	99.25 percent

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G/	GA-4 – System Availability – EXACT		
Pu	rpose:		
Eva	aluates the quality of CLEC batch access to the EX		
foc	using on the extent the system is actually available		
De	scription:		
Me	asures the availability of EXACT system and report		
the	EXACT system is available.		
	Scheduled Up Time hours are based on the curre		
1	following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesa		
	Time System is Available to CLECs is equal to S		
	Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Schedule		
	Scheduled Down Time is time identified and com		
ı			

(ACT electronic access service request system, e to CLECs.

rts the percentage of scheduled availability time

- ently published hours of availability found on the ale/cmp/ossHours.html. icheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- d Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- municated that the system is not available due to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., EXACT), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected

customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results	Disaggregation	Reporting: Region-wide level.	
Formula:			
([Number of Hours and Minutes EXACT is Available Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Availability During I			
Exclusions: None			
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent	
Availability:	Notes:		
Available			

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### GA-6 - Gateway Availability - GUI -- Repair

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of CLEC access to the GUI Repair electronic gateway, focusing on the extent the gateway is actually available to CLECs.

#### Description

Measures the availability of the GUI (Graphical User Interface) repair electronic interface and reports the percentage of scheduled availability time the interface is available for view and/or input. All times during which the interface is scheduled to be operating during the reporting period are measured.

- Scheduled Up Time" hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.
- Time Gateway is Available to CLECs is equal to Scheduled Availability Time minus Outage Time.
- Scheduled Availability Time is equal to Scheduled Up Time minus Scheduled Down Time.
- Scheduled Down Time is time identified and communicated that the interface is not available due
  to maintenance and/or upgrade work. Notification of Scheduled Down Time for routine
  maintenance and/or upgrade work will be provided no less than 48 hours in advance.
- An outage is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component (i.e., GUI-Repair), affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percer	nt
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate results Formula:	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.	
[Number of Hours and Minutes Gatewa Hours and Minutes of Scheduled Available Exclusions: None		
Product Reporting: None	Standard:	99.25 percent
Availability: Available	Notes:	

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### GA-7 - Timely Outage Resolution following Software Releases

#### Purpose:

Measures the timeliness of resolution of gateway or system outages attributable to software releases for specified OSS interfaces, focusing on CLEC-affecting software releases involving the specified gateways or systems.

#### Description:

- Measures the percentage of gateway or system outages, which are attributable to OSS system software releases and which occur within two weeks after the implementation of the OSS system software releases, that are resolved NOTE 1 within 48 hours of detection by the Qwest monitoring group or reporting by a CLEC/co-provider.
- Includes software releases associated with the following OSS interfaces in Qwest: IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI, and CEMR, Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT)<sup>NOTE 2</sup>, Electronic Bonding—Trouble Administration (EB -TA) NOTE 3
- An outage for this measurement is a critical or serious loss of functionality, attributable to the specified gateway or component, affecting Qwest's ability to serve its customers or data loss NOTE 4 on the Qwest side of the interface. An outage is determined by Qwest technicians through the use of verifiable data, collected from the affected customer(s) and/or from mechanized event management systems.
- The outage resolution time interval considered in this measurement starts at the time Qwest's
  monitoring group detects a failure, or at the date/time of the first transaction sent to Qwest that cannot
  be processed (i.e. lost data), and ends with the time functionality is restored or the lost data is
  recovered

Reporting Period: Monthly	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

#### Formula:

[(Total outages detected within two weeks of a Software Release that are resolved within 48 hours of the time Qwest detects the outage) + (Total number of outages detected within two weeks of Software Releases resolved in the Reporting Period)] x 100

#### Exclusions

- Outages in releases prior to any CLEC migrating to the release.
- · Duplicate reports attributable to the same software defect.

Product Reporting: N	one Standards:			
, -	Volume = 1-20: 1 miss			
	Volume > 20: 95%			
Availability:	Notes:			
	1. "Resolved" means that service is restored to the reporting CLEC, as			
Available	experienced by the CLEC.			
	2. EXACT is a Telecordia system. Only releases for changes initiated by			
	Qwest for hardware or connectivity will be included in this measurement.			
	3. Outages reported under EB-TA are the same as outages in MEDIACC.			
	4. For data loss to be considered for GA-7, a functional acknowledgement			
	must have been provided for the data in question (e.g., EDI 997, LSR ID			
	or trouble ticket number).			

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### Pre-Order/Order

### PO-1 - Pre-Order/Order Response Times

#### Purpose

Evaluates the timeliness of responses to specific preordering/ordering queries for CLECs through the use of Qwest's Operational Support Systems (OSS). Qwest's OSS are accessed through the specified gateway interface.

#### Description:

### PO-1A & PO-1B:

Measures the time interval between query and response for specified pre-order/order transactions through the electronic interface.

- Measurements are made using a system that simulates the transactions of requesting preordering/ordering information from the underlying existing OSS. These simulated transactions are made
  through the operational production interfaces and existing systems in a manner that reflects, in a
  statistically-valid manner, the transaction response times experienced by CLEC service representatives in
  the reporting period.
- The time interval between query and response consists of the period from the time the transaction request
  was "sent" to the time it is "received" via the gateway interface.
- · A query is an individual request for the specified type of information.

#### PO-1C

 Measures the percentage of all IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B transmitted in the reporting period that timeout before receiving a response.

#### PO-1D.

Measures the average response time for a sampling of rejected queries across preorder transaction types.
The response time measured is the time between the issuance of a pre-ordering transaction and the
receipt of an error message associated with a "rejected query." A rejected query is a transaction that
cannot be successfully processed due to the provision of incomplete or invalid information by the sender,
which results in an error message back to the sender.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure:
PO-1A, PO-1B, & PO-1D: Seconds
PO-1C: Percent

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### PO-1 - Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

#### Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level. Results are reported as follows: Reporting PO-1A Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-GUI Comparisons: CLEC aggregate. PO-1B Pre-Order/Order Response Time for IMA-EDI Results are reported separately for each of the following transaction types: NOTE 2 1. Appointment Scheduling (Due Date Reservation, where appointment is required) Service Availability Information 3. Facility Availability Street Address Validation 4. **Customer Service Records** Telephone Number Loop Qualification Tools NOTE 3 Resale of Qwest DSL Qualification Connecting Facility Assignment NOTE 4 Meet Point Inquiry NOTE 5 8. 9. 10. Meet Point Inquiry For PO-1A (transactions via IMA-GUI), in addition to reporting total response time, response times for each of the above transactions will be reported in two parts: (a) time to access the request screen, and (b) time to receive the response for the specified transaction. For PO-1A 6, Telephone Number, a third part (c) accept screen, will be For PO-1B (transactions via IMA-EDI), request/response will be reported as a combined number. PO-1C Results for PO-1C will be reported according to the gateway interface used: 1. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-GUI 2. Percent of Preorder Transactions that Timeout IMA-EDI PO-1D Results for PO-1D will be reported according to the gateway interface used: 1. Rejected Response Times for IMA-GUI Rejected Response Times for IMA-EDI Formula: PO-1A & PO-1B = $\Sigma[(Query Response Date \& Time) - (Query Submission Date \& Time)] + (Number of$ Queries Submitted in Reporting Period) PO-1C = [(Number of IRTM Queries measured by PO-1A & 1B that Timeout before receiving response) + (Number of IRTM Queries Transmitted in Reporting Period)] x 100 PO-1D = Σ[(Rejected Query Response Date & Time) - (Query Submission Date & Time)] ÷ (Number of Rejected Query Transactions Simulated by IRTM) **Exclusions:** PO-1A & PO-1B: Rejected requests/errors, and timed out transactions PO-1C: Rejected requests and errors PO-1D: Timed out transactions

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### PO-1 - Pre-Order/Order Response Times (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards:	IMA-GUI	IMA-EDI	
	Total Response Time:			
	Appointment Scheduling     Service Availability     Information     Facility Availability     Street Address Validation	<10 seconds <25 seconds  <25 seconds  <10 seconds	<10 seconds <25 seconds  <25 seconds  <10 seconds	
	5. Customer Service Records	<12.5 seconds <sup>6</sup>	<12.5 seconds <sup>5</sup>	
	6. Telephone Number	<10 seconds	<10 seconds	
	7. Loop Qualification Tools	≤ 20 seconds <sup>7</sup>	≤ 20 seconds	
	Resale of Qwest DSL     Qualification	≤ 20 seconds <sup>7</sup>	≤ 20 seconds	
	9. Connecting Facility	≤ 25 seconds	≤ 25 seconds	
	Assignment 10. Meet Point Inquiry	≤ 30 seconds	≤ 30 seconds	
	PO-1C-1	0.5	5%	
	PO-1C-2		5%	
	PO-1D-1 & 2	Diagr	nostic	
Availability:	Notes:	DO 4D 11 11 11 11		
Available	<ol> <li>Rejected query types used in Qwest diagnostic purposes.</li> </ol>			
	As additional transactions, cu they will be measured and ac transactions, as applicable.	As additional transactions, currently done manually, are mechanized, they will be measured and added to or included in the above list of		
	<ol><li>Results based on a weighted combination of ADSL Loop Qualification and Raw Loop Data Tool.</li></ol>			
	4. Results based on Connecting	Facility Assignment	by Unit Query.	
	. Results based on meet Point Query, POTS Splitter option for Shared			
	6. Times reflect non-complex se	loops. Times reflect non-complex services, including residential, simple business, or POTS account. Does not include ADSL or accounts>25 lines.		
	<ol> <li>Benchmark applies to response time only. Request time and Total time will also be reported.</li> </ol>			

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### PO-2 - Electronic Flow-through

#### Purpose:

Monitors the extent Qwest's processing of CLEC Local Service Requests (LSRs) is completely electronic, focusing on the degree that electronically-transmitted LSRs flow directly to the service order processor without human intervention or without manual retyping.

#### Description

PO-2A - Measures the percentage of all electronic LSRs that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the Service Order Processor (SOP) without any human intervention.

 Includes all LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

PO-2B – Measures the percentage of all flow-through-eligible LSRs NOTE 1 that flow from the specified electronic gateway interface to the SOP without any human intervention.

 Includes all flow-through-eligible LSRs that are submitted electronically through the specified interface during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

# Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (per multistate system serving the state).

Results for PO-2A and PO-2B will be reported according to the gateway interface\* used to submit the LSR:

- 1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI
- 2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI

\*CO also reports an aggregate of IMA-GUI and IMA-EDI results.

#### Formula:

PO-2A = [(Number of Electronic LSRs that pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) + (Total Number of Electronic LSRs that pass through the Gateway Interface)] x 100

PO-2B = [(Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs that actually pass from the Gateway Interface to the SOP without human intervention) + (Number of flow-through-eligible Electronic LSRs received through the Gateway Interface)] x 100

#### Exclusions:

- Rejected LSRs and LSRs containing CLEC-caused non-fatal errors.
- · Non-electronic LSRs (e.g., via fax or courier).
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

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### PO-2 - Electronic Flow-through (continued)

### **Product Reporting:**

- Resale
- Unbundled Loops (with or without Local Number Portability)
- Local Number Portability
- UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P (Centrex 21)
- Line Sharing

Standards:

PO-2A

CO: CO PO-2B benchmarks minus 10 percent NOTE 2 All Other States: Diagnostic

PO-2B: NOTE 2

Line Sharing:	Diagnostic NOTES
UNE-P (POTS & Centrex 21):	95%
LNP:	95%
Unbundled Loops:	85%
Resale:	95%

# Availability:

Available (except as follows):

Combined reporting of UNE-P (POTS) and UNE-P (Centrex 21) - beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report.

Line Sharing beginning with Jul 04 data on the Aug 04 report

### Notes:

- 1. The list of LSR types classified as eligible for flow through is contained in the "LSRs Eligible for Flow Through" matrix. This matrix also includes availability for enhancements to flow through. Matrix will be distributed through the CMP process.
- In Colorado the standard for PO-2 is considered met if the standard for either PO-2A or PO-2B is met. For both PO-2A and PO-2B, the benchmark percentages shown apply to the aggregations of PO-2A-1 and PO-2A-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2A result) and of PO-2B-1 and PO-2B-2 (i.e., the combined PO-2B result).
- The standard and future disaggregated reporting of the Line Sharing product is TBD, pending resolution of TRO issues.

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### PO-3 - LSR Rejection Notice Interval

#### Purpose:

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest notifies CLECs that electronic and manual LSRs were rejected.

#### Description:

Measures the interval between the receipt of a Local Service Request (LSR) and the rejection of the LSR for standard categories of errors/reasons.

- Includes all LSRs submitted through the specified interface that are rejected during the reporting period.
- Standard reasons for rejections are: missing/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information, duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase order number), no separate LSR for each account telephone number affected, no valid contract, no valid end user verification, account not working in Qwest territory, service-affecting order pending, request is outside established parameters for service, and lack of CLEC response to Qwest question for clarification about the LSR.
- Included in the interval is time required for efforts by Qwest to work with the CLEC to avoid the
  necessity of rejecting the LSR.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are (1) business hours for manual rejects (involving human intervention) and (2) published Gateway Availability hours for auto-rejects (involving no human intervention). Business hours are defined as time during normal business hours of the Wholesale Delivery Service Centers, except for PO-3C in which hours counted are workweek clock hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.gwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure:

PO-3A-1, PO-3B-1 & PO-3C - Hrs: Mins.

PO-3A-2 & PO-3B-2 - Mins: Secs.

#### Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

#### Disaggregation Reporting:

Results for this indicator are reported according to the gateway interface used to submit the LSR:

- PO-3A-1, LSRs received via IMA-GUI and rejected manually: Statewide
- PO-3A –2, LSRs received via IMA-GUI and auto-rejected: Region wide
- PO-3B-1, LSRs received via IMA-EDI and rejected manually: Statewide
- PO-3B -2, LSRs received via IMA-EDI and auto-rejected: Region wide
- PO-3C, LSRs received via facsimile: Statewide

#### Formula:

 $\Sigma$  [(Date and time of Rejection Notice transmittal) – (Date and time of LSR receipt)]  $\div$  (Total number of LSR Rejection Notifications)

### Exclusions:

- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times

**Product Reporting:** Not applicable (reported by ordering interface).

### Standards:

- PO-3A-1 and -3B-1: ≤ 12 business hours
- PO-3A -2 and -3B -2: ≤ 18 seconds
- PO-3C:

≤ 24 work week clock hours

Availability:

Available

Notes:

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PO-4 - LSRs Rejected			
Purpose: Monitors the extent LSRs are rejected as a percaddress potential issues that might be raised by the	entage of all LSRs to provide information to help		
Description: Measures the percentage of LSRs rejected (re errors/reasons. Includes all LSRs submitted through the speci reporting period. Standard reasons for rejections are: missing duplicate request or LSR/PON (purchase on telephone number affected; no valid contract; respectively.)	turned to the CLEC) for standard categories of fied interface that are rejected or FOC'd during the g/incomplete/mismatching/unintelligible information; der number); no separate LSR for each account to valid end user verification; account not working in ng; request is outside established parameters for		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of LSRs		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Results for this indicator are reported according to the gateway interface used to submit the LSR: PO-4A-1 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and rejected manually – Region wide PO-4A -2 LSRs received via IMA-GUI and		

[(Total number of LSRs rejected via the specified method in the reporting period)  $\pm$  (Total of all LSRs that are received via the specified interface that were rejected or FOC'd in the reporting period)] x 100

PO-4C

#### Exclusions:

- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #'s.)

Invalid start/stop dates/times

Product Reporting: Not applicable (reported by ordering interface).	Standard: Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	
	1

	Fourt

auto-rejected - Region wide PO-4B-1 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and

LSRs received via facsimile -

PO-4B -2 LSRs received via IMA-EDI and auto-rejected - Region wide

Statewide

rejected manually - Region wide

### PO-5 - Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time

#### Purpose:

Monitors the timeliness with which Qwest returns Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) to CLECs in response to LSRs/ASRs received from CLECs, focusing on the degree to which FOCs are provided within specified intervals.

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) that are provided to CLECs within the intervals specified under "Standards" below for FOC notifications.

- Includes all LSRs/ASRs that are submitted through the specified interface or in the specified manner (i.e., facsimile) that receive an FOC during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. (Acknowledgments sent separately from an FOC (e.g., EDI 997 transactions are not included.)
- For PO-5A, the interval measured is the period between the LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time) and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- For PO-5B, 5C, and 5D, the interval measured is the period between the <u>application date and time</u>, as defined herein, and Qwest's response with a FOC notification (notification date and time).
- "Fully electronic" LSRs are those (1) that are received via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI, (2) that involve no manual intervention, and (3) for which FOCs are provided mechanically to the CLEC. NOTE 2
- "Electronic/manual" LSRs are received electronically via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI and involve manual processing.
- "Manual" LSRs are received manually (via facsimile) and processed manually.
- · ASRs are measured only in business days.
- LSRs will be evaluated according to the FOC interval categories shown in the "Standards" section below, based on the number of lines/services requested on the LSR or, where multiple LSRs from the same CLEC are related, based on the combined number of lines/services requested on the related LSRs.

Reporting

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

# Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

**Disaggregation Reporting:** Statewide level (per multi-state system serving the state).

Results for this indicator are reported as follows:

- PO-5A:\* FOCs provided for <u>fully electronic</u> LSRs received via:
   PO-5A-1 IMA-GUI
  - PO-5A-2 IMA-EDI
- PO-5B:\* FOCs provided for electronic/manual LSRs received via:
  - PO-5B-1 IMA-GUI
  - PO-5B-2 IMA-EDI
- PO-5C:\* FOCs provided for manual LSRs received via Facsimile.
- PO-5D: FOCs provided for ASRs requesting LIS Trunks.
  - Each of the PO-5A, PO-5B and PO-5C measurements listed above will be further disaggregated as follows:
  - (a) FOCs provided for Resale services and UNE-P
  - (b) FOCs provided for Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled Network Elements
  - (c) FOCs provided for LNP

#### Formula:

PO-5A = {[Count of LSRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (LSR received date/time (based on scheduled up time))" is within 20 minutes] + (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

PO-5B, 5C, & 5D = {[Count of LSRs/ASRs for which the original FOC's "(FOC Notification Date & Time) - (Application Date & Time)" is within the intervals specified for the service category involved] + (Total Number of original FOC Notifications transmitted for the service category in the reporting period)} x 100

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### PO-5 - Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

#### Exclusions:

- LSRs/ASRs involving individual case basis (ICB) handling based on quantities of lines, as specified
  in the "Standards" section below, or service/request types, deemed to be <u>projects</u>.
- Hours on Weekends and holidays. (Except for PO-5A which only excludes hours outside the scheduled up time).
- LSRs with CLEC-requested FOC arrangements different from standard FOC arrangements.

· Records with invalid product codes.

- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Duplicate LSR numbers. (Exclusion to be eliminated upon implementation of IMA capability to disallow duplicate LSR #s.)
- Invalid start/stop dates/times.

### Additional PO-5D exclusion:

Records with invalid application or confirmation dates.

Product Reporting:	Standards:	territoria.	·····
	• For PO-5A (all):	95% within 20 minutes Note 2	
<ul> <li>For PO-5A, -5B and -5C:</li> </ul>	For PO-5B (all):	90% within standard FOC in (specified below)	itervals
(a) Resale services UNE-P (POTS)	For PO-5C (manual):	90% within standard FOC in specified below PLUS 2	tervals 24 hours <sup>NOTE 3</sup>
and UNE-P Centrex	For PO-5D (LIS Trunks):	85% within eight business da	ays
(b) Unbundled Loops and specified Unbundled Network	Standard FOC II	ntervals for PO-5B and PO-50	2
Elements.	Product Group NOTE 1		FOC Interval
(c) LNP	Resale		
E - DO CD 110	Residence and Business POTS	5 1-39 lines	
For PO-5D: LIS     Trunks.	ISDN-Basic	1-10 lines	
rrunks.	<ul> <li>Conversion As Is</li> </ul>		24 hours
	<ul> <li>Adding/Changing feat</li> </ul>	ures	
•	<ul> <li>Add primary directory</li> </ul>	listing to established loop	
	<ul> <li>Add call appearance</li> </ul>		1
	Centrex Non-Design	1-19 lines	1
	with no Common Block		1
	Centrex line feature change	jes/adds/removals (all)	
	LNP	1-24 lines	
	Unbundled Loops	1-24 loops	<b>!</b>
-	2/4 Wire analog		
	DS3 Capable Sub-loop	1-24 sub-loops	1
	fincluded in Product Repo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Line Sharing/Line Splitting/L		
		1-24 shared loops	
	[included in Product Repo		
	Unbundled Network Element	-Platform (UNE-P POTS)	

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1 - 39 lines

### PO-5 - Firm Order Confirmations (FOCs) On Time (continued)

<u> </u>	Resale	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>
	ISDN-Basic	1-10 lines	
i		1-10 111169	
	<ul> <li>Conversion As Specified</li> </ul>		48 hours
1	<ul> <li>New Installs</li> </ul>		46 nours
1	<ul> <li>Address Changes</li> </ul>	·	
1	<ul> <li>Change to add Loop</li> </ul>		
	ISDN-PRI (Facility)	1-3	
]	PBX	1-24 trunks	
	DS0 or Voice Grade Equivalent	1-24	
1	DS1 Facility	1-24	
	DS3 Facility	1-3	
<u> </u>	LNP	25-49 lines	
1	Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs)	20 40 11/103	
	[included in Product Reporting group (b)]		
1		0.4 atanutta	
	DS1 1	-24 circuits	
l	Resale	. <del> </del>	
1	Centrex (including Centrex 21, Non-	lesign,	
1	Centrex 21 Basic ISDN, Centrex-Plus,		
1	Centron, Centrex Primes) 1-10 lines  - With Common Block Configuration required  - Initial establishment of Centrex CMS services  - Tie lines or NARs activity		
1			
1			
1	- Subsequent to initial Common Block		
		DIOCK	
	- Station lines		72 hours
	<ul> <li>Automatic Route Selection</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Uniform Call Distribution</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Additional numbers</li> </ul>		
[	UNE-P Centrex	1-10 lines	
	UNE-P Centrex 21	1-10 lines	
ĺ	Unbundled Loops with Facility Check®	юте 2,3) 1 — 24 loops	
]	2/4 wire Non-loaded		
	ADSL compatible		
	ISDN capable		
1	XDSL-I capable		
	DS1 capable		
į į	Resale		<u> </u>
	ISDN-PRI (Trunks)	1-12 trunks	96 hours
[	For PO-5D:		8 business
		1-240 trunk circuits	days
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	LSRs with quantities above the control of the		ecified for
	each product type are considered ICB.		
	Unbundled Loop with Facility Check can be processed		
	electronically; however, because this category always carries		
		nour FOC interval the FOC results for this product will	
	appear in PO-5B if received electronically or PO-5C if received		
J	appear in PO-5B if received e	electronically or PO-5	C II IECEIVEU
	manually.	•	
	manually. 3. Unbundled Loop with Facility	Check will not add a	n additional
	manually.	Check will not add a	n additional
	manually. 3. Unbundled Loop with Facility	Check will not add a	n additional

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### PO-6 - Work Completion Notification Timeliness

#### Purpose:

To evaluate the timeliness of Qwest issuing electronic notification at an LSR level to CLECs that provisioning work on all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR have been completed in the Service Order Processor and the service is available to the customer.

#### PO-6A & 6B:

- Includes all orders completed in the Qwest Service Order Processor that generate completion notifications in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- The start time is the date/time when the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is posted as completed in the Service Order Processor.
- The end time is when the electronic order completion notice is made available (IMA-GUI) NOTE 1 or transmitted (IMA-EDI) to the CLEC via the ordering interface used to place the local service request. The notification is transmitted at an LSR level when all service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR are complete.
- With hours: minutes reporting, hours counted are during the published Gateway Availability hours. Gateway Availability hours are based on the currently published hours of availability found on the following website: http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/ossHours.html.

Reporting Period:

Unit of Measure:

One month Reporting

PO-6A - 6B:

Hrs:Mins

Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results.

- Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
- PO-6A Notices transmitted via IMA-GUI PO-6B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI

#### Formula:

### For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-GUI:

PO-6A = Σ((Date and Time Completion Notification made available to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor)) ÷ (Number of completion notifications made available in reporting period)

#### For completion notifications generated from LSRs received via IMA-EDI:

PO-6B =  $\Sigma$ ((Date and Time Completion Notification transmitted to CLEC) - (Date and Time the last of the service orders that comprise the CLEC LSR is completed in the Service Order Processor.)) + (Number of completion notifications transmitted in reporting period)

#### **Exclusions:**

#### PO-6A & 6B:

· Records with invalid completion dates.

Notes:

- LSRs submitted manually (e.g., via facsimile).
- ASRs submitted via EXACT.

**Product Reporting:** 

Standard: 6 hours

PO - 6A & 6B Aggregate reporting for all products ordered through IMA-GUI and, separately, IMA-EDI (see disaggregation reporting).

#### Availability:

#### Available

The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI is the time Qwest stores a status update related to the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window or by using the LSR Notice Inquiry

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### PO-7 - Billing Completion Notification Timeliness

To evaluate the timeliness with which electronic billing completion notifications are made available or transmitted to CLECs, focusing on the percentage of notifications that are made available or transmitted (for CLECs) or posted in the billing system (for Qwest retail) within five business days

#### PO-7A & 7B:

- This measurement includes all orders posted in the CRIS billing system for which billing completion notices are made available or transmitted in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time a service order is completed in the SOP to the time billing completion for the order is made available or transmitted to the CLEC.
  - The time a notice is "made available" via the IMA-GUI consists of the time Qwest stores the completion notice in the IMA Status Updates database. When this occurs, the notice can be immediately viewed by the CLEC using the Status Updates window.
  - The time a notice is "transmitted" via IMA-EDI consists of the time Qwest actually transmits the completion notice via IMA-EDI. Applicable only to those CLECs who are certified and setup to receive the notices via IMA-EDI.
- The start time is when the completion of the service order is posted in the Qwest SOP. The end time is when, confirming that the order has been posted in the CRIS billing system, the electronic billing completion notice is made available to the CLEC via the same ordering interface (IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) as used to submit the LSR.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of these measurements are those that are five business days or less

#### PO-7C:

- This measurement includes all retail orders posted in the CRIS Billing system in the reporting period, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Intervals used in this measurement are from the time an order is completed in the SOP to the time it is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- The start time is when the completion of the order is posted in the SOP. The end time is when the order is posted in the CRIS billing system.
- Intervals counted in the numerator of this measurement are those that are five business days or

#### Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

### **Reporting Comparisons:**

PO-7A and -7B: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC

results PO-7C: Qwest retail results. Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- PO-7A Notices made available via IMA-GUI
- PO-7B Notices transmitted via IMA-EDI PO-7C Billing system posting completions for Qwest Retail

### Formula:

For wholesale service orders Qwest generates for LSRs received via IMA:

(Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period made available PO-7A =

within five business days of posting complete in the SOP) + (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices made available during the reporting period)

PO-7B = (Number of electronic billing completion notices in the reporting period transmitted within five business days of posting complete in the SOP) + (Total Number of electronic billing completion notices transmitted during the reporting period)

For service orders Qwest generates for retail customers (i.e., the retail analogue for PQ-7A & -7B):

(Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting PO-7C =

period that were posted within 5 business days) + (Total number of retail service orders posted in the CRIS billing system in the reporting period)

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# PO-7 - Billing Completion Notification Timeliness (continued)

Exclusions:		
PO-7A, 7B & 7C		
<ul> <li>Services that are not billed through CRIS, e.g. Resale Frame Relay.</li> <li>Records with invalid completion dates.</li> </ul>		
PO-7A & 7B		
LSRs submitted manually.		
ASRs submitted via EXACT.		
Product Reporting: Aggregate reporting for all products ordered through IMA-GUI and, separately, IMA-EDI (see disaggregation reporting).  Standard: PO-7A and -7B: I		Standard: PO-7A and -7B: Parity with PO-7C
Availability: Available	Notes:	

# PO-8 - Jeopardy Notice Interval

# Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of jeopardy notifications, focusing on how far in advance of original due dates jeopardy notifications are provided to CLECs (regardless of whether the due date was actually missed).

## Description:

Measures the average time lapsed between the date the customer is first notified of an order jeopardy event and the original due date of the order.

Includes all orders completed in the reporting period that received leopardy notifications

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Average Business days NOTE 1
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. (This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)

### Formula:

 $[\Sigma(Date\ of\ the\ original\ due\ date\ of\ orders\ completed\ in\ the\ reporting\ period\ that\ received\ jeopardy\ notification)$   $\div\ Total\ orders\ completed\ in\ the\ reporting\ period\ that\ received\ jeopardy\ notification]$ 

### **Exclusions:**

- · Jeopardies done after the original due date is past.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or <u>application dates</u>.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.	
Product Reporting:	Standards:
A Non-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS
B Unbundled Loops (with or without	B Parity with Retail POTS
Number Portability)	
C LIS Trunks	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) services
D UNE-P (POTS)	D Parity with Retail POTS
Availability:	Notes:
Available	For PO-8A and -D, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS) and for all other products reported under PO-8B and -8C, Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due on Saturday.

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# PO-9 - Timely Jeopardy Notices

#### Purpose:

When original due dates are missed, measures the extent to which Qwest notifies customers in advance of jeopardized due dates.

## Description:

Measures the percentage of late orders for which advance jeopardy notification is provided.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by
   Qwest and which are completed/closed in the reporting period that missed the original due date.
   Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Missed due date orders with jeopardy notifications provided on or after the original due date is
  past will be counted in the denominator of the formula but will not be counted in the numerator.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
(This measure is reported by jeopardy notification process as used for the categories shown under Product Reporting.)

#### Formula:

[(Total missed due date orders completed in the reporting period that received jeopardy notification in advance of original due date)  $\div$  (Total number of missed due date orders completed in the reporting period)]  $\times$  100

## **Exclusions:**

- · Orders missed for customer reasons.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

Product i	Reporting:	Standards:
AN	Ion-Designed Services	A Parity with Retail POTS
	Inbundled Loops (with or without Number Portability)	B Parity with Retail POTS
CL	IS Trunks	C Parity with Feature Group D (FGD) Services
D L	JNE-P (POTS)	D Parity with Retail POTS
Availabil	ty: Available	Notes:

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# PO-15 - Number of Due Date Changes per Order

Purpose:			
To evaluate the extent to which Qwest changes due dates on orders.			
Description:			
Measures the average num	ber of Qwest	due date d	changes per order.
<ul> <li>Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that have been assigned a due date in the reporting period subject to the exclusions below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity.</li> <li>Counts all due date changes made for Qwest reasons following assignment of the original due</li> </ul>			
date.	anges made to	A GENEGICIA	casons following assignment of the singular acc
Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Average Number of Due Date Changes		asure: Average Number of Due Date Changes	
Reporting Comparisons:			Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
CLEC aggregate, individua	I CLEC, and C	west	
retail results.			
Formula:			
Σ(Count of Qwest due date	e changes on a	all orders)	÷ (Total orders in reporting period)
Exclusions:  Customer requested due date changes. Records involving official company services. Records with invalid due dates or application dates.			
Records with invalid product codes.     Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.			
Product Reporting: Standa		Standard:	
None Di		Diagnostic	
Availability: Available	Notes:		

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## PO-16 - Timely Release Notifications

Measures the percent of release notifications for changes to specified OSS interfaces sent by Qwest to CLECs within the intervals and scope specified within the change management plan found on Qwest's Change Management Process, (CMP) website at http://www.qwest.com/wholesale/cmp/whatiscmp.html.

- Measures the percent of release notices that are sent by Qwest within the intervals/timeframes prescribed by the release notification procedure on Qwest's CMP website.
  - Release notices measured are:
    - Draft Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
    - Final Technical Specifications (for App to App interfaces only);
    - Draft Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only);
    - Final Release Notices (for IMA-GUI interfaces only); and OSS Interface Retirement Notices. NOTE 2

    - For the following OSS interfaces:
    - IMA-GUI, IMA-EDI;
    - CEMR:
    - Exchange Access, Control, & Tracking (EXACT); NOTE 3
    - Electronic Bonding Trouble Administration (EB -TA); NOTE 4
      IABS and CRIS Summary Bill Outputs; NOTE 5
      Loss and Completion Records; NOTE 5

    - New OSS interfaces (for introduction notices only.) NOTE 6
    - Also included are notifications for connectivity or system function changes to Resale Product
    - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest relating to the following products and service categories: LIS/Interconnection, Collocation, Unbundled Network Elements (UNE), Ancillary, and Resale Products and Services.
    - Includes OSS interface release notifications by Qwest to CLECs for the following OSS functions: Pre-Ordering, Ordering, Provisioning, Repair and Maintenance, and Billing.
    - Includes Types of Changes as specified in the "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Document" (Section 4 - Types of Changes).
  - Includes all OSS interface release notifications pertaining to the above OSS systems, subject to the exclusions specified below.
- Release Notifications sent on or before the date required by the CMP are considered timely. A release notification "sent date" is determined by the date of the e-mail sent by Qwest that provides the Release Notification. NOTE 7
- Release Notifications sent after the date required by the (CMP) are considered untimely. Release Notifications required but not sent are considered untimely.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.

# Formula:

[(Number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes made within the reporting period that are sent on or before the date required by the change management plan (CMP) + Total number of required release notifications for specified OSS interface changes within reporting period)]x100

- Changes to be implemented on an expedited basis (exception to OSS notification intervals) as mutually agreed upon by CLECs and Qwest through the CMP.
- Changes where Qwest and CLECs agree, through the CMP, that notification is unnecessary.

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# PO-16 Timely Release Notifications (continued)

<b>Product Reportir</b>	ng: None	Standards:	
		Vol. 1-10: No more than one	
		untimely notification	
		Vol. > 10: 92.5% timely notifications	
Availability: Available	Notes:		
		nge Management Process Document specifies the ations by type of notification. These intervals are management plan.	
	The documents described Interfaces" of the "Qwest V		
	EXACT is a Telecordia system. Only release notifications for changes initiated by Qwest for hardware or connectivity will be included in this measurement.		
	4. EB-TA is the same system as MEDIACC.		
		Completions will adhere to the notification intervals  - Changes to Existing Application to Application	
6. The documents described in section "7.0 – Introduction of Neithe "Qwest Wholesale Change Management Process Docume Release Announcement and Preliminary Implementation Platonly), "Initial Interface Technical Specification" (new App to App only), "Reference Technical Specifications of a New OSS in this measurement even though the new system is not explemented to be added to the measurement for purposes of measuring and retirement notifications unless specifically incorporated a change to the PID.  7. The intervals used to determine timeliness are based on CM.		inge Management Process Document" as "Initial and Preliminary Implementation Plan" (new App to App Innical Specification" (new App to App Innical Specification" (new App Innical Specification" (new App Innical Specification of Introduction of a New OSS" are to be included though the new system is not explicitly listed in the SPID. However, once implemented, the system will be specifically introduction of measuring release, change	

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# PO-19 - Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy

#### Purpose:

Evaluates Qwest's ability to provide accurate production-like tests to CLECs for testing new releases in the SATE and production environments and testing between releases in the SATE environment.

# Description:

- Measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in the IMA
  EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are successfully executed
  in SATE at the time a new IMA Release is deployed to SATE. In months where no release activity
  occurs, measures the percentage of test transactions that conform to the test scenarios published in
  the current IMA EDI Data Document-for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) that are
  successfully executed in SATE during the between-releases monthly performance test.
- Includes one test transaction for each test scenario published in the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).
- Test transactions will be executed for each of the IMA releases supported in SATE utilizing all test scenarios for each of the current versions of the IMA EDI Data Document – for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE).
- . The successful execution of a transaction is determined by the Qwest Test Engineer according to:
  - The expected results of the test scenario as described in the IMA EDI Data Document for the Stand Alone Test Environment (SATE) and the EDI disclosure document.
  - The transactions strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Disclosure Documentation for each release and the associated Addenda.
- · For this measurement, Qwest will execute the test transactions in the Stand-Alone Test Environment.
  - Release related test transactions will be executed when a full or point release of IMA is installed in SATE. These transactions will be executed within five <u>business days</u> of the numbered release being originally installed in SATE. This five-business day period will be referred to as the "Testing Window"
  - Mid-release monthly performance test transactions will be executed in the months when no Testing Window for a release is completed. These transactions will be executed on the 15<sup>th</sup>, or the nearest working day to the 15<sup>th</sup> of the month, in the months when no release related test transactions are executed.
- Test transaction results will be reported by release and included in the Reporting Period during which
  the release transactions or mid-release test transactions are completed.
   PO-19B
- Validates the extent that SATE mirrors production by measuring the percentage of IMA EDI test transactions that produce comparable results in SATE and in production.
  - Transactions counted as producing comparable results are those that return correctly formatted data and fields as specified in the release's EDI disclosure document and developer worksheets related to the IMA release being tested.
  - Comparability will be determined by evaluating the data and fields in each EDI message for the
    test transactions against the same data and fields for Preorder queries, LSRs, and
    Supplementals, and returned as Query Responses, Acknowledgements, Firm Order
    Confirmations (FOCs) for flow-through eligible products, and rejects.
- Test transactions are executed one time for each new major IMA release within 7 days after the IMA release.
  - Test transactions consist of a defined suite of Product/Activity combinations. Qwest's three regions will be represented. NOTE 2
  - Pre-order, Order, and Post-order transactions (FOCs for flow-through products) are included.
- With respect to the comparability of the structure and content of results from SATE and production
  environments, this measurement focuses only on the validity of the structure and the validity of the
  content, per developer worksheets and EID mapping examples distributed as part of release
  notifications. NOTE 3

Reporting Period:	Unit of Measure:	Percent	1
PO-19A — One month			
PO-19B: - One month (for those months in			

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# PO-19 Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy (continued)

which release-related test transactions are completed)	
Reporting Comparisons: None	Disaggregation Reporting: PO-19A – Reported separately for each release tested in the reporting period PO-19B – None
Formula:	

## PO-19A

[(Total number of successfully completed SATE test transactions executed for a Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period) - (Total number of SATE test transactions executed for each Software Release or between-releases performance test completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

#### PO-19B

[(Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production that produce comparable results for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period) + (Total number of completed IMA EDI test transactions executed in SATE and production for each new major IMA Software Release completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

### Exclusions:

#### For PO-19B:

- Transactions that fail due to the unavailability of a content item (e.g., TN exhaustion in SATE or the production environment) or a function in the SATE or production environments (e.g., address validation query or CSR query) that is unsuccessful due to an outage in systems that interface with IMA-EDI (e.g., PREMIS or SIA).
- Transactions that fail because of differences between the production and SATE results caused when an IMA candidate is implemented into IMA and not SATE (i.e., where CMP decides not to implement an IMA candidate in a SATE release: e.g., the Reject Duplicate LSR candidate in IMA 12.0). This exclusion does not apply during reporting periods in which there are no differences between production IMA and SATE caused by SATE releases packaged pursuant to CMP decisions

Product Reporting: None	Standard:
	PO-19A – 95% for each release tested
	PO-19B - 95%
Availability:	Notes:
Available	<ol> <li>Transactions that are executed and found to have inconsistencies with the data and format rules will be corrected and rerun. Rerun volumes will not be counted in the denominator for PO-19. Such corrections and re-executions are intended to enforce strict adherence to business rules published in Qwest's most current IMA EDI Data and Disclosure Documents.</li> </ol>
	2. The product and activity combinations that make up the test decks for PO-19B will be updated after each major IMA software release and provided to CLECs with the publication of IMA EDI Draft Interface Technical Specifications for the next major IMA software release as defined in the CMP process. All combinations with EDI transaction volumes > 100 in the previous 12-month period will be included in the test deck. 75 days prior to the execution of the test, Qwest will run a query against IMA to determine which combinations meet the criteria for inclusion (i.e., volumes > 100).

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PO-19 Stand-Alone Test Environment (SATE) Accuracy (continued)	
	3. The intent of this provision is to avoid including the effects of circumstances beyond the SATE environment that could cause differences in SATE and production results that are not due to problems in mirroring production. For example, because of real-time data manipulation in production, an appointment availability query transaction in SATE will not return the same list of available appointments as in production. Available appointments in production are fully dependent on real-time activities that occur there, whereas available appointments in SATE are based on a predefined list that is representative of production.

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# PO-20 (Expanded) - Manual Service Order Accuracy

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the degree to which Qwest accurately processes CLECs' Local Service Requests (LSRs), which are electronically-submitted and manually processed by Qwest, into Qwest Service Orders, based on mechanized comparisons of specified LSR-Service Order fields and focusing on the percentage of manually-processed Service Orders that are accurate/error-free.

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of manually-processed Qwest Service Orders that are populated correctly, in specified data fields, with information obtained from CLEC LSRs.

- Includes only Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs that Qwest receives NOTE 1 electronically (via IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI) and manually processes in the creation of Service Orders, regardless of flow through eligibility, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes only Service Orders, from the product reporting categories specified below, that request inward line or feature activity (Change, New, and Transfer order types), are assigned a due date by Qwest, and are completed/closed in the reporting period. Change Service Order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action-coded line or feature USOCs.
- All Service Orders satisfying the above criteria and as specified in the Availability section below are evaluated in this measurement.
- An inward line Service Order will be classified as "accurate" and thus counted in the numerator in the formula below when the mechanized comparisons of this measurement determine that the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order. An inward feature Service Order will be classified as "accurate" if the fields specified in the Service Order Fields Evaluated section below (when the source fields have been properly populated on the LSR) are all accurate on the Service Order and if no CLEC notifications to the call center have generated call center tickets coded to LSR/SO mismatch for that order.
  - Service Orders will be counted as being accurate if the contents of the relevant fields, as recorded in the completed Service Orders involved in provisioning the service, properly match or correspond to the information from the specified fields as provided in the latest version of associated LSRs.
  - Service orders generated from LSRs receiving a PIA (Provider Initiated Activity value will be counted
    as being accurate if each and every mismatch has a correct and corresponding PIA value.
  - Service Orders, including those otherwise considered accurate under the above-described mechanized field comparison, will not be counted as accurate if Qwest corrects errors in its Service Order(s) as a result of contacts received from CLECs no earlier than one business day prior to the original due date.

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to exclude Service Orders that are the subject of call center tickets counted in OP-5B and OP-5T, as having new service problems attributed to Service Order errors.	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:
CLEC Aggregate and individual CLEC	Statewide Level
Formula:	About a of a plant d Control Colors

[(Number of accurate, evaluated Service Orders) + (Number of evaluated Service Orders completed in the reporting period)] x 100

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	from a O.A

#### **Exclusions:**

- Service Orders that are the subject of call center tickets counted in OP-5B and OP-5T as having new service problems attributed to Service Order errors.
- Cancelled Service Orders.
- Service Orders that cannot be matched to a corresponding LSR
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

## **Product Reporting:**

- Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21)
- Unbundled Loops (Analog and Non-Loaded 2/4-wire, DS1 Capable, DS3 and higher Capable, ADSL Compatible, XDSL-I Capable, ISDN-BRI Capable)

Standard: Benchmarks, as follows:

Phase 1	97%
Phase 2	96%
Phase 3 & beyond	95%

## Availability:

- Phase 0 PO-20 (Old) (the first version using
- sampling of limited fields). (Available now)
  Phase 1<sup>NOTE 2</sup> PO-20 (Expanded) Mechanized version (as defined herein). All qualifying orders associated with initial LSRs received via IMA version 15.0 or higher beginning with May 2004 data reported in Jul 04.
- Phase 2 Additional fields added. No later than Sep 04 results reported in Nov 04
- Phase 3- Additional fields added. Targeted for 1st Quarter 05
- Phase 4 Additional fields added. (Date TBD)

### Notes:

- 1. To be included in the measurement, Service Orders created from CLEC LSRs must be received and completed in the same version of IMA-GUI or IMA-EDI.
- Phase 1: Consists of all manually-processed, qualifying Service Orders per product reporting category specified above, from throughout Qwest's 14-state local service region.

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)			
	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:	
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:	
LSR	CCNA	Customer Carrier Name Abbreviation	CCNA field of LSR form compared to the RSID/ZCID field identifier in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.	
	PON	Purchase Order Number	PON field of LSR form compared to the PON field in Bill Section of the Service Order.	
	D/TSENT	Date and time sent	The D/TSENT field of LSR form from the Firm Order Manager, using applied business day cut-off rules and business typing rules, and compare to the APP (Application Date) used on the Service Order.	
	CHC	Coordinated Hot Cut Requested	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service Order matches the Coordinated Cut request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the TEST field to determine correct USOC.)	
	TEST	Testing required	Applies only to Unbundled Loop.  Validate that the installation USOC used on the Service  Order matches the TEST request. (Evaluated in conjunction with the CHC field to determine correct USOC.)	
	NC	Network Channel Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop. NC field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.	

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	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated		
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)		
	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:
	NCI	Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop NCI field on the LSR form compared to provisioning USOC for CKL1 on the Service Order.
	SECNCI	Secondary Network Channel Interface Code	Applies only to Unbundled Loop orders. SECNCI field on the LSR form compared to the provisioning USOC for CKL2 on the Service Order.
	PIC	InterLATA Pre- subscription Indicator Code	PIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to PIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.  Note:  LSR PIC = None; S.O. PIC = None
Resale or Centrex	LPIC	IntraLATA Pre- subscription Indicator Code	LPIC field on Resale or Centrex form compared to LPIC populated on the "I" or "T" action lines in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.  Note:  LSR LPIC = None; S.O. LPIC = 9199  LSR LPIC = DFLT; S.O. LPIC = 5123
	TNS	Telephone Numbers	Validate that all telephone numbers in the TNS fields in the Service Details section on the Resale or Centrex form requiring inward activity are addressed on the Service Order.
Resale or Centrex	FA/ FEATURE	Feature Activity/Feature Codes	When the FA = N, T, V Validate line and feature USOCs provided in the FEATURE field on the Resale or Centrex form are addressed with "I" and/or "T" action lines on the Service Order. Note: Comparison will be based on the USOCs associated with line and feature activity listed in the PO-20 USOC List posted on Qwest's public website, on the web page containing the current PID www.qwest.com/wholesale/results). Qwest may add USOCs to the list, delete grand-fathered/ discontinued or obsolete USOCs, or update USOCs assigned to listed descriptions by providing notice in the monthly Summary of Notes and updating the list.

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated				
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)				
	Mechanized comparison of the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:				
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:		
LS	ECCKT	Exchange Company Circuit ID	Applies to LSRs with ACT = C (only when NC code has not changed, M, or T.  ECCKT field on the LS form compared to the CLS field in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.		
LS/ LSNP	CFA	Connecting Facility Assignment	CFA field on the LS or LSNP forms compared to the CFA field used in CKL1 of the Service Order. (Verbal acceptance of CFA changes will be FOC'd and PIA'd, which will account for the mismatch and eliminate it as an error in the PO-20 calculation.		
DL – Directory Listings form (Evaluated only for Local Main Listings)	LTY	Listing Type	LTY = 1 (Listed – appears in DA and the directory.) Validate that there is a LN in the List section of the Service Order.  LTY = 2 (Non Listed – appears only in DA.) Validate that there is non listing instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order.  Central/Western Region: Validate that the left handed field is NLST and (NON-LIST) is contained in the NLST data field in the List section of the Service order.  Eastern Region: Validate that the left handed field is NL and (NON LIST) is contained in the NL data field in the List section of the Service Order.  LTY = 3 (Non Pub - does not appear in the directory and telephone number does not appear in DA.) Validate that there is non published instructions in the LN field in the List section of the Service Order.  Central/Western Regions: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NON-PUB) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order.  Eastern Region: Validate that the left handed field is NP and (NP LODA) or (NP NODA) is contained in the NP data field in the List section of the Service Order.		
DL – Di (Evaluated on	TOA	Type of Account	Validate TOA entries (only reviewed when BRO field on DL form is not populated):  TOA valid entries are B or RP Validate that there is a semi colon (;) within the LN in the List section of the Service Order.  TOA valid entries are R or BP Validate that there is a comma (,) within the LN in the List section of the Service Order.  Exception: When LSR-TOS = 3, TOA review is Not Applicable. Handled by Complex Listing Group. Requires separate Service Order.		
	DML	Direct Mail List	DML field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OCLS).		
	NOSL.	No Solicitation Indicator	Arizona Only NOSL field = Y on DL form; Service Order LN contains (NSOL) (OCLS).		

	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
	Phase 1 – (Effective with LSRs received beginning May 2004)			
	Mechani	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:	
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:	
	TMKT	Telemarketing	Colorado Only TMKT field = O on DL form; Service Order LN contains (OATD). When both the DML and the TMKT fields are populated, DML validation applies.	
	LNLN and LNFN	Listed Name	LNLN and LNFN fields on DL form compared to the LN field in the List section of the Service Order.	
	ADI	Address Indicator	ADI = O on DL form; Service Order LA contains (OAD).	
	LAPR	Listed Address Number Prefix	LAPR field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.	
	LANO	Listed Address Number	LANO field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.	
	LASF	Listed Address Number Suffix	LASF field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.	
	LASD	Listed Address Street Directional	LASD field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.	
	LASN	Listed Address Street Name	LASN field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.	
	LATH	Listed Address Street Type	LATH field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.	
	LASS	Listed Address Street Directional Suffix	LASS field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.	
	LALOC	Listed Address Locality	LALOC field of the Listing form compared to LA in the List section of the Service Order.	

	Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
	Mechan	ized comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:	
LSR Field   Form   Code   LSR Field Name   Remarks/Service Order Field:		Remarks/Service Order Field:		
LSR	DSPTCH	Dispatch	Limited to Unbundled Loops where ACT = Z or V only.  If DSPTCH field on the LSR form = Y, validate dispatch USOC in the Service and Equipment section of the Service Order.	
Centrex	LTC	Line Treatment Code	Applies only to Centrex 21 LTC field numeric value on the Centrex form compared to the data following the CAT field for the Line USOC on the Service Order.	
	cos	Class of Service - Qwest Specific	Applies only to Centrex 21. COS field of the Centrex form compared to the CS field in the ID section of the Service Order.	

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Phase 2 – No later than Sep 04 results			
LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
		ized comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	As specified in Appendix A of the 14 State Working PID. Comparison would be based on the fields associated with the USOC list referenced under Feature Activity in Phase 1 above.
			Targeted for 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 05
	······································		ce Order Fields Evaluated
	Mechani LSR Field	zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:
Form	Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:
Resale or Centrex	BLOCK (Stage 1)	Blocking Type	For each LNUM provided in the Service Detail section of the Resale or Centrex form when BA = E:  Note: The BLOCK field may have one or more alpha and/or numeric values per LNUM. This review will only validate based on BA/BLOCK fields and will not address blocking information provided in the "Remark" section on the LSR or the Feature Detail section of the LSR. The values listed below will be considered as follows:  If BLOCK contains A, validate FID TBE A is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM.  If BLOCK contains B, validate FID TBE B is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM.  If BLOCK contains C, validate FID TBE C is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM.  If BLOCK contains H, validate FID BLKD is present on the service order floated behind line USOC associated with the TNS for that LNUM.

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	Phase 4 – Date TBD			
	LSR-Service Order Fields Evaluated			
		zed comparison of	the fields from the Service Order to the LSR:	
Form	LSR Field Code	LSR Field Name	Remarks/Service Order Field:	
	DFDT	Desired Frame Due Time	Applicable only to orders for Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21) DFDT field on the LSR form compared to the FDT field in the Extended ID section of the Service Order.	
LSR	DDD	Desired Due Date	DDD field from the last FOC'd LSR compared to the original or last subsequent due date in the Extended ID section on the Service Order when no CFLAG/PIA is present on the FOC. (i.e. Evaluation includes recognition of valid differences between DDD and Service Order based on population of the CFLAG/PIA field on the LSRC (FOC))	
DL – Directory Listings form (Evaluated only for Local Main Listings)	LNPL	Listed Telephone Number	For Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21): LTN field on the Listing form compared to the Main Account Number of the Service Order.  For Unbundled Loop: LTN field on the Listing form compared to the TN floated after the LN in the Listing section of the Service Order.	
Δ.		Letter Name Placement	LNPL field on the Listing form = L, validate that LN on the Service Order follows letter placement versus word placement.	
Resale or Centrex	FEATURE DETAILS	Feature Details	If CLECs propose additional FIDs for review, Qwest will undertake a feasibility evaluation.	
	BLOCK (Stage 2)	Blocking Type	If CLECs identify value in additional Blocking review, Qwest will undertake development. [Requirements to be developed]	

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# **Ordering and Provisioning**

# OP-2 - Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds - Interconnect Provisioning Center

Purpose:					
Evaluates the timeliness of CLEC access to Qwest's interconnection provisioning center(s) and retail					
customer access to the Business Office, focusing or	the extent calls are answered within 20 seconds.				
Description:					
Measures the percentage of (Interconnection Provis	ioning Center or Retail Business Office) calls that				
are answered by an agent within 20 seconds of the	first ring.				
<ul> <li>Includes all calls to the Interconnect Provisionin reporting period, subject to exclusions specified</li> </ul>					
· Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as	calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.				
<ul> <li>First ring is defined as when the customer's call Call Distributor).</li> </ul>					
. Answer is defined as when the call is first picked	d up by the Qwest agent.				
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent				
-					
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.					
Qwest Retail results					
Formula:					
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100					
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU Voice Respons	se Unit is not counted.				
Product Reporting: Not applicable Standard: Parity					
Availability: Notes:					
Available					
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# **OP-3 – Installation Commitments Met**

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest installs services for Customers by the scheduled due date.

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of orders for which the scheduled due date is met.

- All inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and
  which are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions
  specified below. Change order types included in this measurement consist of all C orders
  representing inward activity. Also included are orders with customer-requested due dates longer
  than the standard interval.
- Completion date on or before the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest is counted as a met due
  date. The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer,
  the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest
  reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to
  the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

### Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:
  - OP-3A Dispatches within MSAs:
  - OP-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and
  - OP-3C No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:

OP-3D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and

OP-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

#### Formula:

[(Total Orders completed in the reporting period on or before the Applicable Due Date) + (Total Orders Completed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

#### **Exclusions:**

- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Due dates missed for standard categories of customer and non-Qwest reasons. Standard
  categories of customer reasons are: previous service at the location did not have a customerrequested disconnect order issued, no access to customer premises, and customer hold for
  payment. Standard categories of non-Qwest reasons are: Weather. Disaster, and Work Stoppage.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- · Records with invalid completion dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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# OP - 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	1
Resale	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Network Element - Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
Unbundled Network Element Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex )	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	95%
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing     *	95%
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 90%
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Cone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
<ul> <li>Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD)</li> </ul>	T)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	. <del>Marine de Maria (17. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18. 18</del>
Analog Loop	90%
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	90%
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	90%
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	90%
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private
(aggregate)	Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
Loops with Conditioning	90%
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks

# OP - 3 Installation Commitments Met (continued)

Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0)		WA: 90%
level)		All Other States: Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended level)	tended Loops (EELs) - (DS1	90%
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3</li> </ul>		WA: 90%
level)		All Other States: Diagnostic
Availability: Available	Notes:  1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.	

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## OP-4 - Installation Interval

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of services for customers, focusing on the average time to install service.

#### Description:

Measures the average interval (in business days) NOTE 1 between the application date and the completion date for service orders accepted and implemented.

- Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) assigned a due date by Qwest and which are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order types for additional lines consist of all C orders representing inward activity.
- Intervals for each measured event are counted in whole days: the application date is day zero (0); the day following the application date is day one (1).
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Average Business Days

### Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,

individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to orders involving:
  - OP-4A Dispatches within MSAs;
  - OP-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and
  - OP-4C No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:
  - OP-4D In Interval Zone 1 areas; and OP-4E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

#### Formula:

Σ[(Order Completion Date) - (Order Application Date) - (Time interval between the Original Due Date and the Applicable Date) - (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] + Total Number of Orders Completed in the reporting period

Explanation: The average installation interval is derived by dividing the sum of installation intervals for all orders (in business days) NOTE 1 by total number of service orders completed in the reporting period.

- Orders with customer requested due dates greater than the current standard interval.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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# OP-4 - Installation Interval (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
MSA-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)</li> </ul>	Parity with like retail service
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail Centrex 21
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail Centrex
1 i O-1141	3.3 days
Line Splitting     Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	3.3 days
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: 6 days
	All Other States: Diagnostic
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	
Resale	
Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN(designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service
(aggregate)	Date with actal actain
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
<ul> <li>Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (U</li> </ul>	(TID
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	6 days
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Idaho, Iowa, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, Wyoming: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
	Arizona, Colorado, Minnesota, New Mexico, South Dakota, Utah, Washington: 5.5 days
xDSL-I capable Loop	6 days
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	6 days
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services
(aggregate)	(aggregate)

## **OP-4 – Installation Interval (continued)**

Dark Fiber - Loop

Loops with Conditioning		15 days
E911/911 Trunks		Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)     Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)		Diagnostic
		6 days
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)		Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:	
Available  1. For OP-4C, Sat Resale Resider as for the retail other products and the service order is 2. According to the per successive to the point whe		urday is counted as a business day for all orders for ce, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well analogues specified above as standards. For all inder OP-4C and for all products under OP-4A, -4B, saturday is counted as a business day when the due or completed on Saturday. It is definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up in a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no

Diagnostic

per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwest-initiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval.

Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

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## **OP-5 - New Service Quality**

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the quality of ordering and installing new services (inward line service orders), focusing on the percentage of newly-installed service orders that are free of CLEC/customer-initiated trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days following installation completion, and focusing on the quality of Qwest's resolution of such conditions with respect to multiple reports.

#### Description:

Measures two components of new service provisioning quality (OP-5A and -5B) and also reports a combined result (OP-5T), as described below, each as a percentage of all inward line service orders completed in the reporting period that are free of CLEC/customer-reported provisioning and repair trouble reports, as described below. Also measures the percentage of all provisioning and repair trouble reports that constitute multiple trouble reports for the affected service orders. (OP-5R)

- Orders for new services considered in calculating all components of this performance indicator are all
  inward line service orders completed in the reporting period, including Change (C-type) orders for
  additional lines/circuits, subject to exclusions shown below. Change order types considered in these
  measurements consist of all C orders representing inward activity. NOTE 1
- Orders for new service installations include conversions (Retail to CLEC, CLEC to CLEC, and same CLEC converting between products).
- Provisioning or repair trouble reports include both out of service and other service affecting conditions, such as features on a line that are missing or do not function properly upon conversion, subject to exclusions shown below.

## OP-5A: New Service Installation Quality Reported to Repair

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair trouble reports NOTE 2 within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions below.
- Repair trouble reports are defined as CLEC/customer notifications to Qwest of out-of-service and
  other service affecting conditions for which Qwest opens repair tickets in its maintenance and repair
  management and tracking systems NOTE 3 that are closed in the reporting period or the following
  month, NOTE 4 subject to exclusions shown below.
- Qwest is able to open repair tickets for repair trouble reports received from CLECs/customers once the service order is completed in Qwest's systems.

### **OP-5B: New Service Provisioning Quality**

- Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusions shown below.
- Provisioning trouble reports are defined as CLEC notifications to Qwest of out of service or other service affecting conditions that are attributable to provisioning activities, including but not limited to LSR/service order mismatches and conversion outages. For provisioning trouble reports, Qwest creates call center tickets in its call center database. Subject to exclusions shown below, call center tickets closed in the reporting period or the following month NOTE 4 are captured in this measurement. Call center tickets closed to Network reasons will not be counted in OP-5B when a repair trouble report for that order is captured in OP-5A. NOTE 5, 6

# **OP-5T: New Service Installation Quality Total**

 Measures the percentage of inward line service orders that are free of repair or provisioning trouble reports during the provisioning process and within 30 calendar days of installation completion, subject to exclusion shown below.

# OP-5R: New Service Quality Multiple Report Rate

- Evaluates the quality of Qwest's responses to repair and provisioning trouble reports for inward line service orders completed in the reporting period. This measurement reports, for those service orders that were not free of repair or provisioning trouble reports in OP-5A or OP-5B, the percentage of trouble reports affecting the same service orders that were followed by additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, as specified below.
- Measures the percentage of all repair and provisioning trouble reports considered in OP-5A and OP-5B that are additional repair or provisioning trouble reports received by Qwest for the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation

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# OP- 5 - New Service Quality (continued)

completion.

 Additional repair or provisioning trouble reports are defined as all such reports that are received following the first report (whether the first report is represented by a call center ticket or a repair ticket) relating to the same service order during the provisioning process or within 30 calendar days following installation completion. In all cases, the trouble reports counted are those that are defined for OP-5A and OP-5B above. NOTE 7

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to cover the 30-day period following installation.

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level

individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

#### Formulas:

- OP-5A = (Number inward line service orders completed in the reporting period Number of inward line service orders with any <u>repair trouble reports</u> as specified above) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- OP-5B = (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period Number of inward line service orders with any <u>provisioning trouble reports</u> as specified above) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- OP-5T = ([Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period] Number of inward line service orders with repair or provisioning trouble reports as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, as applicable) ÷ (Number of inward line service orders completed in the reporting period) x 100
- OP-5R = (Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports, relating to inward line service orders closed in the reporting period as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B, that constitute additional repair and provisioning trouble reports, within 30 calendar days following the installation date + Number of all repair and provisioning trouble reports relating to inward line service orders closed in the reporting period, as defined above under OP-5A or OP-5B) x 100

## Exclusions:

## Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair trouble reports attributable to CLEC or coded to non-Qwest reasons as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data, repair trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
    - Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous -Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider); and
      Reports from other than the CLEC/customer that result in a charge if dispatched.
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data, repair reports coded to codes for:
     Carrier Action (IEC); Customer Provided Equipment (CPE); Commercial power failure; Customer
    - Carrier Action (IEC); Customer Provided Equipment (CPE); Commercial power failure; Customer requested service order activity; and Other non-Qwest.
  - Repair reports coded to disposition codes for referral to another department (i.e., for non-repair ticket resolutions of non-installation-related problems, except cable cuts, which are not excluded).

# Applicable to OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R only:

- Provisioning trouble reports attributable to CLEC or non-Qwest causes.
- Call center tickets relating to activities that occur as part of the normal process of conversion (i.e., while
  Qwest is actively and properly engaged in process of converting or installing the service). Provisioning
  trouble reports involving service orders that, at the time of the calls, have fallen out for manual handling
  and been disassociated from the related service order, as applicable, will be considered as not in the
  normal process of conversion and will not be excluded.

## Applicable to OP-5A, OP-5B, OP-5T and OP-5R:

- Repair or provisioning trouble reports related to service orders captured as misses under measurements OP-13 (Coordinated Cuts Timeliness) or OP-17 (LNP Timeliness).
- Subsequent repair or provisioning trouble reports of any trouble on the installed service before the
  original repair or provisioning trouble report is closed.
- Service orders closed in the reporting period with App Dates earlier than eight months prior to the

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# OP-5 - New Service Quality (continued)

beginning of the reporting period.

Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.

Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types. When out of service or service
affecting problems are reported to the call center on conversion and move requests, the resulting call
center ticket will be included in the calculation of the numerator in association with the related inward
order type even when the call center ticket reflects the problem was caused by the Disconnect or From
order.

Records involving official Qwest company services.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement as defined herein.

Product Reporting Categories:

 As specified below – one percentage result reported for each bulleted category under the sub-measurements shown. Standards:

OP-5A: Parity with retail service

OP-5B: Diagnostic for six months following first reporting. After

six months Benchmark (TBD)

**OP-5T:** Diagnostic

OP-5R: Diagnostic for six months following first reporting.

Possible standard (TBD)

(Where parity comparisons involve multiple service varieties in a product category, weighting based on the retail analogue volumes may be used if necessary to create a comparison that is not affected by different proportions of wholesale and retail analogue volumes in the same reporting category.)

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OP- 5 - New Service Quality (continued)

roduct Reporting: Standards:				
Reported under OP-5A, OP-5B		o mostico in 1 ann Tarro DID Administr	_4!	
(Product categories may be con	OP-5A	e parties in Long-Term PID Administr OP-5B	OP-5T & OP-5R	
Resale			OI -3IX	
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	`
Centrex	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
DS0	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
DS1	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
DS3 and higher bit- rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Network     Element – Platform     (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Network     Element – Platform     (UNE-P) (Centrex 21 )	Parity with retail Centrex 21	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Network     Element – Platform     (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Dele
Loop Splitting NOTE 8	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Form
Line Sharing	Parity with retail RES & BUS POTS	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:				
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res & Bus POTS with dispatch	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Non-loaded Loop (2- wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Non-loaded Loop (4- wire)	Parity with retail DS1	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	Diagnostic	<u>Diagnostic</u>	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL with dispatch	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic	سر
(aggregate)	services (aggregate)	<u></u>	<u> </u>	Dele
Dark Fiber - Loop	Diagnostic	Diagnostic,	Diagnostic	Dele

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# **OP-5 - New Service Quality (continued)**

Enhanced Ex (EELs) – (DS)	tended Loops 0 level)	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic
Enhanced Ex (EELs) – (DS)	tended Loops 1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	6 mo. Diagnostic; Benchmark TBD	Diagnostic
	tended Loops	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic until volume criteria are met	Diagnostic
Reported under	OP-5A and un	der OP-5R (per OP-5A spe	ecifications):	
		OP-5A	OP-5R	******
LIS Trunks		Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Dedic	ated Interoffice	Transport (UDIT)		
UDIT (DS1		Parity with Retail Private Lines (DS1)	Diagnostic	
UDIT (Abo	re DS1 Level)	Parity with Retail Private Lines (Above DS1 level)	Diagnostic	
Dark Fiber	- IOF	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	
• E911/911 Tr	ınks		Diagnostic	
Availability: Available	E911/911 Trunks     Parity with Retail			ail results). s, such as eports of after the id line/circuit k Force im), and it data for porting call uiries (see ypically four gin esses that rovisioning cedures. s with
number of orders counted as a miss in OP-5B for Network reasons will be reduced by the number of orders with repair troubles counted as a miss in OP-5A.  7. OP-5R will be counted on a per ticket basis.  8. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.			٦.	

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## OP-6 - Delayed Days

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the extent Qwest is late in installing services for customers, focusing on the average number of days that late orders are completed beyond the committed due date.

#### Description:

- OP-6A Measures the average number of <u>business days</u> NOTE 1 that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for non-facility reasons attributed to Qwest.
  - Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period, later, due to non-facility reasons, than the Applicable Due Date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-6B Measures the average number of business days NOTE 1 that service is delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for facility reasons attributed to Qwest.
  - Includes all inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) that are completed/closed during the reporting period later due to facility reasons than the original due date recorded by Qwest, subject to exclusions specified below.

# For both OP-6A and OP-6B:

- Change order types for additional lines consist of "C" orders representing inward activity.
- The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most
  recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons,
  the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the
  original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any. NOTE 2
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the
  Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwestinitiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated
  due date, if any. NOTE 2

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Average Business Days

### Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

#### Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

- Results for products/services listed under Product Reporting under "MSA-type Disaggregation" will be reported for OP-6A and OP-6B according to orders involving:
  - 1. Dispatches within MSAs;
  - 2. Dispatches outside MSAs; and
    - No dispatches.
- Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to installations:
  - 4. In Interval Zone 1 areas; and
  - . In Interval Zone 2 areas.

#### Formula:

- OP-6A = Σ[(Actual Completion Date of late order for non-facility reasons) (Applicable Due Date of late order) (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] + (Total Number of Late Orders for non-facility reasons completed in the reporting period)
- OP-6B = Σ[(Actual Completion Date of late order for facility reasons) (Applicable Due Date of late order)] (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date) + (Total Number of Late Orders for facility reasons completed in the reporting period)

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# OP- 6 - Delayed Days (continued)

# Exclusions:

- Orders affected only by delays that are solely for customer and/or CLEC reasons.
- Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid due dates or <u>application dates</u>.
- Records with invalid completion dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.

Pro	Records missing data essential to the calculation oduct Reporting:	Standards:	
MS	SA-Type Disaggregation -		
•	Resale		
	Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
	Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
	Centrex	Parity with retail service	
	Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
	DS0 (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	PBX Trunks (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	Primary ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	Basic ISDN (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	Qwest DSL (non-designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service	
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
•	Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex	
•	Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	
•	Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic	
•	Line Sharing	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	
•	Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	
Zo	ne-type Disaggregation -		
•	Resale		
	Primary ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	Basic ISDN (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	DS0 (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	DS1	Parity with retail service	
	PBX Trunks (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	Qwest DSL (designed provisioning)	Parity with retail service	
	DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service	
-	(aggregate)		
	Frame Relay	Parity with retail service	
•	LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)	
	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI		
	UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line- Service	
4	UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Line- Services above DS1 level	
	Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic	
•	Unbundled Loops:	<u>,</u>	
	Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch	
	Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
	Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
	DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line	
٠	xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL, with dispatch	
	ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI	
	ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity-with-retail Owest DSL, with dispatch	

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OP-6 - Delayed Days (continued)

Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private Line services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber - Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	OP-6A: Parity with retail DS1 Private Line OP-6B: Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic

### Availability: Available

#### Notes:

- For OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, Saturday is counted as a business day for all orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other products under OP-6A-3 and OP-6B-3, and for all products under OP-6A-1, -6A-2, -6A-4, -6A-5, -6B-1, -6B-2, -6B-4, and -6B-5, Saturday is counted as a business day when the service order is due or completed on Saturday.
- According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwestinitiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwestinitiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval.
  - Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

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# OP-7 - Coordinated "Hot Cut" Interval - Unbundled Loop

Evaluates the duration of completing coordinated "hot cuts" of unbundled loops, focusing on the time actually involved in disconnecting the loop from the Owest network and connecting/testing the loop.

Measures the average time to complete coordinated "hot cuts" for unbundled loops, based on intervals beginning with the "lift" time and ending with the completion time of Qwest's applicable tests for the

- · Includes all coordinated hot cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- "Hot cut" refers to moving the service of existing customers from Qwest's switch/frames to the CLEC's equipment, via unbundled loops, that will serve the customers.
- "Lift" time is defined as when Qwest disconnects the existing loop.

<ul> <li>"Completion time" is defined as loop to the CLEC.</li> </ul>	when Qwest com	pletes the applicable tests after connecting the
Reporting Period: One month	T.	Jnit of Measure: Hours and Minutes
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Disaggregation aggregate and individual CLEC results		Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula:		
\( \sum_{\text{[Completion time - Lift time]}} \div (To completed in the reporting period)	tal Number of unb	undled loops with coordinated cutovers
Exclusions:		
<ul> <li>Time intervals associated with (</li> </ul>		•
<ul> <li>Records missing data essential to the calculation</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Invalid start/stop dates/times or</li> </ul>		
Product Reporting: Coordinated U	Inbundled	Standard:
Loops – Reported separately for:		CO: 1 hour
Analog Loops		All Other States: Diagnostic in light of OP-13
All other Loop Types	ļ	(Coordinated Cuts On Time)
Availability:		Notes:
Available	1	

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# **OP-8 - Number Portability Timeliness**

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of cutovers of local number portability (LNP).

#### Description:

- OP-8B LNP Timeliness with Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of coordinated LNP triggers set prior to the scheduled start time for the loop.
  - All orders for LNP coordinated with unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-8C LNP Timeliness without Loop Coordination (percent): Measures the percentage of LNP triggers set prior to the Frame Due Time or scheduled start time for the LNP cutover as applicable.
  - All orders for LNP for which coordination with a loop was not requested that are completed/closed during the reporting period are measured (including standalone LNP coordinated with other than Qwest-provided Unbundled Loops and non-coordinated, standalone LNP), subject to exclusions specified below.
- For purposes of these measurements (OP-8B and -8C), "trigger" refers to the "10-digit unconditional trigger" or Line Side Attribute (LSA) that is set or translated by Qwest.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a
  newly negotiated time. In the case of LNP cutovers coordinated with loops, the scheduled time
  used in this measurement will be no later than the "lay" time for the loop.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent of triggers set on time
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

#### Formula:

OP-8B = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the scheduled time for the coordinated loop cutover) + (Total Number of LNP activations coordinated with unbundled loops completed)] x 100

OP-8C = [(Number of LNP triggers set before the Frame Due Time or Scheduled Start Time) + (Total Number of LNP activations without loop cutovers completed)] x 100

#### **Exclusions:**

- CLEC-caused delays in trigger setting.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique telephone numbers and Centrex 21).
- LNP requests for which the records used as sources of data for these measurements have the following types of errors:
  - Records with no PON (purchase order number) or STATE.
  - Records where triggers cannot be set due to switch capabilities.
  - Records with invalid due dates, application dates, or start dates.
  - Records with invalid completion dates.
  - Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
  - Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid frame due or scheduled date/times.

Product Reporting: None	Standard:	95%	
Availability: Available	Notes:	-	
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# OP-13 - Coordinated Cuts On Time - Unbundled Loop

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the percentage of coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed on time, focusing on cuts completed within one hour of the committed order due time and the percent that were started without CLEC approval.

#### Description:

- Includes all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are completed/closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- OP-13A Measures the percentage of LSRs (CLEC orders) for all coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are started and completed on time. For coordinated loop cuts to be counted as "on time" in this measurement, the CLEC must agree to the start time, and Qwest must (1) receive verbal CLEC approval before starting the cut or lifting the loop, (2) complete the physical work and appropriate tests, (3) complete the Qwest portion of any associated LNP orders and (4) call the CLEC with completion information, all within one hour of the time interval defined by the committed order due time.
- OP-13B Measures the percentage of all LSRs for coordinated cuts of unbundled loops that are actually started without CLEC approval.
- "Scheduled start time" is defined as the confirmed appointment time (as stated on the FOC), or a newly negotiated appointment time.
- The "committed order due time" is based on the number and type of loops involved in the cut and is calculated by adding the applicable time interval from the following list to the scheduled start time:
  - Analog unbundled loops:

1 to 16 lines: 1 Hour 17 to 24 lines: 2 Hours

25+ lines: Project\*

All other unbundled loops:

1 to 5 lines:

6 to 8 lines:

9 to 11 lines:

12 to 24 lines:

25+ lines:

2 Hours

4 Hours

27- lines:

4 Project\*

\*For <u>Projects</u> scheduled due dates and scheduled start times will be negotiated between CLEC and Qwest, but no committed order due time is established. Therefore, projects are not included in OP-13A (see exclusion below).

- "Stop" time is defined as when Qwest notifies the CLEC that the Qwest physical work and the appropriate tests have been successfully accomplished, including the Qwest portion of any coordinated LNP orders.
- Time intervals following the scheduled start time or during the cutover process associated with customer-caused delays are subtracted from the actual cutover duration.
- Where Qwest's records of completed coordinated cut transactions are missing evidence of CLEC approval of the cutover, the cut will be counted as a miss under both OP-13A and OP-13B.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Results for this measurement will be reported according to:

**OP-13A Cuts Completed On Time** 

OP-13B Cuts Started Without CLEC Approval

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# OP-13 - Coordinated Cuts On Time - Unbundled Loop (continued)

#### Formula:

OP-13A = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts completed "On Time") ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100

OP-13B = [(Count of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop cuts whose actual start time occurs without CLEC approval) ÷ (Total Number of LSRs for Coordinated Unbundled Loop Cuts completed in the reporting period)] x 100

#### Exclusions:

# Applicable to OP-13A:

• Loop cuts that involve CLEC-requested non-standard methodologies, processes, or timelines.

#### OP-13A & OP-13B:

· Records with invalid completion dates.

- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID which are not
  otherwise designated to be "counted as a miss".
- · Invalid start/stop dates/times or invalid scheduled date/times.

Projects involving 25 or more lines.

Product Reporting: Coordinated Unbundled	Standards:
Loops – Reported separately for:	OP-13A:
Analog Loops	AZ: 90 Percent or more
All Other Loops	All Other States: 95 Percent or more
	OP-13B: Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

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# OP-15 - Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest's pending orders are late, focusing on the average number of days the pending orders are delayed past the Applicable Due Date, as of the end of the reporting period.

#### Description:

OP-15Å – Measures the average number of <u>business days</u> that pending orders are delayed beyond the Applicable Due Date for reasons attributed to Qwest.

- Includes all pending inward orders (Change, New, and Transfer order types) for which the Applicable
  Due Date recorded by Qwest has been missed, subject to exclusions specified below. Change order
  types included in this measurement consist of all "C" orders representing inward activity.
- types included in this measurement consist of all "C" orders representing <u>inward activity</u>.

  The Applicable Due Date is the original due date or, if changed or delayed by the customer, the most recently revised due date, subject to the following: If Qwest changes a due date for Qwest reasons, the Applicable Due Date is the customer-initiated due date, if any, that is (a) subsequent to the original due date and (b) prior to a Qwest-initiated, changed due date, if any.

  NOTE I
- Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date, as applied in the formula below, are calculated by subtracting the latest Qwest-initiated due date, if any, following the Applicable Due Date, from the subsequent customer-initiated due date, if any. NOTE 1

OP-15B – Reports the number of pending orders measured in the numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure:

OP-15A - Average Business Days Note 2
OP-15B - Number of orders pending facilities

Reporting Comparisons:
CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, Qwest retail

Unit of Measure:

OP-15A - Average Business Days Note 2
OP-15B - Number of orders pending facilities

Disaggregation Reporting:
Statewide

## Formula:

OP-15A = \( \sum\_{\text{(Last Day of Reporting Period)}} \) - (Applicable Due Date of Late Pending Order) - (Time intervals associated with customer-initiated due date changes or delays occurring after the Applicable Due Date)] + (Total Number of Pending Orders Delayed for Qwest reasons as of the last day of Reporting Period)

OP-15B = Count of pending orders measured in numerator of OP-15A that were delayed for Qwest facility reasons

#### Exclusions:

- · Disconnect, From (another form of disconnect) and Record order types.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid due dates or application dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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# OP-15 - Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards: OP-15B = diagnostic only For OP-15A:
Resale	
Residential single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Business single line service	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centrex	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Centex 21	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DOV TOUR	
PBX Trunk	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL Primary ISDN	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS0	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS1	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Frame Relay	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail service)
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex 21)
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex )	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Centrex)
Line Splitting	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
Loop Splitting NOTE 3	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL)
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)) (separately reported)
<ul> <li>Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (U</li> </ul>	
UDIT – DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with DS1 Private Line- Service)
UDIT Above DS1 level	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with Private Line- Services above DS1 level)
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS with dispatch)
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail ISDN BRI)
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS1)
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with ISDN-BRI)
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail Qwest DSL with dispatch)
Loop types of DS3 or higher bit rate (aggregate)	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic (Expectation: Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks)
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

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### OP-15 – Interval for Pending Orders Delayed Past Due Date (continued)

### Availability: Notes: Available According to this definition, the Applicable Due Date can change, per successive customer-initiated due date changes or delays, up to the point when a Qwest-initiated due date change occurs. At that point, the Applicable Due Date becomes fixed (i.e., with no further changes) as the date on which it was set prior to the first Qwest-initiated due date change, if any. Following the first Qwest-initiated due date change, any further customer-initiated due date changes or delays are measured as time intervals that are subtracted as indicated in the formula. These delay time intervals are calculated as stated in the description. (Though infrequent, in cases where multiple Qwestinitiated due date changes occur, the stated method for calculating delay intervals is applied to each pair of Qwest-initiated due date change and subsequent customer-initiated due date change or delay. The intervals thus calculated from each pairing of Qwest and customer-initiated due dates are summed and then subtracted as indicated in the formula.) The result of this approach is that Qwest-initiated impacts on intervals are counted in the reported interval, and customer-initiated impacts on intervals are not counted in the reported interval. For OP-15A, Saturday is counted as a business day for all non-dispatched orders for Resale Residence, Resale Business, and UNE-P (POTS), as well as for non-dispatched orders in the retail analogues specified above as standards. For all other non-dispatched products and for all dispatched products under OP-15A, Saturday is not counted as a business day. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

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### OP-17 - Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders

#### Purpose

Evaluates the quality of Qwest completing LNP telephone number porting, focusing on the degree to which porting occurs without implementing associated disconnects before the scheduled time/date.

# Description:

### **OP-17A**

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
  - Focuses on disconnects associated with timely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects or no requests for delays.
  - The scheduled time/date is defined as 11:59 p.m. on (1) the due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest or (2) the delayed disconnect date requested by the CLEC, where the CLEC submits a timely request for delay of disconnection.
  - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest.

### OP-17B

- Measures the percentage of all LNP telephone numbers (TNs), both stand alone and associated
  with loops, that are ported without the incidence of disconnects being made by Qwest before the
  scheduled time/date, as identified by associated qualifying trouble reports.
  - Includes only disconnects associated with untimely CLEC requests for delaying the disconnects.
  - A CLEC request for delay of disconnection is considered "untimely" if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the current due date of the LNP order recorded by Qwest and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the current due date.
- Disconnects are defined as the removal of switch translations, including the 10-digit trigger.
- Disconnects that are implemented early, and thus counted as a "miss" under this measurement, are
  those that the CLEC identifies as such to Qwest via trouble reports, within four calendar days of the
  actual disconnect date, that are confirmed to be caused by disconnects being made before the
  scheduled time.
- Includes all CLEC orders for LNP TNs completed in the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	_
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide	_
and Individual CLEC		

### Formula:

[(Total number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period – Number of TNs with qualifying trouble reports notifying Qwest that disconnection before the scheduled time has occurred) + Total Number of LNP TNs ported pursuant to orders completed in the reporting period] x 100

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### OP-17 - Timeliness of Disconnects associated with LNP Orders (continued)

### Exclusions:

### **OP-17A only**

 Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC has failed to submit timely requests to have disconnects held for later implementation.

- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- LNP requests that do not involve automatic triggers (e.g., DID lines without separate, unique TNs, and Centrex 21).
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared, closed or due dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

### **OP-17B** only

 Trouble reports notifying Qwest of early disconnects associated with situations for which the CLEC did not submit its untimely requests by 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the LNP due date to have disconnects held for later implementation.

Product Reporting: LNP	Standards: OP-17A – 98.25% OP-17B – Diagnostic only, in light of its measuring only requests for delay of disconnect that are defined as untimely.		
Availability: Available	Notes:		

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# Maintenance and Repair

# MR-2 - Calls Answered within 20 Seconds - Interconnect Repair Center

Purpose:	The second secon			
Evaluates Customer access to Qwest's Interconnection and/or Retail Repair Center(s), focusing on				
the number of calls answered within 20 seconds.				
Description:				
Measures the percentage of Interconnection and/	or Retail Repair Center calls answered within 20			
seconds of the first ring.				
<ul> <li>Includes all calls to the Interconnect Repair exclusions specified below.</li> </ul>	Center during the reporting period, subject to			
<ul> <li>First ring is defined as when the customer's ca Call Distributor).</li> </ul>	• First ring is defined as when the customer's call is first placed in queue by the ACD (Automatic			
· Answer is defined as when the call is first picket	d up by the Qwest agent.			
Abandoned calls and busy calls are counted as calls which are not answered within 20 seconds.				
Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent				
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and	Disaggregation Reporting: Region-wide level.			
Qwest Retail levels.				
Formula:				
[(Total Calls Answered by Center within 20 seconds	e) ÷ (Total Calls received by Center)] x 100			
Exclusions: Time spent in the VRU (Voice Response Unit) is not counted.				
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity			
Availability:	Notes:			
Available				

						-
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### MR-3 - Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours

#### Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports where the out-ofservice trouble reports were cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 24 hours for out-of-service conditions).

### Description:

Measures the percentage of out of service trouble reports, involving specified services, that are cleared within 24 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service that is out-of-service (i.e., unable to place or receive calls), subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

### Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

 Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving:

MR-3A Dispatches within MSAs;

MR-3B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-3C No dispatches.

 Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving: MR-3D In <u>Interval Zone 1</u> areas; and

MR-3E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

### Formula:

[(Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 24 hours) + (Total Number of Out of Service Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

### **Exclusions:**

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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# MR-3 - Out of Service Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
MSA-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	
Centrex	Parity with retail service	
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)</li> </ul>	Parity with appropriate retail service	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex	
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	Deleted: TBD
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic	Formatted: Font: Not Bold
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL	10 matted 10 m. Hot cold
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS	
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI	
our coop officiality	All Other States: Diagnostic	
Zone-type Disaggregation -		1
Resale		
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	1
Unbundled Loops		1
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS	1
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI	1
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL	1
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with ISDN-BRI	1
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Owest DSL	1
Availability:	Notes:	1
Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
	consecutive months.	

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### MR-4 - All Troubles Cleared within 48 hours

### Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on trouble reports of all types (both out of service and service affecting) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 48 hours for service-affecting conditions).

### Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports, for specified services, that are cleared within 48 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent

### Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail

### Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated and reported according to trouble reports involving:

MR-4A Dispatches within MSAs;

MR-4B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-4C No dispatches.

 Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving:

MR-4D In <u>Interval Zone 1</u> areas; and MR-4E In <u>Interval Zone 2</u> areas

### Formula:

results

[(Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 48 hours) ÷ (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

### Exclusions:

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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# MR-4 - All Troubles Cleared within 48 Hours (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:	1
MSA-Type Disaggregation -		
Resale		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service	
Business single line service	Parity with retail service	]
Centrex	Parity with retail service	1
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service	]
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service	
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service	j
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)</li> </ul>	Parity with appropriate retail service	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex	
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	Deleted: TBD
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic	
Line Sharing	Parity with RES and BUS POTS	1
Sub-Loop Unbundling	Diagnostic	
Zone-Type Disaggregation -		1
Resale		1
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service	1
Unbundled Loops:		1
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS	7
Non-loaded Loop (2 wire)	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI	
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL	
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN-BRI	]
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL	
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order     the product, in any quantity, for three     consecutive months.	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

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### MR-5 - All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours

### Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair for specified services, focusing on all trouble reports of all types (including out of service and service affecting troubles) and on the number of such trouble reports cleared within the standard estimate for specified services (i.e., 4 hours).

#### Description

Measures the percentage of trouble reports for specified services that are cleared within 4 hours of receipt of trouble reports from CLECs or from retail customers.

- Includes all trouble reports, closed during the reporting period, which involve a specified service, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared

1	mne nounte is cleared.	The second secon
	Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
	Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level. Results for listed products will be disaggregated according to trouble reports:
The state of the s		MR-5A In <u>Interval Zone 1</u> areas; and MR-5B In <u>Interval Zone 2</u> areas.

#### Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that are cleared within 4 hours)  $\div$  (Total Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)]  $\times$  100

### **Exclusions:**

- · Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured using WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- · Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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# MR-5 - All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	<b>- </b>
Resale	
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
<ul> <li>Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UD</li> </ul>	IT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT Above DS1 level	Parity with Private Line Services above DS1 level
Unbundled Loops:	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
Availability:	Notes:
Available	

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### MR-6 - Mean Time to Restore

### Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of repair, focusing how long it takes to restore services to proper operation.

#### Description:

Measures the time actually taken to clear trouble reports.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Includes customer direct reports, customer-relayed reports, and test assist reports that result in a trouble report.
- Time measured is from date and time that Qwest is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date and time trouble is cleared.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Hours and Minutes

# Reporting Comparisons:

CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results

### Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level

Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving:

MR-6A Dispatches within MSAs;

MR-6B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-6C No dispatches.

 Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving: MR-6D In <u>Interval Zone 1</u> areas; and

MR-6E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

### Formula:

∑[(Date & Time Trouble Report Cleared) – (Date & Time Trouble Report Opened)] + (Total number of Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)

### **Exclusions:**

· Trouble reports coded as follows:

- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
- For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- · Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type Disaggregation".
- For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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# MR-6 - Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:		
MSA-Type Disaggregation -			
Resale	<u>*                                    </u>		
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service		
Business single line service	Parity with retail service		
Centrex	Parity with retail service		
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service		
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service		
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service		
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service		
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21		
Unbundled Network Element Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex		
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL		
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic		
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL		
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS		
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI		
- Sas Essp Sinsung	All Other States: Diagnostic		
Zone-Type Disaggregation -	1		
Resale	<del>*************************************</del>		
Qwest DSL	Parity with retail service		
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service		
DS0	Parity with retail service		
DS1	Parity with retail service		
DS3 and higher bit-rate services	Parity with retail service		
(aggregate)			
Frame Relay Parity with retail service			
LIS Trunks     Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)			
Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDIT)			
UDIT – DS1 level Parity with retail DS1 Private Line			
UDIT – Above DS1 level Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level			
Dark Fiber – IOF Diagnostic			
Unbundled Loops:	1 Diagnosio		
Analog Loops:	Darity with retail Doe and Due DOTO		
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS		
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire) Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI Parity with retail DS1 Private Line		
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line  Parity with retail DS1 Private Line		
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail OS1 Private Line Parity with retail Qwest IDSL		
ISDN-capable Loop			
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI		
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates	Parity with retail Qwest DSL		
	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate Private		
(aggregate) Dark Fiber – Loop	Line services (aggregate)  Diagnostic		
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks		
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) - (DS0 level)	Diagnostic		
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line		
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic		

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# MR-6 - Mean Time to Restore (Continued)

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	Availability:	Notes:	
١	Available	1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
١		the product, in any quantity, for three	
1		consecutive months.	

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### MR-7 - Repair Repeat Report Rate

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the accuracy of repair actions, focusing on the number of repeated trouble reports received for the same line/circuit within a specified period (30 calendar days).

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of trouble reports that are repeated within 30 days on end user lines and circuits.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period that have a repeated trouble report received within thirty (30) days of the initial trouble report for the same service (regardless of whether the report is about the same type of trouble for that service), subject to exclusions specified below.
- In determining same service Qwest will compare the end user telephone number or circuit access code of the initial trouble reports closed during the reporting period with reports received within 30 days of when the initial trouble report closed.
- Includes reports due to Qwest network or system causes, customer-direct and customer-relayed reports.
- The 30-day period applied in the numerator of the formula below is from the date and time that the initial trouble report is closed to the date and time that the next, or "repeat" trouble report is received (i.e., opened).

Reporting Period: One month, reported in arrears (i.e., results first appear in reports one month later than results for measurements that are not reported in arrears), in order to cover the 30-day period following the initial trouble report. Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Unit of Measure: Percent

### Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual

Results for product/services listed in Product Reporting under "MSA-Type Disaggregation" will be reported according to trouble reports involving: MR-7A Dispatches within MSAs;

MR-7B Dispatches outside MSAs; and

MR-7C No dispatches. Results for products/services listed in Product Reporting under "Zone-type

Disaggregation" will be disaggregated according to trouble reports involving: MR-7D in Interval Zone 1 areas; and MR-7E In Interval Zone 2 areas.

### Formula:

CLEC and

results

**Qwest Retail** 

[(Total trouble reports closed within the reporting period that had a repeated trouble report received within 30 calendar days of when the initial trouble report closed) + (Total number of Trouble Reports Closed in the reporting period)] x 100

### **Exclusions:**

- · Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data (products listed for MSA-type disaggregation), trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous - Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data (products listed for Zonetype disaggregation) trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- Records involving official company services.
- Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.

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# MR-7 - Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

Parity with retail service	
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1 level	
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# MR-7 - Repair Repeat Report Rate (Continued)

Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)	Diagnostic
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)	Diagnostic
Availability: Targeted availability with July 2004 results reported in September 2004	Notes: 1. Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

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### MR-8 - Trouble Rate

### Purpose:

Evaluates the overall rate of trouble reports as a percentage of the total installed base of the service or element.

### Description:

Measures trouble reports by product and compares them to the number of lines in service.

- Includes all trouble reports closed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below
- Includes all applicable trouble reports, including those that are out of service and those that are only service-affecting.

only control and and		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.	

### Formula:

[(Total number of trouble reports closed in the reporting period involving the specified service grouping)  $\div$  (Total number of the specified services that are in service in the reporting period)] x 100

### **Exclusions:**

- Trouble reports coded as follows:
  - For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for:
     Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant; Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous
     Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).
  - For products measured from WFA data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).
- Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- · Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- . Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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# MR-8 - Trouble Rate (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:
Resale	en e
Residential single line service	Parity with retail service
Business single line service	Parity with retail service
Centrex	Parity with retail service
Centrex 21	Parity with retail service
PBX Trunks	Parity with retail service
Basic ISDN	Parity with retail service
Qwest DSL	Parity with Qwest DSL service
Primary ISDN	Parity with retail service
DS0	Parity with retail service
DS1	Parity with retail service
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Parity with retail service
Frame Relay	Parity with retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Parity with like retail service
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Parity with retail Centrex 21
Unbundled Network Element – Platform(UNE-P) (Centrex)	Parity with retail Centrex
Line Splitting	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop Splitting NOTE 1	Diagnostic
Line Sharing	CO: Parity with Qwest DSL
	All Other States: Parity with RES and BUS POTS
Sub-Loop Unbundling	CO: Parity with retail ISDN-BRI
	All Other States: Diagnostic
LIS Trunks	Parity with Feature Group D (aggregate)
<ul> <li>Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (U</li> </ul>	DIT)
UDIT – DS1 level	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line Service
UDIT – Above DS1 level	Parity with retail Private Lines above DS1 level
Dark Fiber – IOF	Diagnostic
Unbundled Loops:	
Analog Loop	Parity with retail Res and Bus POTS
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
DS1-capable Loop	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
xDSL-I capable Loop	Parity with retail Qwest IDSL
ISDN-capable Loop	Parity with retail ISDN BRI
ADSL-qualified Loop	Parity with retail Qwest DSL
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Parity with retail DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)
Dark Fiber – Loop	Diagnostic
• E911/911 Trunks	Parity with retail E911/911 Trunks
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS0 level)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS1 level)</li> </ul>	Parity with retail DS1 Private Line
<ul> <li>Enhanced Extended Loops (EELs) – (DS3 level)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic
	<u> </u>

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# MR-8 - Trouble Rate (continued)

1	Availability:	Notes:	
	Available	Reporting will begin at the time CLECs order	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
1		the product, in any quantity, for three	
-		consecutive months.	

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# MR-9 - Repair Appointments Met

		the state of the s	
Purpose:  Evaluates the extent to which Qwest repairs services for Customers by the appointment date and time.			
Description:	tor amount opans serviced	To Costonicio dy tre appointment date une time.	
	of trouble reports for which	the appointment date and time is met.	
		reporting period, subject to exclusions specified	
below.	sporte elected earning and	reporting period, debject to exceeding opposite	
Time measured is from		est is first notified of the trouble by CLEC to date	
and time trouble is cle			
Reporting Period: One m	Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting	Disaggregation Report	ing: Statewide level.	
Comparisons: CLEC	Results for listed ser	vices will be disaggregated and reported	
aggregate, individual	according to trouble	reports involving:	
CLEC and Qwest Retail	MR-9A Dispatch	nes within MSAs;	
results	MR-9B Dispatch	nes outside MSAs; and	
	MR-9C No dispa	atches	
Formula:			
(Total Trouble Reports Cl	eared by appointment date	and time) + (Total Trouble Reports Closed in the	
Reporting Period)] x 100		. ,	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Exclusions:			
· Trouble reports coded	as follows:		
		uble reports coded to disposition codes for:	
		Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous	
- Non-Dispatch n	on-Owest (includes CPF	Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider).	
Subsequent trouble re	ports of any trouble before	the original trouble report is closed.	
Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.  Time delays due to "no general" are excluded from repair time by uning the reschaduled.  Time delays due to "no general" are excluded from repair time by uning the reschaduled.			
Time delays due to "no access" are excluded from repair time by using the rescheduled appointment time to determine if the repair appointment is met.			
appointment time to determine if the repair appointment is met.			
Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the  Application for the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the			
technician/installer as complete.			
Records involving official company services.			
Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.			
	Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.		
Records with invalid product codes.			
Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.			
Product Reporting:		Standard: Parity	
Resale:			
Residential single			
Business single lir	ie servicė		
Centrex			
Centrex 21		1	
PBX Trunks			
Basic ISDN			
	nts - Platform (UNE-P)		
	(POTS)		
Availability:	· · · · ·		
Available		1	
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### MR-10 - Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the extent that trouble reports were customer related, and provides diagnostic information to help address potential issues that might be raised by the core maintenance and repair performance indicators.

### **Description:**

Measures the percentage of all trouble reports that are attributed to the customer as a percentage of all trouble reports resolved during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Includes trouble reports closed during the reporting period coded as follows:

- For products measured from MTAS data, trouble reports coded to disposition codes for: Customer Action; Non-Telco Plant, Trouble Beyond the Network Interface; and Miscellaneous – Non-Dispatch, non-Qwest (includes CPE, Customer Instruction, Carrier, Alternate Provider) and trouble reports involving a "no access" delay for <u>MSA</u> type disaggregated products.
- For products measured from WFA (Workforce Administration) data trouble reports coded to trouble codes for Carrier Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CRE).

1	trouble codes for Carner Action (IEC) and Customer Provided Equipment (CPE).	
Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent
	Troporating Fortion. One month	Offic of Incusure, I Croom
į		
Į	Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate,	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
- 8		Disaggregation Reporting, Statewide level.
1	individual CLEC and Qwest Retail results	
1		

### Formula:

[(Number of Trouble Reports coded to disposition codes specified above) + (Total Number of Trouble Reports Closed in the Reporting Period)] x 100

### **Exclusions:**

- · Subsequent trouble reports of any trouble before the original trouble report is closed
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.
- · Records with invalid product codes.
- · Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.
- Trouble reports on the day of installation before the installation work is reported by the technician/installer as complete.

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# MR-10 Customer and Non-Qwest Related Trouble Reports (continued)

Product Reporting:	Standards:	
Resale		
Residential single line service	Diagnostic	
Business single line service	Diagnostic	
Centrex	Diagnostic	
Centrex 21	Diagnostic	
PBX Trunks	Diagnostic	
Basic ISDN	Diagnostic	
Qwest DSL	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (POTS)	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex 21)	Diagnostic	
<ul> <li>Unbundled Network Element – Platform (UNE-P) (Centrex)</li> </ul>	Diagnostic	
Resale		
Primary ISDN	Diagnostic	
DS0	Diagnostic	
DS1	Diagnostic	
DS3 and higher bit-rate services (aggregate)	Diagnostic	
Frame Relay	Diagnostic	
LIS Trunks	Diagnostic	
<ul> <li>Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport (UDI</li> </ul>	IT)	
UDIT DS1 level	Diagnostic	
UDIT - Above DS1 level	Diagnostic	
Unbundled Loops:		
Analog Loop	Diagnostic	
Non-loaded Loop (2-wire)	Diagnostic	
Non-loaded Loop (4-wire)	Diagnostic	
DS1-capable Loop	Diagnostic	
xDSL-I capable Loop	Diagnostic	
ISDN-capable Loop	Diagnostic	
ADSL-qualified Loop	Diagnostic	
Loop types of DS3 and higher bit-rates (aggregate)	Diagnostic	
• E911/911 Trunks	Diagnostic	
Availability: Available	Notes:	

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## MR-11 - LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours

#### Purpose:

Evaluates timeliness of clearing LNP trouble reports, focusing on the degree to which residence and business, disconnect-related, out-of-service trouble reports are cleared within four business hours and all LNP-related trouble reports are cleared within 48 hours.

#### Description

- MR-11A: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only (i.e., not unbundled-loop), residence and business, out-of-service trouble reports that are cleared within four business hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.
  - Includes only trouble reports that are received on or before the currently-scheduled due date
    of the actual LNP-related disconnect time/date, or the next <u>business day</u>, that are confirmed
    to be caused by disconnects being made before the scheduled time, and that are closed
    during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- MR-11B: Measures the percentage of specified LNP-only trouble reports that are cleared within 48 hours of Qwest receiving these trouble reports from CLECs.
  - Includes all LNP-only trouble reports, received within four calendar days of the actual LNP-related disconnect date and closed during the reporting period.
- The "currently-scheduled due date/time" is the original due date/time established by Qwest in response to CLEC/customer request for disconnection of service ported via LNP or, if CLEC submits to Qwest a timely or untimely request for delay of disconnection, it is the CLEC/customer-requested later date/time.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered timely if received by Qwest before 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date that Qwest has on record at the time of the request.
- A request for delay of disconnection is considered untimely if received by Qwest after 8:00 p.m. MT on the due date and before 12:00 p.m. MT (noon) on the day after the due date
- Time measured is from the date and time Qwest receives the trouble report to the date and time

trouble is cleared.		
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC Aggregate and Individual CLEC	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level (all are "non-dispatched").	

### Formula:

- MR-11A = [(Number of specified out-of-service LNP-only Trouble Reports, for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects, that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period and cleared within four business hours) + (Total Number of specified out of service LNP-only Trouble Reports for LNP-related troubles confirmed to be caused by disconnects that Qwest executed before the currently-scheduled due date/time, that were closed in the reporting period)] x 100
- MR-11B = [(Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period that were cleared within 48 hours) + (Total Number of specified LNP-only Trouble Reports closed in the reporting period)] x 100

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## MR-11 - LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 Hours (Continued)

### **Exclusions:**

- . Trouble reports attributed to customer or non-Qwest reasons
- Trouble reports not related to valid requests (LSRs) for LNP and associated disconnects.
- Subsequent trouble reports of LNP trouble before the original trouble report is closed.
- For MR-11B only: Trouble reports involving a "no access" delay.
- Information tickets generated for internal Qwest system/network monitoring purposes.
- · Records involving official company services.
- · Records with invalid trouble receipt dates.
- · Records with invalid cleared or closed dates.

# Records with invalid product codes. Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID Product Reporting: LNP | Standards: If OP-17 result meets its standard, the MR-11A standard is Diagnostic. If OP-17 result does not meet its standard, the MR-11A standard is as For 0-20 trouble reports\*: No more than 1 ticket cleared in > four business hours For > 20 trouble reports\*: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-3C results for Retail Residence and Business For 0-20 trouble reports\*\*: No more than 1 ticket cleared > 48 hours For > 20 trouble reports\*\*: The lesser of 95% or Parity with MR-4C results for Retail Residence and Business Based on MR-11A denominator. Based on MR-11B denominator. Availability: Notes: Available

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# Billing

# BI-1 - Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records

Di-1 - Time to Floride Necorded Osage		
Purpose:		
Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest provides recorded daily usage records to CLECs.		
Description:		
Measures the average time interval from date of		
transmitted or made available to CLECs as applicat		
BI-1A - Measures recorded daily usage for UN electronically transmitted usage records	Es and Resale and includes industry standard	
electronically transmitted usage records	for feature group switched access," local	
measured usage, local message usage, to	Il usage, and local exchange service components	
priced on a per-use basis, subject to exclus		
BI-1B - Measures the percent of recorded daily us	age for Jointly provided switched access provided	
within four days. This includes usage cr	eated by the CLEC and Qwest or IXC providing	
access, usually via 2-way Feature Group X	trunk groups for Feature Group A, Feature Group	
	elephony, 8XX access, and 900 access and their	
successors or similar Switched Access serv		
BI-1C - Provides separate reporting for two elemen	its captured in BI-1A above, as follows:	
<ul> <li>BI-1C-1 – Measures recorded daily u</li> </ul>	sage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry ge records for feature group switched access, NOTE 1	
	ge records for feature group switched access, NOTE1	
subject to exclusions specified below.		
<ul> <li>BI-1C-2 — Measures recorded daily u</li> </ul>	sage for UNEs and Resale and includes industry	
standard electronically transmitted u	sage records for local measured usage, local	
message usage, toll usage, and local	exchange service components priced on a per-use	
basis, subject to exclusions specified b	elow.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:	
	BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Average Business Days	
	BI-1B: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, Disaggregation Reporting: State level.		
individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results		
Formula:		
BI-1A, BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2 (for specified products & re	cords) = ∑(Date Record Transmitted or made	
available - Date Usage Recorded) - (Total number of records)		
	•	
BI-1B = [(# of daily usage records for Jointly provide	ed switched access sent within four days) + (Total	
daily usage records for Jointly provided switched access in the report period)] x 100		
daily dadge records for boiling provided switched docess in the report period/] x too		
Exclusions:		
Instances where the CLEC requests other than daily usage transmission or availability.		
Duplicate records.		
Product Reporting:	Standards:	
UNEs and Resale	BI-1A: Parity with Qwest retail.	
Jointly-provided Switched Access	BI-1B: 95% within 4 business days	
- Dolling-provided Ownerled Access	BI-1C-1, BI-1C-2: Diagnostic Comparison with the	
	Qwest Retail results used in standard for	
	BI-1A	
5		
Availability:	Notes:	
Available	"Feature group switched access" includes all	
e se mineralization	type 110XXX detail records for Feature	
	Groups A, B, C, and D.	

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# BI-2 - Invoices Delivered within 10 Days

Purpose:			
Evaluates the timeliness with which Qwest delivers industry standard electronically transmitted bills to			
CLECs, focusing on the percent delivered within ter	n calendar days.		
Description:	7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		
Measures the percentage of invoices that are delive	ered within ten days, based on the number of days		
between the bill date and bill delivery.	·		
· Includes all industry standard electronically tra	insmitted invoices for local exchange services and		
toll, subject to exclusions specified below.			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: Combined Qwest Disaggregation Reporting: State level			
Retail/CLEC results (Parity by design)			
Formula:			
[(Count of Invoices for which Bill Transmission Date	e to Bill Date is ten calendar days or less) ÷ (Total		
Number of Invoices)] x 100			
•			
Exclusions:			
· Bills transmitted via paper, magnetic tape, CD-I	ROM, diskette.		
· Records with missing data essential to the calc			
Tobal de Milliand Grand			
Product Reporting: Standard:			
UNEs and Resale     Parity by design.			
Single and result			
Availability:	Availability: Notes:		
Available			
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# BI-3 - Billing Accuracy - Adjustments for Errors

### Purpose: Evaluates the accuracy with which Qwest bills CLECs, focusing on the percentage of billed revenue adjusted due to errors Description: Measures the billed revenue minus amounts adjusted off bills due to errors, as a percentage of total billed revenue. Both the billed revenue and amounts adjusted off bills due to error are calculated from bills rendered in the reporting period. "Amounts adjusted off bills due to errors" is the sum of all bill adjustments made in the reporting period that involve, either in part or in total, adjustment codes related to billing errors. (Each adjustment thus qualifying is added to the sum in its entirety.) Reporting Period: One month Unit of Measure: Percent Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, Disaggregation Reporting: State level. individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results $\sum$ (Total Billed Revenue Billed in Reporting Period - Amounts Adjusted Off Bills Due to Errors) $\div$ (Total Billed Revenue billed in Reporting Period)] x 100 **Exclusions:** • BI-3A - UNEs and Resale - None • BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use - Billing adjustments as a result of CLEC-caused errors in return of minutes of use **Product Reporting:** Standards: BI-3A - UNEs and Resale BI-3A - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of retail bills. Use (MOU) BI-3B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU) -95% Availability: Notes: Available

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### **BI-4 - Billing Completeness**

### Purpose:

- UNEs and Resale Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills.
- Reciprocal Compensation Minutes of Use (MOU) Evaluates the completeness with which Qwest reflects the revenue for Local Minutes of Use associated with CLEC local traffic over Qwest's network on the bills.

### Description:

BI-4A – UNEs and Resale: Measures the percentage of non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders appear on the correct bill.\*

BI-4B – Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): Measures the percentage of revenue associated with local minutes of use appearing on the correct (current) bill.\*

\* Correct bill = next available bill

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLECs, and Qwest Retail results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

### Formula:

- BI-4A UNEs and Resale = [∑(Count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders on the bills that are billed on the correct bill → total count of service orders with non-recurring and recurring charges associated with completed service orders billed on the bill)] x 100
- BI-4B Reciprocal Compensation MOU = [\(\sumeq \text{(Revenue for Local Minutes of Use billed on the correct\*}\)
  bill + Total revenue for Local Minutes of Use collected during the month)] x 100

**Exclusions:** None

Product Reporting:  UNEs and Resale Reciprocal Compensation (MOU)	Standards: BI-4A - UNEs and Resale: Parity with Qwest Retail bills. BI-4B - Reciprocal Compensation (MOU): 95%
Availability: Available	Notes:

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# **Database Updates**

### **DB-1 - Time to Update Databases**

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the time required for updates to the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.

### **Description:**

- Measures the average time required to update the databases of E911, LIDB, and Directory Builder.
- Includes all database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed during the reporting period.
- For DB-1A the time to update the E911 database is provided by the third party vendor that
  performs the update. The elapsed time is captured automatically by the database system. There
  are no "individual E911 database update records" provided with which to measure the database
  update process.
- The numerator of DB-1A is calculated by multiplying the vendor-calculated results (Average Minutes in Process Time) by the denominator (Count of records Processed). This method produces a result from the vendor data that is the same as that which would be produced by totalling the undate times from individual E911 database undate records.

totalling the update times from individual E911	database update records.	
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	E911 – Hrs: Mins.	
	LIDB & Directory Listings – Seconds	
Reporting Comparisons:	Disaggregation Reporting:	
DB-1A - E911: Combined results for Qwest Retail	DB-1A: E911 for Qwest Retail and Reseller	
and Reseller CLEC Aggregate:	CLEC-State level	
DB-1B - LIDB: Combined results for all Qwest	DB-1B: LIDB for Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC	
Retail, Reseller CLEC and Facilities Based CLEC	and Facilities Based CLEC - Multi	
updates;	state region-wide level	
DB-1C-1 - Listings: Combined results for all	DB-1C-1: Listings for all Provider types including	
Provider types including Qwest Retail, Reseller	Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC, and	
CLEC, and Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and	Facilities Based CLEC, ILEC and	
Unknown Provider, Electronically Submitted,	Unknown Provider, Electronically	
Electronically Processed updates. NOTE 1	Submitted, Electronically Processed-	
	Sub-region applicable to state	

### Formula:

 $\Sigma$ [(Date and Time of database update for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period) – (Date and Time of submissions of data for entry into the database for each database update as specified under Disaggregation Reporting in the reporting period)] + Total database updates as specified under Disaggregation Reporting completed in the reporting period

### Exclusion:

· Invalid start/stop dates/times.

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# **DB-1 – Time to Update Databases (continued)**

Product Reporting: Not applicable (Reporte	d by database type)	Standards: DB-1A-E911: Parity by design DB-1B-LIDB: Parity by design DB-1C-1 - Listings: Parity by design
Availability: Available	Notes:  1. Because they cannot be separated, results for Qwest Retail, I CLEC, Facilities-based CLECs, ILEC and Unknown Provider are reported combined within these disaggregations.	

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# **DB-2 – Accurate Database Updates**

Purpose:			
	abase updates comple	eted without errors in the reporting period.	
Description:			
· Measures the percentage	of database updates	completed without errors in the reporting period.	
<ul> <li>Includes all database upd</li> </ul>	ates as specified unde	er Disaggregation Reporting completed during the	
reporting period.			
Reporting Period: One mont	h	Unit of Measure: Percent	
Reporting Comparisons:		Disaggregation Reporting:	
DB-2C-1 Listings – Combined	regulte for all	DB-2C-1, Listings for Qwest Retail, Reseller	
Qwest Retail, Reseller CLEC		CLEC, and Facilities-Based CLEC Electronically	
Based CLEC Electronically St		Submitted, Electronically Processed updates:	
Electronically Processed upda	ates	Statewide	
<u> </u>	<u>,</u>	and a commence of the control of the	
Formula:			
[Total database updates as sp	pecified under Disaggr	regation Reporting completed without errors in the	
reporting period + Total datab	ase updates as specif	ied under Disaggregation Reporting completed in	
the reporting period] x 100			
Exclusions:			
Invalid start/stop dates/times.			
Product Reporting: Standards:			
Not applicable (Reported by database type)		DB-2C-1 – Listings: Parity by design NOTE 1	
The applicable (reported by declared type)			
Availability:	Notes:		
Available		Reseller CLECs are parity by design. Because	
Available			
Facilities-based CLEC Electronically Submitted, Electronically			
Processed cannot be separated out from Reseller CLECs they are			
reported combined within this disaggregation.			

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# **Directory Assistance**

### DA-1 - Speed of Answer - Directory Assistance

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Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's Directory Assistance operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls to be answered.

### Description:

Measures the average time following first ring until a call is first picked up by the Qwest agent/system to answer Directory Assistance calls.

- Includes all calls to Qwest directory assistance during the reporting period.
- Because a system (electronic voice) prompts for city, state, and listing requested before the actual
  operator comes on the line, the first ring is defined as when the voice response unit places the call
  into queue.
- Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A
  count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count
  is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.
- Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.

	he call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are is shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds
Reporting Comparisons: Results for Qwest and all CLECs are combined.	Disaggregation Reporting: Sub-region applicable to state
Formula:  Σ[(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time	e of First Ring)] + (Total Calls Answered by Center)
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in	the total number of calls answered by the center.
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design
Availability: Available	Notes:

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# **Operator Services**

# OS-1 - Speed of Answer - Operator Services

Purpose:			
Evaluates timeliness of customer access to Qwest's operators, focusing on how long it takes for calls			
to be answered.			
Description:			
Measures the time following first ring until a call is a	nswered by the Qwest agent.		
<ul> <li>Includes all calls to Qwest's operator services specified below.</li> </ul>	during the reporting period, subject to exclusions		
<ul> <li>Measurements are taken by sampling calls from the network queue at 10-second intervals. A count of calls in the queue is taken for every sampling event (10-second snapshot), and this count is multiplied by 10 to get a measurement of waiting intervals.</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Using this method, calls that enter the queue after a sample is taken but exit before the next sample is taken are not counted, i.e., are effectively counted as a zero interval. However, this situation is offset by calls that enter just prior to a sampling time, but exit before the next sampling time, and which are counted as 10 seconds. The call intervals shorter than 10 seconds that are counted as 10 seconds are offset by those calls shorter than 10 seconds that are not counted.</li> </ul>			
Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Seconds		
Reporting Comparisons: Qwest and all CLECs   Disaggregation Reporting:			
are aggregated in a single measure.	Sub-region applicable to state		
Formula:			
Σ[(Date and Time of Call Answer) – (Date and Time of First Ring)] ÷ (Total Calls Answered by Center)			
Exclusions: Abandoned Calls are not included in the total number of calls answered by the center.			
Product Reporting: None	Standard: Parity by design		
Availability: Notes:			

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### **Network Performance**

### NI-1 - Trunk Blocking

### Purpose:

Evaluates factors affecting completion of calls from Qwest end offices to CLEC end offices, compared with the completion of calls from Qwest end offices to other Qwest end offices, focusing on average busy-hour blocking percentages in interconnection or interoffice final trunks.

Measures the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection and interoffice final trunks.

Includes blocking percentages on all direct final and alternate final interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that are in service during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Percent Blockage

### Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, individual CLEC, and Qwest Interoffice trunk blocking results.

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

Reports the percentage of trunks blocking in interconnection final trunks. reported by:

- Interconnection (LIS) trunks to Qwest tandem offices, with TGSR-NI-1A related exclusions applied as specified below;
- LIS trunks to Qwest end offices, with TGSR-related exclusions applied as specified below;
- NI-1C LIS trunks to Qwest tandem offices, without TGSR-related exclusions:
- NI-1D LIS trunks to other Qwest end offices, without TGSR-related exclusions

### Formula:

 $\{[\Sigma(Blockage\ in\ Final\ Trunk\ Group\ of\ Specified\ Type)x(Number\ of\ Circuits\ in\ Trunk\ Group)]+(Total\ Number\ of\ Circuits\ in\ Trunk\ Group)\}$ of Final Trunk Circuits in all Final Trunk Groups)} x 100

Explanation: Actual average percentage of trunk blockage is calculated by dividing the equivalent average number of trunk circuits blocking by the total number of trunk circuits in final trunks of the type being measured.

### **Exclusions:**

### For NI-1A and NI-1B only:

Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which:

A Trunk Group Service Request (TGSR) NOTES 1 & 2 has been issued in the reporting period; or

CLECs do not submit, within 20 calendar days of receiving a TGSR:

a) Responsive ASRs (or have ASRs pending that are delayed for CLEC reasons NOTE 3):

b) Trouble Reports: or

Notification of traffic re-routing (as described in Note 1 below). c)

### For NI-1A, NI-1B, NI-1C, and NI-1D:

- Trunk groups, blocking in excess of one percent in the reporting period, for which Qwest can identify, in time to incorporate in the regular reporting of this measurement, the cause as being attributable to:
  - Trunk group out-of-service conditions arising from cable cuts, severe weather, or force majeure circumstances:
  - The CLEC placing trunks in a "busy" condition;
  - Lack of interconnection facilities to fulfill LIS requests for which the CLEC did not provide a timely forecast to Qwest. (This portion of the exclusion is limited to being applied in (a) the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, due to lack of facilities, and (b) each month thereafter up to the month following facility availability OR up to five months after the month the LIS requests could not be fulfilled, whichever is sooner NOTE 4); or
  - Isolated incidences of blocking, about which Qwest provides notification to the CLEC, that (a) are not recurring or persistent (affecting the same trunk groups), (b) do not warrant corrective action by CLEC or Qwest, and (c) thus, do not require an actionable TGSR.

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### NI-1 - Trunk Blocking (Continued)

- Trunk groups recently activated that have not been in service for a full "20-high-day, busy hour" review period.
- Toll trunks, non-final trunks, and trunks that are not connected to the public switched network.
- · One-way trunks originating at CLEC end offices.
- Qwest official services trunks, local interoffice operator and directory assistance trunks, and local interoffice 911/E911 trunks.
- Records with invalid product codes.

Records missing data essential to the calculation of the measurement per the PID.

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Product Reporting:	Standards:	
LIS Trunks	Where NI-1A ≤ 1%:	1 %
	Where NI-1A > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to tandems
	Where NI-1B ≤ 1%:	1 %
	Where NI-1B > 1%:	Parity with Qwest Interoffice Trunks to end offices
	NI-1C and NI-1D:	Diagnostic NOTE 5

# Availability: Available

### Notes:

- 1. Qwest uses TGSRs to notify CLECs when trunk blocking exceeds standard thresholds or is determined to be persistent. To respond properly to TGSRs, a CLEC must (a) submit within 20 days ASRs to provide necessary trunk augmentations to avoid further blocking, (b) notify Qwest within 20 days that it is initiating a Trouble Report where Qwest traffic routing problems are causing the blocking referenced by the TGSR, or (c) notify Qwest that the CLEC will undertake its own re-routing of traffic within 20 days to alleviate the blocking.
- 2. The TGSR-related exclusion is applied in the month in which the TGSR is issued and in the month in which the above-specified 20-day response period ends. Thus, any trunk group excluded in one month will not be excluded in the next month, unless there is (a) a 20-day period following a TGSR ends in that month, (b) there is another TGSR applicable to the next month for the same trunk group or (c) an exception documented, in lieu of issuing a subsequent TGSR, where the CLEC's response to the previous TGSR indicated that, for its own reasons, it plans to take no action at any time to augment the trunk group.
- CLEC delays are reflected by CLEC-initiated order supplements that move the due date later.
  - a) Qwest-initiated due date delays, including supplements made pursuant to Qwest requests to delay due dates, shall not be counted as CLEC delays in this measurement.
  - b) Qwest-initiated due date changes to earlier dates that the CLEC does not meet shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement unless the earlier dates were mutually agreed-upon.
  - c) CLEC delays (e.g., "customer not ready" in advance of a due date) that do not contribute to a Qwest-established due date being missed shall not be counted as a CLEC delay in this measurement.
- 4. The limitation on part (3) of this exclusion is intended to bound its applicability to a period of time that treats the unforecasted ASR as if it were, in effect, the first forecast for the facilities needed.
  - a) Given that forecast advance intervals are currently six months, this provision allows the exclusion to apply for no longer than that period of time.
  - b) Nevertheless, this limitation to the exclusion also recognizes that facilities may become available sooner and, if so, reduces the limitation accordingly. In that context, this limitation recognizes that, absent a CLEC forecast, Qwest still retains a responsibility to provide facilities for the ASR, although in a longer timeframe than for ASRs covered by forecasts. NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.
  - This limitation may change depending on the outcome of separate workshops dealing with issues of interconnection forecasting.
- NI-1C and NI-1D will be reported for information purposes only, with no standard to be applied.

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#### NP-1 - NXX Code Activation

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's NXX code activation prior to the LERG effective date or by the "revised" effective date, as set forth herein.

#### Description:

- NP-1A: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are actually loaded and tested prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date, subject to exclusions shown below.
- NP-1B: Measures the percentage of NXX codes activated in the reporting period that are delayed beyond the LERG date or "revised" date due to Qwest-caused Interconnection facility delays, subject to exclusions shown below. Included among activations counted as a Qwest delay in this sub-measurement are cases in which "2-6 codes" NOTE 1 associated with the Qwest interconnection facilities are provided late by Qwest to the CLEC.
- Qwest must receive complete and accurate routing information required for code activation, which
  includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for all interconnection trunk groups associated with the
  activation no less than 25 days prior to the LERG Due Date or Revised Due Date.
- The "revised" date, for purposes of this measurement, is a CLEC-initiated renegotiation of the
  activation effective date that is no less than 25 days after Qwest receives complete and accurate
  routing information required for code activation, which includes but is not limited to "2-6 codes" for
  all interconnection trunk groups associated with the activation.
- The NXX code activation notice is provided by the LERG (Local Exchange Routing Guide) to Qwest.
- NXX code activation is defined as complete when all translations associated with the new NXX are complete by 11:59 p.m. of the day prior to the date identified in the LERG or the "revised" date (if different than the LERG date).
- The NXX code activation completion process includes testing, including calls to the test number when provided

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Repo	orting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
	orting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate, idual CLEC and Qwest Retail results.	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.

#### Formula:

- NP-1A = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period prior to the LERG effective date or the "revised" date) + (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period)] x 100
- NP-1B = [(Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or "revised" date affected by Qwest Interconnection Facility Delays) ÷ (Number of NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period, including NXX codes loaded and tested in the reporting period that were delayed past the LERG effective date or the "revised" date due to Interconnection Facility Delays)] x 100

# Exclusions:

### NP-1A:

 NXX code activations completed after the LERG date or "revised" date due to delays in the installation of Qwest provided interconnection facilities associated with the activations.

## NP-1A and NP-1B:

- NXX codes with LERG dates or "revised" dates resulting in loading intervals shorter than industry standard (currently 45 calendar days).
- NXX codes where QWEST received complete and accurate routing information required for code activations less than 25 days prior to the LERG due date or Revised due date.

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# NP-1 - NXX Code Activation (continued)

Product Reporting: None	Standards: NP-1A; Parity			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	NP-1B: Diagnostic			
Availability: Available	Notes:  1. "2-6 codes" are industry-standard designators for local interconnection trunk			
	groups, consisting of 2 alpha letters and six numeric digits.			
	<ol> <li>Only Qwest-provided interconnection facilities are noted in this exclusion, because delays related to facilities provided by CLECs or others are accounted for by revising the due date.</li> </ol>			

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## Collocation

## **CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval**

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of Qwest's installation of collocation arrangements for CLECs, focusing on the average time to complete such arrangements.

#### Description:

Measures the interval between the Collocation Application Date and Qwest's completion of the collocation installation.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a <u>Ready for Service (RFS) date</u> by Qwest and completed during the reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below.
- Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physicalline sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. Note 1
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest
  on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the
  weekend or holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications include conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- Completion of the collocation installation is the date on which the requested collocation arrangement is "Ready For Service" as defined in the Definition of Terms section herein.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established according to intervals specified in interconnection agreements. Where an interconnection agreement does not specify intervals, or where the CLEC requests, RFS dates are established as follows:
  - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also
    with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote
    in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC
    provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation
    Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also
    with Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote
    in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC
    provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation
    Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - <u>Unforecasted Collocations</u>: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for

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# **CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)**

collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.

- Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready—for virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
  - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 days following the date equipment to be collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of, such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-1A, -1B, or -1C according to the interval criteria specified below for these measurements.
- Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled
- RFS dates may be extended beyond the above intervals for CLEC reasons, or for reasons beyond Qwest's control, but not for Qwest reasons.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- CP-1A Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 90 calendar days or less.
- CP-1B Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 91 to 120 calendar days.
- CP-1C Measures collocation installations for which the scheduled interval from Collocation Application Date to RFS date is 121 to 150 calendar days.

Application Date to RFS date is 121 to 150 calendar days.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Calendar Days

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide.

Formula: (for CP-1A, CP-1B and CP-1C)

 $\Sigma$ [(Collocation Completion Date) – (Complete Application Date)] + (Total Number of Collocations Completed in Reporting Period)

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## **CP-1 – Collocation Completion Interval (continued)**

#### Exclusions:

- CP-1A: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals longer than 90 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1B: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 91 calendar days or longer than 120 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.
- CP-1C: CLEC collocation applications with RFS dates yielding scheduled intervals shorter than 121 calendar days or longer than 150 calendar days from Collocation Application Date to RFS date.

· Cancelled or expired applications.

Product Reporting: None		Standards: CP-1A: 90 calendar days CP-1B: 120 calendar days				
				CP-1C: 150 calendar days		
				Availability:	Notes:	
		Available	additional types o will be included in collocation (such considered for eith measurements, at	red by this measurement are central office related. As f central office collocation are defined and offered, they this measurement. Non-central office-based types of as remote collocation and field connection points) will be ner inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate fiter the terms, conditions, and processes for such become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of		

experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

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## CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the extent to which Qwest completes collocation arrangements for CLECs within the standard intervals or intervals established in interconnection agreements.

#### Description

Measures the percentage of collocation applications that are completed within standard intervals, including intervals set forth in interconnection agreements.

- Includes all collocations of types specified herein that are assigned a <u>Ready for Service Date RFS date</u> by Qwest and that are completed within the reporting period, including those with CLEC-requested RFS dates longer than the standard interval and those with extended RFS dates negotiated with the CLEC (including supplemented collocation orders that extend the RFS date) subject to exclusions specified below.
   Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and valid
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's collocation application is received by Qwest on a
  weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u> following the weekend or
  holiday.
- Major Infrastructure Modifications are defined as conditioning the collocation space, obtaining permits, and installing DC power plant, standby generators, heating, venting or air conditioning equipment.
- A collocation arrangement is counted as met under this measurement if its RFS date is met.
- <u>Establishment of RFS Dates</u>: RFS dates are established as follows, except where interconnection agreements require different intervals, in which case the intervals specified in the interconnection agreements apply:
  - Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with
    Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in seven
    or fewer calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the
    equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date,
    the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical
      collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days
      in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date for physical
      collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in
      advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and, for Virtual Collocations, also with
    Timely Equipment Ready for collocation applications where the CLEC accepts the quote in eight or
    more calendar days after the quote date and, for virtual collocations, where the CLEC provides the
    equipment to be collocated to Qwest 53 calendar days or less after the Collocation Application Date,
    the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 90 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 120 calendar days after the quote acceptance date for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Virtual Collocation Applications with Timely Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready for
    virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in seven or fewer calendar days
    after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar
    days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:
    - Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
    - Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for
      collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in
      advance of the Collocation Application Date.
  - Virtual Collocation Applications with Late Quote Acceptance and Late Equipment Ready—for

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## CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

virtual collocation applications where the CLEC (1) accepts the quote in eight or more calendar days after the quote date and (2) provides the equipment to be collocated to Qwest more than 53 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date, the RFS date shall be:

- Forecasted Collocations: 45 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC provides a complete forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- Unforecasted Collocations: 75 calendar days after the equipment is provided to Qwest, for collocations for which the CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- All Collocations (physical, virtual, forecasted, or unforecasted) requiring Major Infrastructure
   <u>Modifications</u>: the later of (1) up to 150 calendar days (as specified in the quote) after the Collocation
   Application Date, or (2) for virtual collocations, 45 calendar days following the date equipment to be
   collocated is provided to Qwest for collocations in which Major Infrastructure Modifications are
   required. Qwest will provide to the CLEC, as part of the quotation, the need for, and the duration of,
   such extended intervals.
- When a CLEC submits six (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, completion intervals will be individually negotiated. These collocation arrangements will be included in CP-2A, -2B, or -2C according to the criteria specified below for these measurements.
- · Where there is a CLEC-caused delay, the RFS Date is rescheduled.
- Where CLECs do not accept the quote within thirty calendar days of the quote date, the application is considered expired.
- **CP-2A** Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC provides a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2B Non-Forecasted and Late Forecasted Collocations: Measures collocation installations for which CLEC does not provide a forecast to Qwest 60 or more calendar days in advance of the Collocation Application Date.
- CP-2C All Collocations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and Collocations with intervals longer than 120 days: Measures all collocation installations requiring Major Infrastructure Modifications and collocations for which the RFS date is more than 120 calendar days after the Collocation Application Date.

Reporting Period: One month	Unit of Measure: Percent
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results	Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.
Formula: (for CP-2A, CP-2B and CP-2C)	<del>- Lander de la company de la </del>
[(Count of Collocations for which the RFS is met) + Period)] x 100 $$	(Total Number of Collocations Completed in the Reporting
RFS dates missed for reasons beyond Qwest's     Cancelled or expired requests	control.

 Product Reporting: None
 Standards:

 CP-2A & -2B:
 90%

 CP-2C:
 90%

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# CP-2 - Collocations Completed within Scheduled Intervals (continued)

Availability:	Notes:
Available	1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurement. Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as remote collocation and field connection points) will be considered for either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes for such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature (i.e., six months of experience from first installations), and ordered in volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than two per month in any state).

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# CP-3 - Collocation Feasibility Study Interval

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the timeliness of the Qwest sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC.

#### Description:

Measures average interval to respond to collocation studies for feasibility of installation.

- Includes feasibility studies, for collocations of types specified herein that are completed in the
  reporting period, subject to exclusions specified below. Collocation types included are: physical
  cageless, physical caged, shared physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and
  virtual.
- Interval begins with the Collocation Application Date and ends with the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by
  Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u>
  following the weekend or holiday.

Reporting Period: One month

Unit of Measure: Calendar Days

Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results

Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.

#### Formula:

 $\Sigma$ [(Date Feasibility Study provided to CLEC) – (Date Qwest receives CLEC request for Feasibility Study)] + (Total Feasibility Studies Completed in the Reporting Period)

#### Exclusions:

 CLEC-caused delays of, or CLEC requests for feasibility study completions resulting in greater than ten calendar days from Collocation Application Date to scheduled feasibility study completion date

Product Reporting: None		Standard:	10 calendar days or less
Availability:	Notes:		
Available	As additional offered, they office-based the field connection measurement conditions, are finalized, accinstallations),	types of central of will be included in types of collocation on points) will be count t, or in new, sepant d processes for se tepted, mature (i.e. and ordered in vo	easurement are central office related. fice collocation are defined and this measurement. Non-central n (such as remote collocation and considered for either inclusion in this ate measurements, after the terms, uch collocation types become , six months of experience from first lumes warranting reporting (i.e., month in any state).

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## **CP-4 - Collocation Feasibility Study Commitments Met**

#### Purpose:

Evaluates the degree that Qwest completes the sub-process function of providing a collocation feasibility study to the CLEC as committed.

#### Description:

Measures the percentage of collocation feasibility studies for installations that are completed within the Scheduled Interval

- The Scheduled Interval is ten calendar days from the Collocation Application Date or, if
  interconnection agreements call for different intervals, within intervals specified in the agreements,
  or if otherwise delayed by the CLEC, the interval resulting from the delay.
- Includes all feasibility studies for collocations of types specified herein, that are completed in the
  reporting period. Collocation types included are: physical cageless, physical caged, shared
  physical caged, physical-line sharing, cageless-line sharing, and virtual. NOTE 1
- Considers the interval from the Collocation Application Date to the date Qwest completes the Feasibility Study and provides it to the CLEC.
- The Collocation Application Date is the date Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete
  application for collocation. In cases where the CLEC's application for collocation is received by
  Qwest on a weekend or holiday, the Collocation Application Date is the next <u>business day</u>
  following the weekend or holiday.
- Subject to superceding terms in the CLEC's interconnection agreement, when a CLEC submits six

   (6) or more Collocation applications in a one-week period in any state, feasibility study intervals will be individually negotiated and the resulting intervals used instead of ten calendar days in this measurement.

Reporting Period: One month		Unit of Measure: Percent		
Reporting Comparisons: CLEC aggregate and individual CLEC results		Disaggregation Reporting: Statewide level.		
Formula:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
[(Total Applicable Collocation applicable Collocation Feasib				
Exclusions: None	<del></del>	·	And the state of t	
Product Reporting: None		Standard:	90 percent or more	
Availability: Available	Notes:  1. Collocations covered by this measurement are central office related. As additional types of central office collocation are defined and offered, they will be included in this measurem Non-central office-based types of collocation (such as rem collocation and field connection points) will be considered either inclusion in this measurement, or in new, separate measurements, after the terms, conditions, and processes such collocation types become finalized, accepted, mature six months of experience from first installations), and order volumes warranting reporting (i.e., consistently more than per month in any state).			

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## **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

Application Date (and Time) – The date (and time) on which Qwest receives from the CLEC a complete and accurate local service request (LSR) or access service request (ASR) or retail order, subject to the following:

- For the following types of requests/orders, the application date (and time) is the start of the next business day:
  - (1) LSRs and ASRs received after 3:00PM MT for Designed Services and Local Number Portability (except non-designed, flow-through LNP).
  - (2) Retail orders received after 3:00 PM local time for Designed Services.
  - (3) LSRs received after 7:00PM MT for POTS Resale (Residence and Business), Non-Design Resale Centrex, non-designed UNE-P, Unbundled Loops, and non-designed, flow-through
  - (4) Retail orders for comparable non-designed services cannot be received after closing time, so the cutoff time is essentially the business office closing time.
- For all types of orders that are received from Friday at 7:00 PM MT through Sunday, or on holidays, and do not flow through, the application date (and time) is the next, non-weekend business day.

Automatic Location Information (ALI) – The feature of E911 that displays at the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) the street address of the calling telephone number. This feature requires a data storage and retrieval system for translating telephone numbers to the associated address. ALI may include Emergency Service Number (ESN), street address, room or floor, and names of the enforcement, fire and medical agencies with jurisdictional responsibility for the address. The Management System (E911) database is used to update the Automatic E911 Location Information databases

Bill Date - The date shown at the top of the bill, representing the date on which Qwest begins to close the bill.

Blocking – Condition on a telecommunications network where, due to a maintenance problem or an traffic volumes exceeding trunking capacity in a part of the network, some or all originating or terminating calls cannot reach their final destinations. Depending on the condition and the part of the network affected, the network may make subsequent attempts to complete the call or the call may be completely blocked. If the call is completely blocked, the calling party will have to re-initiate the call attempt.

**Business Day** – Workdays that Qwest is normally open for business. Business Day = Monday through Friday, excluding weekends and Qwest published Holidays including New Year's Day, Memorial Day, July 4<sup>th</sup>, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. Individual measurement definitions may modify (typically expanding) this definition as described in the Notes section of the measurement definition.

Cleared Trouble Report - A trouble report for which the trouble has been cleared, meaning the customer is "back in service".

Closed Trouble Report – A trouble report that has been closed out from a maintenance center perspective, meaning the ticket is closed in the trouble reporting system following repair of the trouble.

Code Activation (Opening) – Process by which new NPA/NXXs (area code/prefix) is defined, through software translations to network databases and switches, in telephone networks. Code activation (openings) allow for new groups of telephone numbers (usually in blocks of 10,000) to be made available for assignment to an ILEC's or CLEC's customers, and for calls to those numbers to be passed between carriers.

Common Channel Signaling System 7 (CCSS7) – A network architecture used to for the exchange of signaling information between telecommunications nodes and networks on an out-of-band basis. Information exchanged provides for call set-up and supports services and features such as CLASS and database query and response.

Common Transport – Trunk groups between tandem and end office switches that are shared by more than one carrier, often including the traffic of both the ILEC and several CLECs.

Completion – The time in the order process when the service has been provisioned and service is available

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#### **DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)**

Completion Notice - A notification the ILEC provides to the CLEC to inform the CLEC that the requested service order activity is complete.

Coordinated Customer Conversion — Orders that have a due date negotiated between the ILEC, the CLEC, and the customer so that work activities can be performed on a coordinated basis under the direction of the receiving carrier.

Customer Requested Due Date — A specific due date requested by the customer which is either shorter or longer than the standard interval or the interval offered by the ILEC.

Customer Trouble Reports – A report that the carrier providing the underlying service opens when notified that a customer has a problem with their service. Once resolved, the disposition of the trouble is changed to closed.

Dedicated Transport – A network facility reserved to the exclusive use of a single customer, carrier or pair of carriers used to exchange switched or special, local exchange, or exchange access traffic. Delayed Order – An order which has been completed after the scheduled due date and/or time.

Directory Assistance Database — A database that contains subscriber records used to provide live or automated operator-assisted directory assistance. Including 411, 555-1212, NPA-555-1212.

**Directory Listings** – Subscriber information used for DA and/or telephone directory publishing, including name and telephone number, and optionally, the customer's address.

DS-0 - Digital Service Level 0. Service provided at a digital signal speed commonly at 64 kbps, but occasionally at 56 kbps.

DS-1 - Digital Service Level 1. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 1.544 Mbps.

DS-3 - Digital Service Level 3. Service provided at a digital signal speed of 44.736 Mbps.

Due Date - The date provided on the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) the ILEC sends the CLEC identifying the planned completion date for the order.

End Office Switch - A switch from which an end users' exchange services are directly connected and offered.

Final Trunk Groups – Interconnection and interoffice trunk groups that do not overflow traffic to other trunk groups when busy.

Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) – Notice the ILEC sends to the CLEC to notify the CLEC that it has received the CLECs service request, created a service order, and assigned it a due date.

Flow-Through —The term used to describe whether a LSR electronically is passed from the OSS interface system to the ILEC legacy system to automatically create a service order. LSRs that do not flow through require manual intervention for the service order to be created in the ILEC legacy system.

Interval Zone 1/Zone 2 – Interval Zone 1 areas are wire centers for which Qwest specifies shorter standard service intervals than for Interval Zone 2 areas.

Installation - The activity performed to activate a service.

Installation Troubles – A trouble, which is identified after service order activity and installation, has completed on a customer's line. It is likely attributable to the service activity (within a defined time period).

Interconnection Trunks - A network facility that is used to interconnect two switches generally of different local exchange carriers

Inward Activity – Refers to all orders for new or additional lines/circuits. For change order types, additional lines/circuits consist of all C orders with "I" and "T" action coded line/circuit USOCs that represent new or additional lines/circuits, including conversions from retail to CLEC and CLEC to CLEC.

Jeopardy -- A condition experienced in the service provisioning process which results potentially in the inability of a carrier to meet the committed due date on a service order

Jeopardy Notice - The actual notice that the ILEC sends to the CLEC when a jeopardy has been identified.

Lack of Facilities – A shortage of cable facilities identified after a due date has been committed to a customer, including the CLEC. The facilities shortage may be identified during the inventory assignment process or during the service installation process, and typically triggers a jeopardy.

Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) – A Belicore master file that is used by the telecom industry to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information, as well as network element and equipment designations. The file also includes scheduled network changes associated with activity within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP).

Local Exchange Traffic - Traffic originated on the network of a LEC in a local calling area that terminates to another LEC in a local calling area.

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#### **DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)**

Local Number Portability (formerly defined under Permanent Number Portability and also known as - Long Term Number Portability) - A network technology which allows end user customers to retain their telephone number when moving their service between local service providers. This technology does not employ remote call forwarding, but actually allows the customer's telephone number to be moved and redefined in the network of the new service provider. The activity to move the telephone number is called "porting."

Local Service Request (LSR) - Transaction sent from the CLEC to the ILEC to order services or to request a change(s) be made to existing services.

MSA/Non-MSA - Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with a population of 50,000 or greater. Non-Metropolitan Statistical Area is a government defined geographic area with population of less than 50,000. Qwest depicts MSA Non-MSA based on NPA NXX. Where a wire center is predominantly within an MSA, all lines are counted within the MSA.

Mechanized Bill — A bill that is delivered via electronic transmission.

NXX, NXX Code or Central Office Code — The three digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.

Plain Old Telephone Service (POTS) - Refers to basic 2-wire, non-complex analog residential and business services. Can include feature capabilities (e.g., CLASS features).

Projects - Service requests that exceed the line size and/or level of complexity which would allow for the use of standard ordering and provisioning processes. Generally, due dates for projects are negotiated, coordination of service installations/changes is required and automated provisioning may not be practical.

Query Types - Pre-ordering information that is available to a CLEC that is categorized according to standards issued by OBF and/or the FCC.

Ready For Service (RFS) - The status achieved in the installation of a collocation arrangement when all "operational" work has been completed. Operational work consists of the following as applicable to the particular type of collocation:

- Cage enclosure complete;
- DC power is active (including fuses available, BDFB [Battery Distribution Fuse Board] in place, and cables between the CLEC and power terminated);
- Primary AC outlet in place;
- Cable racking and circuit terminations are complete (e.g. fiber jumpers placed between the Outside Plant Fiber Distribution Panel and the Central Office Fiber Distribution Panel serving the
- The following items complete, subject to the CLEC having made required payments to Owest (e.g., final payment): (If the required CLEC payments have not been made, the following items are not required for RFS):
  - Key turnover made available to CLEC.
  - APOT/CFA complete, as defined/required in the CLEC's interconnection agreement
  - Basic telephone service and other services and facilities complete, if ordered by CLEC in time to be provided on the scheduled RFS date (per Qwest's published standard installation intervals for such telephone service).

Ready for Service Date (RFS date) - The due date assigned to a collocation order (typically determined by regulatory rulings, contract terms, or negotiations with CLEC) to indicate when collocation installation is scheduled to be ready for service, as defined above.

Reject - A status that can occur to a CLEC submitted local service request (LSR) when it does not meet certain criteria. There are two types of rejects: (1) syntax, which occur if required fields are not included in the LSR; and (2) content, which occur if invalid data is provided in a field. A rejected service request must be corrected and re-submitted before provisioning can begin.

Repeat Report - Any trouble report that is a second (or greater) report on the same telephone number/circuit ID and at the same premises address within 30 days. The original report can be any category, including excluded reports, and can carry any disposition code.

Service Group Type - The designation used to identify a category of similar services, .e.g., UNE

Service Order - The work order created and distributed in ILECs systems and to ILEC work groups in response to a complete, valid local service request.

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#### **DEFINITION OF TERMS (continued)**

Service Order Type – The designation used to identify the major types of provisioning activities associated with a local service request.

Standard Interval – The interval that the ILEC publishes as a guideline for establishing due dates for provisioning a service request. Typically, due dates will not be assigned with intervals shorter than the standard. These intervals are specified by service type and type of service modification requested. ILECs publish these standard intervals in documents used by their own service representatives as well as ordering instructions provided to CLECs in the Qwest Standard Interval Guidelines

Subsequent Reports – A trouble report that is taken in relation to a previously-reported trouble prior to the date and time the initial report has a status of "closed."

Tandem Switch – Switch used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office switches.

Time to Restore - The time interval from the receipt, by the ILEC, of a trouble report on a customer's service to the time service is fully restored to the customer.

Unbundled Network Element - Platform (UNE-P) - Combinations of network elements, including both new and conversions, involving POTS (i.e., basic services providing dial tone).

Unbundled Loop - The Unbundled Loop is a transmission path between a Qwest Central Office Distribution Frame, or equivalent, and the Loop Demarcation Point at an end user premises. Loop Demarcation Point is defined as the point where Qwest owned or controlled facilities cease, and CLEC, end user, owner or landlord ownership of facilities begins.

Usage Data – Data generated in network nodes to identify switched call data on a detailed or summarized basis. Usage data is used to create customer invoices for the calls.

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# **GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS**

<u>ACRONYM</u>	DESCRIPTION
ACD	Automatic Call Distributor
ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line
ALI	Automatic Line Information (for 911/E911 systems)
ASR	Service Request (processed via Exact system)
BRI	Basic Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)
CABS	Carrier Access Billing System
СКТ	Circuit
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier
CO	Central Office
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment
CRIS	Customer Record Information System
CSR	Customer Service Record
DA	Directory Assistance
DB	Decibel
DB	Database
DS0	Digital Service 0
DS1	Digital Service 1
DS3	Digital Service 3
E911 MS	E911 Management System
EAS	Extended Area Service
EB-TA	Electronic Bonding – Trouble Administration
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange
EELS	Enhanced Extended Loops
ES	Emergency Services (for 911/E911)
FOC	Firm Order Confirmation
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HDSL	High-Bit-Rate Digital Subscriber Line
HICAP	High Capacity Digital Service
IEC	Interexchange Carrier
ILEC	Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier
INP	Interim Number Portability
IOF	Interoffice Facilities (refers to trunk facilities located between
101	Qwest central offices)
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
IMA	Interconnect Mediated Access
LATA	Local Access Transport Area
LERG	Local Exchange Routing Guide
LIDB	Line Identification Database
LIS	Local Interconnection Service Trunks
LNP	Long Term Number Portability
LSR	Local Service Request
N, T, C	Service Order Types N (new), T (to or transfer), C (change)
NANP	North American Numbering Plan
NDM	Network Data Mover
NPAC	Number Portability Administration Center
NXX OBF	Telephone number prefix Ordering and Billing Forum

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# **GLOSSARY OF ACRONYMS (continued)**

ACRONYM	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	
OOS	Out of service (type of trouble condition)	
OSS	Operations Support Systems	
PBX	Private Branch Exchange	
PON	Purchase Order Number	
POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service	
PRI	Primary Rate Interface (type of ISDN service)	
RFS	Ready for Service (refers to collocation installations)	
SIA	SAAFE (Strategic Application Architecture Framework and	
	Environment) Information Access	
SOP	Service Order Processor	
SOT	Service Order Type	
SS7	Signaling System 7	
STP	Signaling Transfer Point	
TN	Telephone Number	
UDIT	Unbundled Dedicated Interoffice Transport	
UNE	Unbundled Network Element	
UNE-P	Unbundled Network Element – Platform	
VRU	Voice Response Unit	
WFA	Work Force Administration	
XDSL	(x) Digital Subscriber Line. (The "x" prefix refers to DSL	
	generically. An "x" replaced by an "A" refers to Asymmetric	
	DSL, and by an "H" refers to High-bit-rate DSL.)	

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# **APPENDIX A**

## PO-20 Feature Detail Fields

#### Feature Detail

#### Resale and UNE-P (POTS and Centrex 21):

#### **CFN**

Validate the call forwarding TN

#### **CFNB**

Validate the call forwarding TN

#### CFND

Validate the call forwarding TN

#### RCYC

FID associated with a call forwarding don't answer USOC that determines how many rings before the call forwards to the TN provided with the CFN or CFND FIDs.

## HLN (HLA Hot Line)

FID associated with the USOC HLA (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The Hot Line feature call forwards automatically to a pre-programmed number. This TN is provided following the HLN FID. The data provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the HLN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the TN provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order.

## LINK (HME CALL FORWARDING TO CELLULAR)

FID associated with the USOC HME (which is on our USOC list to validate.) The HME feature call forwards a call from the landline telephone number to a cellular telephone number. The LINK FID, along with the PCS telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR, will be validated against the LINK FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the telephone number provided on the LSR matches the telephone number on the service order.

## DES on DID MBB

If the CLEC requests a DID voice mailbox the DID number will follow the FID DES on the LSR in the Feature Detail section and on the service order. The DES FID along with the DID telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the DES FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the DID telephone number provided on the matches the telephone number on the service order.

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#### TN on Custom Ring USOC (RGG1A etc.)

We currently have 9 custom ring USOCs on our PO-20 USOC list. Along with the custom ring USOC is the TN FID. The TN FID along with the custom ring telephone number provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR will be validated against the TN FID on the service order to determine whether the FID is present and the custom ring telephone provided on the LSR with the FID is correct on the service order. (The validation would only apply if the USOC and FID were present in the Feature Detail section of the LSR.)

#### CAS (If provided on LSR for SEA)

Call Screening Code Assignment is a FID associated with the selective class of call feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the CAS FID is a two-digit number that indicates what type of screening is being requested. The CAS FID along with a two-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit number matches the two-digit number provided on the LSR.

#### WW (if provided on LSR for TFM)

Working With is a FID associated with the transfer mailbox feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the WW FID is a ten-digit number that indicates where the voice mailbox is located. The WW FID along with the ten-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit number matches the ten-digit number provided on the LSR.

#### MBOA (if provided on LSR for VFN)

Mailbox out-dial notification is a FID associated with the message notification feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the MBOA FID is a two-digit alphanumeric combination that indicates where the notification will be sent (i.e., identifies pager type.) The MBOA FID along with the two-digit alphanumeric combination is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the two-digit alphanumeric matches the two-digit alphanumeric provided on the LSR.

## DES on VGT (if provided on LSR)

Description is a FID associated with the scheduled greeting feature (which is on our USOC list to validate.) Along with the DES FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the DID mailbox number. The DES FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

## WLT (WLS Warm Line)

Warm line timeout is a FID associated with the warm line feature. Along with the WLT FID is a one or two numeric value that indicates the number of seconds that must elapse before the DMS-100 switch sets up the connection for a warm line service number. The WLT FID along with the one or two numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one or two numeric value matches the one or two numeric value provided on the LSR.

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#### FIDs associated with WFA (800 service line feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

## SIT (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special identifying telephone number is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the SIT FID is a ten-digit telephone number that reflects the 800, 888, 877, or 866 service line feature. The SIT FID along with the ten-digit telephone number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the ten-digit telephone number matches the ten-digit telephone number provided on the LSR.

## SIS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Special Identifying Telephone Number Supplemental is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. The SIS FID along with a one-digit number is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the one-digit number matches the one-digit number provided on the LSR.

#### ELN (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 Service listed name is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELN FID is a listed name, which follows the format of a business name. The ELN FID along with the name is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the name matches the name provided on the LSR.

## ELA (if provided on LSR for WFA)

800 listed address is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the ELA FID is an address, which follows the format of a listed address plus LATA, State, and ZIP code. The ELA FID along with the address is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the address matches the address provided on the LSR.

## AOS (if provided on LSR for WFA)

Area of service is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. Along with the AOS FID are one to two alphanumeric characters and three numeric characters which represents LATA and AC of the address. The AOS FID along with the additional characters are provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the additional characters match the additional characters provided on the LSR.

## ALC (if provided on LSR for WFA)

IntraLATA carrier is a FID associated with the 800 service line feature. It indicates the IntraLATA carrier for the 800 service. Along with the ALC FID is the three-digit code (OTC) for the IntraLATA carrier. The ALC FID along with the three-digit code is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the three-digit code matches the three-digit code provided on the LSR.

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#### Resale and UNE-P Centrex 21

FIDs associated with SO3, SO5, SFB, C2TAX (Electronic Business Set USOCs which are on our USOC list to validate):

#### KEY (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Key Designation (KEY number) is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the KEY FID is a numeric value that indicates the key designated for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the numeric value matches the numeric value provided on the LSR.

#### MADN (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Multiple Appearance Directory Number Call Arrangement is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the MADN FID is a set of alpha values that indicate the type, appearance and ring status desired for different features or lines on the EBS. The KEY FID along with the alpha values is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha values match the alpha values provided on the LSR.

#### ROL (If provided on LSR for Electronic Business Set EBS USOCs)

Ring On Line is a FID associated with the Electronic Business Set feature. Along with the ROL FID is an alpha value that indicates if the line will ring (Y or N). The ROL FID along with the alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alpha value matches the alpha value provided on the LSR.

#### TTYD (If provided on LSR for C2TAX)

Terminal Type is a FID associated with the adjunct module feature. Along with the TTYD FID is a 4 character alpha value based on customer equipment. The TTYD FID along with the 4 character alpha value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 4 character alpha value matches the 4 character alpha value provided on the LSR.

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#### FIDs associated with E3PPK (CALL PICK-UP feature which is on our USOC list to validate):

#### CPG (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup Group is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPG FID is a 1-3 digit numeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPG FID along with the 1-3 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 1-3 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

#### CPUO (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Originating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUO FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUO FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

#### CPUT (If provided on LSR for E3PPK)

Call Pickup-Terminating is a FID associated with the CALL PICK-UP feature. Along with the CPUT FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the call pickup group. The CPUT FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

FIDs associated with GVJ, EZJ, GVZ, GV2, EVH, GVV (Speed Call feature USOCs that are on our USOC list to validate):

## SCG (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Call Group is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCG FID is a 7 digit numeric value that identifies the controller of the group. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 7 digit numeric value matches 7 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

#### CSL (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Change Speed Calling Group List is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the CSL FID is a 2 digit numeric value that identifies the size of the group list. The SCG FID along with the 7 digit numeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the 2 digit numeric value matches 2 digit numeric value provided on the LSR.

## SCF (If provided on LSR for Speed call USOCs)

Speed Calling Feature Name is a FID associated with the Speed call feature. Along with the SCF FID is an alphanumeric value that identifies the controller of the shared list. The SCF FID along with the alphanumeric value is provided in the Feature Detail section on the LSR. The PO-20 review will validate that the FID is floated on the service order behind the feature USOC and that the alphanumeric value matches alphanumeric value provided on the LSR.

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# THE QWEST ARIZONA PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE PLAN

## 1.0 Introduction

1.1 In conjunction with its application to the Arizona Corporation Commission and the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") under Section 271 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "Act") to offer in-region long distance service, Qwest Corporation ("Qwest") has agreed to offer this Performance Assurance Plan ("PAP"). Qwest is committed to continued compliance with its Section 271 obligations. Qwest has entered into this post-271 approval monitoring and enforcement mechanism, as a demonstration of its commitment to continue to satisfy Section 271 of the Act.

## 2.0 Plan Structure

- 2.1 The Qwest PAP is a two-tiered, self-executing remedy plan. The plan is developed to provide individual CLECs with Tier-1 payments if Qwest does not provide parity between the service it provides to the CLEC and that which it provides to its retail customers, or if Qwest fails to meet applicable benchmarks. In addition, the PAP provides Qwest with additional incentives to satisfy parity and benchmark standards by requiring Qwest to make Tier-2 payments-- in accordance with section 7.5 herein --if Qwest fails to meet parity and benchmark standards on an aggregate CLEC basis. Tier-2 payments are over and above the Tier-1 payments made to individual CLECs.
- 2.2 In the Qwest PAP, performance measurements are given different weightings to reflect relative importance by the designations of High, Medium, and Low. Payment is generally on a per occurrence basis, i.e., a set dollar payment times the number of non-conforming service events. For the performance measurements which do not lend themselves to per occurrence payment, payment is on a per measurement basis, i.e., a set dollar payment. The level of payment also depends upon the number of consecutive months of non-conforming performance, i.e., an escalating payment the longer the duration of non-conforming performance.
- 2.3 The parity standard is met when the service Qwest provides to CLECs is equivalent to that which it provides to its retail customers. Statistically, parity exists when performance results for the CLEC and for the Qwest retail analogue result in a Z-value that is no greater than the critical z-values listed in the Critical Z-Statistical Table in section 5.0. Tier-2 calculations will use a 1.645 critical z-value. The Qwest PAP relies upon statistical calculations to determine whether any difference between CLEC and Qwest performance results is significant, that is, not attributable to simple random variation.

2.4 For performance measurements that have no Qwest retail analogue, agreed upon benchmarks are used. Benchmarks are evaluated using a "stare and compare" method. For example, if the benchmark is 95% or better, Qwest performance results must be at least 95% to meet the benchmark. Percentage benchmarks will be adjusted to round the allowable number of misses up or down to the closest integer. In circumstances where the combination of a benchmark and a small sample size is such that it would require Qwest to meet a 100% standard, Qwest will be allowed to round up to the nearest integer. For example, for a 90% benchmark, the number of allowable misses is 10% times the sample size, rounded to the nearest integer. If the sample size is eight observations, (10% \* 8 = 0.8) is rounded to 1, one miss would be permitted, and the effective benchmark would be 88% (1-1/8).

# 3.0 Performance Measurements

3.1 The performance measurements included in the Qwest PAP are shown in Attachment 1 and section 7.4. Each performance measurement identified is defined in the Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs") developed in the Arizona Operating Support System ("OSS") collaborative, and which are included in the SGAT at Exhibit B. The measurements in Attachment 1 are designated as Tier-1, Tier-2, or both Tier-1 and Tier-2. The measurements are also given a High, Medium, or Low designation, reflective of relative importance.

## 4.0 Statistical Measurement

- 4.1 Qwest uses a statistical test, namely the modified "Z-test," for evaluating the difference between two means (i.e., Qwest and CLEC service or repair intervals) or two percentages (e.g., Qwest and CLEC proportions), to determine whether a parity condition exists between the results for Qwest and the CLEC(s). The modified Z-tests are applicable if the number of data points are greater than 30 for a given measurement. For testing measurements for which the number of data points are 30 or less, Qwest may use a permutation test to determine the statistical significance of the difference between Qwest and CLEC(s).
- 4.2 Qwest will be in conformance when the monthly performance results for parity measurements (whether in the form of means, percents, or proportions and at the equivalent level of disaggregation) are such that the calculated z-test statistics are not greater than the critical z-values. Critical z-values are listed in Table 1, section 5.0.
- 4.3 Qwest will be in conformance with benchmark measurements when the monthly performance result equals or exceeds the benchmark if a higher value means better performance, and when the monthly performance result equals or is less than the benchmark if a lower value means better performance.

The following is the formula for determining parity using the Z test:

 $z = DIFF / \sigma_{DIFF}$ 

Where:

DIFF = M<sub>Qwest</sub> - M<sub>CLEC</sub>

Mowest = Qwest average or proportion

 $M_{CLEC}$  = CLEC average or proportion

 $\sigma_{DIFF} = SQRT \square \sigma^{\square}Qwest (1/ n_{CLEC} + 1/ n_{Qwest})]$ 

 $\sigma^2_{Owest}$  = Calculated variance for Qwest

n<sub>Qwest</sub> = number of observations or samples used in Qwest measurement

n<sub>CLEC</sub> = number of observations or samples used in CLEC measurement

The Z tests will be applied to reported parity measurements that contain more than 30 data points.

In calculating the difference between Qwest and CLEC performance, the above formulae apply when a larger Qwest value indicates a better level of performance. In cases where a smaller Qwest value indicates a higher level of performance, the order is reversed, i.e.,  $M_{\text{CLEC}}$  -  $M_{\text{OWEST}}$ .

4.3.1 For parity measurements where the performance delivered to CLEC(s) is compared to Qwest performance and for which the number of data points is 30 or less, Qwest will apply a permutation test to test for statistical significance. Permutation analysis will be applied to calculate the z statistic using the following logic:

Calculate the z statistic for the actual arrangement of the data

Pool and mix the CLEC and Qwest data sets

Perform the following 1000 times:

Randomly subdivide the pooled data sets into two pools, one the same size as the original CLEC data set ( $n_{CLEC}$ ) and one reflecting the remaining data points, (which is equal to the size of the original Qwest data set or  $n_{QWEST}$ ).

Compute and store the Z-test score ( $Z_s$ ) for this sample.

Count the number of times the Z statistic for a permutation of the data is greater than the actual Z statistic

Compute the fraction of permutations for which the statistic for the rearranged data is greater than the statistic for the actual samples

If the fraction is greater than  $\alpha$ , the significance level of the test, the hypothesis of no difference is not rejected, and the test is passed.

## 5.0 Critical z-value

5.1 The critical z-value seeks to account for statistical error arising from the natural variation in the performance results and is an adjustment for these statistical errors. The following table will be used to determine the Critical Z-value that is referred to in section 6.0. In each instance, it is based on the monthly business of the CLEC for the particular performance measurements for which statistical testing is being performed.

**TABLE 1: TIER-1 CRITICAL Z-VALUE** 

CLEC volu	me LIS Trunks, UDITs,	All Other
(Sample size)	Resale, UBL-DS1 and DS-	
	3	
1-10	1.04*	1.645
11-150	1.645	1.645
151-300	2.0	2.0
301-600	2.0	2.0
601-3000	2.0	2.0
3001 and above	2.0	2.0

\* The 1.04 applies for individual month testing for performance measurements involving LIS trunks and DS1 and DS3 that are UDITs, Resale, or Unbundled Loops. The performance measurements are OP-3d/e, OP-4d/e, OP-5, OP-6-4/5, MR-5a/b, MR-7d/e, and MR-8. For purposes of determining consecutive month misses, 1.645 shall be used. Where performance measurements disaggregate to zone 1 and zone 2, the zones shall be combined for purposes of statistical testing.

# 6.0 Tier-1 Payments to CLECs

- 6.1 Tier-1 payments to CLECs relate solely to the performance measurements designated as Tier-1 on Attachment 1. The payment amount for non-conforming service varies depending upon the designation of performance measurements as High, Medium, and Low and the duration of the non-conforming service condition as described below. "Non-conforming" service is determined in accordance with section 4.0.
- 6.1.1 Determination of Non-conforming Measurements: The number of performance measurements, subject to parity standards that are determined to be "non-conforming" and, therefore, eligible for Tier-1 payments, are limited according to the critical z-value shown in Table 1, section 5.0. The critical z-values are the

statistical standard that determines for each CLEC performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity. The critical z-value is selected from Table 1 according to the monthly CLEC volume for performance measurement. For instance, if the CLEC sample size for that month is 100, the critical z-value is 1.645 for the statistical testing of that parity performance measurement.

- 6.2 Determination of the Amount of Payment: Tier-1 payments to CLECs, except as provided for in section 10.0, are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of performance measurements exceeding the critical z-value for parity measurements and the benchmark threshold for benchmark measurements. Payments will be made on either a per occurrence or per measurement basis, depending upon the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 2. The dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is designated High, Medium, or Low and escalate depending upon the number of consecutive months for which Qwest has not met the standard for the particular measurement.
- 6.2.1 The escalation of payments for consecutive months of non-compliant service will be matched month for month with de-escalation of payments for compliant service. For example, if Qwest has 4 consecutive monthly "misses" it will make payments that escalate from month 1 to month 4 as shown in Table 2. If, in the next month, service meets the standard, Qwest makes no payment. A payment "indicator" de-escalates down from month 4 to month 3. If Qwest misses the following month, it will make payment at the month 3 level of Table 2 because that is where the payment "indicator" presently sits. If Qwest misses again the following month, it will make a payment that escalates back to the month 4 level. The payment level will deescalate back to the original month 1 level only upon compliant service sufficient to move the payment "indicator" back to the month 1 level.
- 6.2.2 For those performance measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Payments With a Cap," payment to a CLEC in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 2 below for the "Per Measure Cap" category. For any Tier 1 measurements identified as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payment with a Cap," if any should be added at a later time, payments to a CLEC in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 2 below for the section labeled "Per Measure/Cap."

**TABLE 2: TIER-1 PAYMENTS TO CLECs** 

Per occurrence						
Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6 and each following month
High	\$150	\$250	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800
Medium	\$ 75	\$150	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600
Low	\$ 25	\$ 50	\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400

Per Measure/Cap						
Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6 and each following month
High	\$25,000	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,00 0	\$125,00 0	\$150,000
Medium	\$10,000	\$20,000	\$30,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 60,000
Low	\$ 5,000	\$10,000	\$15,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 30,000

6.3 For each CLEC with annual order volumes of no more than 1,200, Qwest shall multiply the number of months in which at least one payment would be required to be made to such CLEC by \$2,000. To the extent that the actual CLEC payments for the year is less than the product of the preceding calculation, Qwest shall make annual payments equal to the difference.

# 7.0 Tier-2 Payments

- 7.1 Payments under Tier-2 are limited to the performance measurements designated in section 7.4 for Tier-2 per measure payments and on Attachment 1 for per occurrence measurements and which have at least 10 data points each month for the period payments are being calculated. Similar to the Tier-1 structure, Tier-2 measurements are categorized as High, Medium, and Low and the amount of payments for non-conformance varies according to this categorization.
- 7.2 Determination of Non-conforming Measurements: The determination of non-conformance will be based upon the aggregate of all CLEC data for each Tier-2 performance measurement. Non-conforming service is determined in accordance with section 4.0. The number of performance measurements determined to be "non-conforming" and, therefore, eligible for Tier-2 payments, is limited according to a 1.645 critical z-value. The critical z-value becomes the statistical standard that determines for each performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity.
- 7.3 Determination of the Amount of Payment: Except as provided in section 7.4, Tier-2 payments are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of performance measurements exceeding the critical z-value for three consecutive months. Payment will be made on either a per occurrence or per measurement basis, whichever is applicable to the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 3 or Table 4. Except as provided in section 7.4, the dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is designated High, Medium, or Low.

The escalation of payments for consecutive months of non-compliant service will be matched month for month with de-escalation of payments for compliant service. For example, if Qwest has 4 consecutive monthly "misses" it will make payments that escalate from month 3 to month 4 as shown in Table 3. If, in the next month, service meets the standard, Qwest makes no payment. A payment "indicator" de-escalates down from month 4 to month 3. If Qwest misses the following month, it will make payment at the month 3 level of Table 3 because that is where the payment "indicator" presently sits. If Qwest misses again the following month, it will make a payment that escalates back to the month 4 level. The payment level will de-escalate back to the original month 1 level only upon compliant service sufficient to move the payment "indicator" back to the month 1 level.

7.3.1 For those Tier-2 measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Payments With a Cap," payment in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 3 for the "Per Measurement" category. For any Tier 2 measurements identified as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payment with a Cap," if any should be added at a later time, payments in a single month shall not exceed the amount set forth in Table 3 under the section labeled "Per Measurement/Cap."

**TABLE 3: TIER-2 PAYMENTS** 

Per occurrence

Measurement	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6
Group						and each following month
High	\$0	\$0	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800
Medium	\$0	\$0	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600
Low	\$0	\$0	\$200	\$300	\$400	\$500

Per Measurement/Cap

Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6 & each following month
High	\$0	\$0	\$75,000	\$100,000	\$125,000	\$150,000
Medium	\$0	\$0	\$30,000	\$40,000	\$50,000	\$60,000
Low	\$0	\$0	\$20,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$40,000

7.4 Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payment: The following Tier-2 performance measurements have their performance results measured on a region wide (14 state) basis. Failure to meet the performance standard, therefore, will result in a per measure payment in each of the Qwest in-region 14 states adopting this PAP. The performance measurements are:

GA-1: Gateway Availability - IMA-GUI

GA-2: Gateway Availability - IMA-EDI

GA-3: Gateway Availability - EB-TA

GA-4: System Availability - EXACT

GA-6: Gateway Availability - GUI-Repair

PO-1: Pre-Order/Order Response Times

OP-2: Call Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Provisioning Center

MR-2: Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds – Interconnect Repair Center

GA-1 has three sub-measurements: GA-1A, GA-1B, and GA-1D. PO-1 shall have two sub-measurements: PO-1A and PO-1B. PO-1A and PO-1B shall have their transaction types aggregated together.

For these measures, Qwest will make a Tier-2 payment based upon monthly performance results according to Table 4: Tier-2 Per Measure Payments.

**TABLE 4: TIER-2 PER MEASURE PAYMENTS** 

Measure	Performance	State Payment	14 State Payment	
GA-1,2,3,4,6	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000	
	>1% to 3%	\$10,000	\$140,000	
	>3% to 5%	\$20,000	\$280,000	
	>5%	\$30,000	\$420,000	
PO-1	2 sec. or less	\$1,000	\$14,000	
	>2 sec. to 5	\$5,000	\$70,000	
	sec.			
	>5 sec. to 10	\$10,000	\$140,000	
	sec.			
	>10 sec.	\$15,000	\$210,000	
OP-2/MR-2	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000	
	>1% to 3%		\$70,000	
>3% to 5%		\$10,000	\$140,000	
	>5%		\$210,000	

7.5 Qwest Tier-2 payments will be used to offset the Commission's costs associated with: 1) administering the PAP including long-term PID administration; 2) monitoring post-entry compliance; 3) dispute resolution; 4) auditing costs, excluding those for which Qwest or a CLEC is responsible; and 5) assessing proposals reviewed in any Qwest federal and state wholesale service quality proceeding. If Tier-2 payments exceed what is necessary to cover the above costs, Qwest shall deposit the balance to the Arizona State Government's general fund. Qwest and Staff shall work cooperatively to develop an auditing/accounting mechanism to ensure the proper use of Tier-2 payments as herein set forth.

# 8.0 Step by Step Calculation of Tier-1 Parity Measurement Payments to CLECs

The following describes step-by-step the calculation of Tier-1 payments. The calculation will be performed monthly for each CLEC.

# 8.1 Application of the critical z-values:

For each CLEC, identify the Tier-1 parity performance measurements that measure the service provided by Qwest for the month in question and the critical z-value from Table 1 in section 5.0 that shall be used for purposes of statistical testing for each particular performance measurement. For the purpose of determining the critical z-values, each disaggregated category of a performance measurement is treated as a separate sub-measurement. The critical z-value to be applied is determined by the

CLEC volume at each level of disaggregation or sub-measurement. Apply the statistical testing procedures described in section 4.0.

8.2 Performance Measurements for which Payment is Per Occurrence:

The following describes the calculation of Tier-1 payments to CLECs in which payment is based upon a per occurrence dollar amount.

- 8.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:
- 8.2.1.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, calculate the average or the mean that would yield the critical z-value. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)
- 8.2.1.2 Step 2: Calculate the percentage differences between the actual averages and the calculated averages. The calculation is % diff = ((CLEC result Calculated Value)/Calculated Value) x 100. The percent difference will be capped at a maximum of 100%. In all calculations of percent differences in sections 8.0 and 9.0, the calculated percent differences is capped at 100%.
- 8.2.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points by the percentage calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier-1 Payment Table to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 8.2.2 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:
- 8.2.2.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, calculate the percentage that would yield the critical z-value. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)
- 8.2.2.2 Step 2: Calculate the difference between the actual percentages for the CLEC and the calculated percentages.
- 8.2.2.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier-1 Payment Table to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 8.2.3 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:

- 8.2.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, calculate the ratio that would yield the critical z-value. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)
- 8.2.3.2 Step 2: Calculate the difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate.
- 8.2.3.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points by the difference calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier-1 Payment Table to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 8.3 Performance Measurements for which Payment is Per Measure
- 8.3.1 For each performance measurement that Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment to the CLEC is the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of the Tier-1 Payment Table.

# 9.0 Step by Step Calculation of Tier-2 Parity Measurement Payments

- 9.1 The following describes step by step the calculation of Tier-2 payments. The calculation will be performed monthly using the aggregate CLEC performance results. All Tier-2 payments will be used as set forth in section 7.5.
- 9.1.1 Identify the Tier-2 parity performance measurement for which Qwest's service performance is non-conforming for the month in question, using the 1.645 critical z-value.
- 9.1.2 For each performance measurement that is identified as non-conforming, determine if the non-conformance has continued for three consecutive months and if there are at least 10 data points each month. If it has, a Tier-2 payment will be calculated as described below and will continue in each succeeding month until Qwest's performance meets the applicable standard. For example, Tier-2 payments will continue on a "rolling three month" basis, one payment for the average number of occurrences for months 1-3, one payment for the average number of occurrences for months 2-4, one payment for the average number of occurrences for months 3-5, and so forth, until satisfactory performance is established.
- 9.2 Performance Measurements for which Payment is Per Occurrence:

The following describes the calculation of Tier-2 payments in which payment is based upon a per occurrence dollar amount.

- 9.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:
- 9.2.1.1 Step 1: Calculate the monthly average or the mean for each performance measurement that would yield the critical z-value for each month. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)
- 9.2.1.2 Step 2: Calculate the percentage difference between the actual averages and the calculated averages for each month. The calculation for parity measurements is % diff = ((actual average calculated average)/calculated average) x 100. The percent difference will be capped at a maximum of 100%.
- 9.2.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points each month by the percentage calculated in the previous step. Calculate the average for three months (rounded to the nearest integer) and multiply the result by the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier-2 Payment Table to determine the payment for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 9.2.2 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:
- 9.2.2.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, calculate the monthly percentage that would yield the critical z-value for each month. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)
- 9.2.2.2 Step 2: Calculate the difference between the actual percentages and the calculated percentages for each of the three non-conforming months. The calculation for parity measurement is diff = CLEC result calculated percentage. This formula is applicable where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula is reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.
- 9.2.2.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points for each month by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step. Calculate the average for three months (rounded to the nearest integer) and multiply the result by the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier-2 Payment Table to determine the payment for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 9.2.3 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:
- 9.2.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, calculate the ratio that would yield the critical z-value for each month. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)

- 9.2.3.2 Step 2: Calculate the difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate for each month of the non-conforming three-month period. The calculation is diff = (CLEC rate calculated rate). This formula is applicable where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula is reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.
- 9.2.3.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points by the difference calculated in the previous step for each month. Calculate the average for three months (rounded to the nearest integer) and multiply the result by the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier-2 Payment Table to determine the payment for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 9.3 Performance Measurements that Payment is Per Measure:

For each performance measurement that Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment is the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of the Tier-2 Payment Table.

# 10.0 Low Volume, Developing Markets

- 10.1 In the event aggregate monthly volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP are more than 10, but less than 100, Qwest will make Tier-1 payments to CLECs if during a month Qwest fails to meet the parity or benchmark standard for the qualifying performance sub-measurements listed below. The qualifying sub-measurements are the UNE-P (POTS), megabit resale, and ADSL qualified loop product disaggregation of OP-3, OP-4, OP-5, MR-3, MR-5, MR-7, and MR-8.
- 10.2 The determination of whether Qwest has met the parity or benchmark standards will be made using aggregate volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP. In the event Qwest does not meet the applicable performance standards, a total payment to affected CLECs will be determined in accordance with the high, medium, low designation for each performance measurement (see Attachment 1) and as described in section 8.0, except that CLEC aggregate volumes will be used. In the event the calculated total payment amount to CLECs is less than \$5,000, a minimum payment of \$5,000 shall be made. The resulting total payment amount to CLECs will be apportioned to the individual affected CLECs based upon each CLEC's relative share of the number of total service misses.
- 10.3 At the 6-month reviews, Qwest will consider adding to the above list of performance sub-measurements new product disaggregation that represents new modes of CLEC entry into developing markets.
- 10.4 If the aggregate monthly CLEC volume is greater than 100, the provisions of this section shall not apply to the qualifying performance sub-measurement.

# 11.0 Payment

- 11.1 Payments to CLECs or payments made under Tier-2 shall be made one month following the due date of the performance measurement report for the month for which payment is being made. Qwest will pay interest on any late payment and underpayment at twice the one-year treasury rate, if the credit or other remittance exceeds the five-day grace period.
- 11.2 Payment to CLECs will be made via bill credits. To the extent that a monthly payment owed to a CLEC under this PAP exceeds the amount owed to Qwest by the CLEC on a monthly bill, Qwest will issue a check to the CLEC in the amount of the overage. Payments under Tier-2 will be made via check or wire transfer. Qwest will provide a comprehensive statement to the Commission detailing how penalties are calculated when Qwest makes Tier 2 payments, and a comprehensive statement to each CLEC detailing how Tier 1 penalties are calculated for that CLEC.

# 12.0 Cap on Tier-1 and Tier-2 Payments

- 12.1 There shall be a cap on the total payments by Qwest during a calendar year. The cap amount for Arizona shall be 44% of Qwest's "net revenues" as that term is defined in the FCC's December 22, 1999 Memorandum Opinion and Order in CC Docket No. 99-295 in ¶ 436 footnote 1332. The annual cap shall be recalculated on the first day of the month following the annual anniversary of Commission approval of the Arizona 271 Agreement, using the most recent publicly available ARMIS data. Qwest shall submit to the Commission the calculation of each year's cap no later than 30 days after submission of ARMIS results to the FCC. For purposes of applying the cap, the relevant calendar year shall be treated pro rata with Qwest's ARMIS financial statement.
- 12.2 The cap applies to the aggregate of Tier-1 payments to CLECs, including payments made pursuant to any other alternative performance obligations pursuant to an interconnection agreement with a CLEC and Tier-2 payments under the plan.
- 12.3 If the cap is reached within any twelve-month period, the Commission reserves the right to conduct a hearing to determine if the cap should be adjusted upward and if other action should be taken. The hearing will proceed only after proper notice has been given to the parties.

## 13.0 Limitations

- 13.1 Qwest's PAP shall not become available in Arizona unless and until Qwest receives effective section 271 authority from the FCC for the State of Arizona.
- 13.2 Qwest will not be liable for Tier-1 payments to a specific CLEC in Arizona until the Commission has approved an interconnection agreement between the CLEC and

Qwest and the CLEC opts into the PAP. A CLEC with a Commission-approved interconnection agreement may opt into the terms of the approved Performance Assurance Plan by filing written notice of its intent to do so.

- Qwest shall not be obligated to make Tier-1 or Tier-2 payments for any benchmark measurement if and to the extent that non-conformance for that measurement was the result of any of the following: 1) with respect to performance measurements with a benchmark standard, a Force Majeure event as defined in section 5.7 of the SGAT: 2) an act or omission by a CLEC that is contrary to any of its obligations under its interconnection agreement with Qwest or under the Act or State law; an act or omission by a CLEC that is in bad faith (Examples of bad faith conduct include, but are not limited to: unreasonably holding service orders and/or applications, "dumping" orders or applications in unreasonable large batches, "dumping" orders or applications at or near the close of a business day, on a Friday evening or prior to a holiday, and failing to provide timely forecasts to Qwest for services or facilities when such forecasts are required to reasonably provide services or facilities); or 3) non-Qwest problems associated with third-party systems or equipment, which could not have been avoided by Qwest in the exercise of reasonable diligence, provided, however, that this third party exclusion will not be raised more than three times within a calendar year. Force Majeure events do not excuse parity failures. Qwest will not be excused from Tier-1 or Tier-2 payments on any other grounds, except as described in paragraphs 13.6 and 13.7. Qwest will have the burden to demonstrate that its non-conformance with the performance measurement was excused on one of the grounds described in this PAP.
- 13.4 Qwest's agreement to implement these enforcement terms, and specifically its agreement to make payments or assessments hereunder, will not be considered as an admission against interest or an admission of liability in any legal, regulatory, or other proceeding relating to the same performance. QWEST and CLEC agree that CLEC may not use: 1) the existence of this enforcement plan; or 2) Qwest's Tier -1 or Tier-2 payments or assessments as evidence that Qwest has discriminated in the provision of any facilities or services under Sections 251 or 252, or has violated any state or federal law or regulation. Qwest's conduct underlying its performance measures, however are not made inadmissible by its terms. Any CLEC accepting this performance remedy plan agrees that Qwest's performance with respect to this remedy plan may not be used as an admission of liability or culpability for a violation of any state or federal law or regulation. Further, any payment by Qwest under these provisions is not hereby made inadmissible in any proceeding relating to the same conduct where Qwest seeks to offset the payment against any other damages a CLEC might recover. The terms of this paragraph do not apply to any proceeding before the Commission or the FCC to determine whether Qwest has met or continues to meet the requirements of section 271 of the Act.
- 13.5 The application of the assessments and damages provided for herein is not intended to foreclose other noncontractual legal and non-contractual regulatory claims and remedies that may be available to a CLEC.

- 13.6 If an existing interconnection agreement requires payments for damages for a performance miss, and the CLEC opts into the PAP, Qwest shall not have to pay twice for the same performance miss—once under the pre-existing interconnection agreement and again under the PAP. Qwest shall have the burden of proof demonstrating that it is paying twice for the same performance miss, and may use the dispute resolution procedure in Section 5.18 or the SGAT to address such an issue.
- 13.6.1 Any Tier-1 payments made by Qwest under this PAP are not made inadmissible in any proceeding relating to the same conduct that resulted in a performance miss where Qwest seeks to offset the payment against any other damages a CLEC might recover; whether or not the nature of damages sought by the CLEC is such that an offset is appropriate will be determined in the related proceeding.
- 13.7 Whenever a Qwest Tier-1 payment to an individual CLEC exceeds \$3 million in a month, or when all CLEC Tier-1 payments in any given month exceed onetwelfth of the annual cap identified in section 12.0. Qwest may commence a show Upon timely commencement of the show cause proceeding. cause proceeding. Qwest must pay the balance of payments owed in excess of the threshold amount into escrow, to be held by a third-party pending the outcome of the show cause To invoke these escrow provisions, Qwest must file with the Commission, not later than the due date of the Tier-1 payments, an application to show cause why it should not be required to pay any amount in excess of the procedural threshold. Qwest will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, it would be unjust to require it to make the payments in excess of the applicable threshold amount. If Qwest reports non-conforming performance to a CLEC for three consecutive months on 20% or more of the measurements reported to the CLEC and has incurred no more than \$1 million in liability to the CLEC, the CLEC may commence a similar show cause proceeding. In any such proceeding the CLEC will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, iustice requires Qwest to make payments in excess of the amount calculated pursuant to the terms of the PAP.

# 14.0 Reporting

14.1 Upon FCC 271 approval for a state, Qwest will provide CLECs which have approved interconnection agreements with Qwest a monthly report of Qwest's performance for the measurements identified in the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Qwest will collect, analyze, and report performance data for the measurements listed on Attachment 1 in accordance with the most

recent version of the Service Performance Indicator Definitions (PID). Upon a CLEC's request, data files of the CLEC's raw data, or any subset thereof, will be transmitted, without charge, to the CLEC in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission medium.

- 14.2 Qwest will also provide the Commission a monthly report of aggregate CLEC performance results pursuant to the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Individual CLEC reports will also be available to the Commission upon request. Upon the Commission's request, data files of the CLEC raw data, or any subject thereof, will be transmitted marked confidential, without charge, to the Commission in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission form. By accepting this PAP, each CLEC consents to Qwest providing that CLEC's report and raw data to State Commissions upon the Commission's request.
- 14.3 In the event Qwest does not provide CLEC and the Commission with a monthly report by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported, Qwest will pay under Tier-2 ate a total of \$5,000 for each business day for which performance reports are due after a five business day grace period. This amount represents the total payment for missing any deadline, rather than a payment per report. In addition, Qwest will pay under Tier-2 for incomplete reports, a total of \$1,000 per day for each missing performance result. Prior to the date of a payment for late or incomplete reports, Qwest may file a request for a waiver of the payment, which states the reasons for the waiver. The Commission may grant the waiver, deny the waiver, or provide any other relief that may be appropriate.
- 14.4 Qwest may not make changes to the Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs") contained in the PAP, the statistical methodology for calculating the PID results, or the content of reports unless it first obtains approval from the Commission.

# 15.0 Audits/Investigations of Performance Results

15.1 Qwest will create a separate financial system which will take performance results as inputs and calculate payments according to the terms of the PAP. An independent audit of this financial system shall be initiated one year after the effective date of the PAP and a second audit shall be started no later than 18 months thereafter. The auditor will be chosen subject to Arizona Commission approval and paid for by Qwest. Additionally, the Arizona Commission reserves the right to conduct its own audit or engage the services of a third party auditor if Staff determines that it would be in the public interest. The necessity of any subsequent audits of the financial system shall be considered in the six-month PAP reviews, based upon the experience of the first two audits.

If as a result of the audit, it is determined that Qwest underpaid, Qwest will add bill credits to CLECs and/or make additional payments under Tier-2 to the extent that it underpaid. In the event Qwest overpaid, future bill credits to CLECs and/or future payments under Tier-2 will be offset by the amount of the overage. All under and over payments will be credited with interest at the one year U. S. Treasury rate.

- 15.2 In the event of a disagreement between Qwest and the CLEC participating in this PAP as to any issue regarding the accuracy or integrity of data collected, generated, and reported pursuant to the PAP, Qwest and the CLEC shall first consult with one another and attempt in good faith to resolve the issue. If an issue is not resolved within 45 days after a request for consultation, the CLEC and Qwest may upon a demonstration of good cause (e.g., evidence of material errors or discrepancies) request an independent audit to be conducted, at the initiating party's expense. The scope of the audit will be limited to performance measurement data collection, data reporting processes, and calculation of performance results and payments for a specific performance measurement. An audit may not be commenced more than 12 months following the month in which the alleged inaccurate results were first reported.
- 15.3 If an audit identifies a material deficiency affecting results, the responsible party shall reimburse the other party for the expense of the third party auditor, assuming the responsible party was not the party initiating the audit. In the event the CLEC is found to be responsible for the deficiency, any overpayment made to the CLEC as a result of the deficiency shall be refunded to Qwest with interest and any affected portion of future payments will be suspended until the CLEC corrects the deficiency. In the event that Qwest is found to be responsible for the deficiency, Qwest will pay the CLEC the amount that would have been due under the PAP if not for the deficiency, including interest.
- 15.4 Neither CLEC nor Qwest may request more than two audits per calendar year for the entire Qwest in-region states. Each audit request shall be limited to no more than two performance measurements per audit. For purposes of these provisions, a performance measurement is a Performance Indicator Definition (PID), e.g., OP-3, Installation Commitments Met. CLEC agrees that Qwest shall not be required to conduct more than 3 audits at one time for its 14 in-region states, notwithstanding who has initiated the audit, and notwithstanding the provisions in this paragraph. This provision shall exclusively govern audits regarding performance measurements. Qwest agrees to inform Commission Staff and all CLECs of the results of an audit.
- 15.5 Qwest will investigate any second consecutive Tier-1 Aggregate failures of a performance measure and will investigate consecutive two-month failures for measures at the Tier-2 level and when a CLEC requests it to determine the cause of the miss and to identify the action needed in order to meet the standard set forth in the performance measurements. The Commission may order root cause analysis at any time it deems necessary. Qwest will not be required to disclose confidential or proprietary information in its root cause conclusions and such reports will be issued in

a redacted format where appropriate. Qwest will disseminate its root cause analysis results to the Commission and CLECs by posting any non-confidential results to a public website. To the extent an investigation determines that a CLEC was responsible in whole or in part for the Tier-2 misses, Qwest shall receive credit against future Tier-2 payments in an amount equal to the Tier-2 payments that should not have been made. The relevant portion of subsequent Tier-2 payments will not be owed until any responsible CLEC problems are corrected. For the purposes of this sub-section, Tier-1 performance measurements that have not been designated as Tier-2 will be aggregated and the aggregate results will be investigated pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

15.6 Qwest will store performance data used to calculate monthly performance reports in an easy to access electronic form for review by the Commission and parties who have a legal right to obtain the information, for three years after they have been produced and for an additional three years in an archived format.

# 16.0 Reviews

16.1 Every six (6) months, Qwest, CLECs, and the Commission shall review the performance measurements to determine whether measurements should be added, deleted, or modified; whether the applicable benchmark standards should be modified or replaced by parity standards; and whether to move a classification of a measure to High, Medium, or Low or Tier-1 to Tier-2. Criteria for review of performance measurements, other than for possible reclassification, shall be whether there exists an omission or failure to capture intended performance, and whether there is duplication of another measurement. The first six-month period will begin upon the FCC's approval of Qwest's 271 application for the state of Arizona. Staff shall seek the mutual consent of the parties to any proposed changes. Nothwithstanding the limitations set forth above, Qwest acknowledges that the Commission reserves the right to modify the PAP including, but not limited to performance measurements, penalty amounts, escalation factors, audit procedures and reevaluation of confidence levels, at any time as it sees fit and deems necessary upon Commission Order after notice and hearing.

#### 17.0 Termination

17.1 Qwest acknowledges that the PAP will be in full force and effect until further order of the Commission.

#### 18.0 Severability

18.1 In the event that any one or more of the provisions contained herein shall for any reason be held unenforceable or invalid in any respect under law or regulation, the parties will negotiate in good faith for replacement language as set forth herein. If any part of this performance assurance plan is held to be invalid or unenforceable for any reason, such invalidity or unenforceability will affect only the portion of this performance assurance plan which is invalid or unenforceable. In all other respects,

this performance assurance plan will stand as if such invalid or unenforceable provision had not been a part hereof, and the remainder of the plan shall remain in full force and effect.

Attachment 1: Tier-1 and Tier-2 Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Payment

Performance Measurement		Tier-	1 Payn	nents	Tier	-2 Payn	nents
		Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High
GATEWAY			!				
Timely Outage Resolution	GA-7						Х
PRE-ORDER/ORDERS					l		
LSR Rejection Notice Interval	PO-3ª	X					
Firm Order Confirmations On Time	PO-5	X				Х	<u> </u>
Work Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-6 <sup>b</sup>	X					
Billing Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-7 <sup>b</sup>	X				*	
Jeopardy Notice Interval	PO-8	X					
Timely Jeopardy Notices	PO-9	X	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Timely Release Notifications	PO-16						Х
Stand Alone Test Environment	PO-19		<del> </del>		<del></del>		X
(Expanded) – Manual Service Order Accuracy			Х				
ORDERING AND PROVISIONING							
Installation Commitments Met	OP-3 <sup>d</sup>			X			Х
Installation Intervals	OP-4 <sup>e</sup>			X			X
New Service Installation Quality	OP-5			Х	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* * . T }	X
Delayed Days	OP-6			X			X
Number Portability Timeliness	OP-8		,··,	X		Х	
Coordinated Cuts On Time - Unbundled	OP-13a		<del></del>	Χ		X	
Loops							
Timeliness of LNP Disconnects	OP-17			Х		Χ	
MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR							
Out of Service Cleared within 24 hours	MR-3			X			7
All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours	MR-5			X			
Mean time to Restore	MR-			Х		3 · 1 · 3 · 1 · 1	
	6a,b,c,						
	d <sup>g</sup> , e <sup>g</sup>						
Repair Repeat Report Rate	MR-7			Х			Х
Trouble Rate	MR-8			Х			Х
LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24 hours	MR-11			Х		X	
BILLING							
Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records	BI-1	X	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			X
Billing Accuracy-Adjustments for Errors	BI-3	X		<u> </u>			<b> </b>
Billing Completeness	BI-4	X	<del></del>			Х	
NETWORK PERFORMANCE	1 7			<b></b>	<del></del>		l
Trunk Blocking	NI-1			Х			Х
NXX Code Activation	NP-1		<del></del>	X			X
COLLOCATION	1					· · · · · ·	
Installation Interval	CP-1	X		1			l
Installation Commitments	CP-2			X			х
Feasibility Study Interval	CP-3	X					
Feasibility Study Commitment Met	CP-4	X	············				

- a. PO-3 is limited to PO-3a-1, PO-3b-1, and PO-3c.
- b. PO-6 is included with PO-7 as two "families:" PO-6a/PO-7a and PO-6b/PO-7b. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurements with the highest payment being paid.
- c. Low Volume Exception: In lieu of Section 2.4 for PO-20, where CLEC order volumes for a given month are less than 17 in Phase 1, less than 13 in Phase 2, and less than 10 in Phase 3 and subsequent phases, a benchmark standard of "no more than one order with PO-20 errors" is applied. Under this provision, no payment applies if there is only one order with errors.

Stabilization Period: For each phase beginning with Phase 1, there will be no more than a 3-month measurement stabilization period for all fields introduced in that phase. Performance results that include all such fields are not subject to payments during the measurement stabilization period.

- d. OP-3 is included as three "families:" OP-3a/3b, OP-3c, and OP-3d/e. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurement with the highest payment being paid.
- e. OP-4 is included with OP-6 as five "families:" OP-4a/OP-6-1, OP-4b/OP-6-2, OP-4c/OP-6-3, OP-4d/OP-6-4, and OP-4e/OP-6-5. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurement with the highest payment being paid.
- f. For purposes of the PAP, OP-6a and OP-6b will be combined and treated as one. The combined OP-6 breaks down to OP-6-1 (within MSA), OP-6-2 (outside MSA), OP-6-3 (no dispatch), OP-6-4 (zone 1), and OP-6-5 (zone 2).
- g. Applicable only to xDSL-I capable loops.

Attachment 2: Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Payments With a Cap

Billing

Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records – BI-1 (Tier-1/Tier-2) Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors – BI-3 (Tier-1) Billing Completeness – BI-4 (Tier-1/Tier-2)

# THE QWEST ARIZONA PERFORMANCE ASSURANCE PLAN

#### 1.0 Introduction

1.1 In conjunction with its application to the Arizona Corporation Commission and the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") under Section 271 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "Act") to offer in-region long distance service, Qwest Corporation ("Qwest") has agreed to offer this Performance Assurance Plan ("PAP"). Qwest is committed to continued compliance with its Section 271 obligations. Qwest has entered into this post-271 approval monitoring and enforcement mechanism, as a demonstration of its commitment to continue to satisfy Section 271 of the Act.

#### 2.0 Plan Structure

- 2.1 The Qwest PAP is a two-tiered, self-executing remedy plan. The plan is developed to provide individual CLECs with Tier-1 payments if Qwest does not provide parity between the service it provides to the CLEC and that which it provides to its retail customers, or if Qwest fails to meet applicable benchmarks. In addition, the PAP provides Qwest with additional incentives to satisfy parity and benchmark standards by requiring Qwest to make Tier-2 payments—in accordance with section 7.5 herein—if Qwest fails to meet parity and benchmark standards on an aggregate CLEC basis. Tier-2 payments are over and above the Tier-1 payments made to individual CLECs.
- 2.2 In the Qwest PAP, performance measurements are given different weightings to reflect relative importance by the designations of High, Medium, and Low. Payment is generally on a per occurrence basis, i.e., a set dollar payment times the number of non-conforming service events. For the performance measurements which do not lend themselves to per occurrence payment, payment is on a per measurement basis, i.e., a set dollar payment. The level of payment also depends upon the number of consecutive months of non-conforming performance, i.e., an escalating payment the longer the duration of non-conforming performance.
- 2.3 The parity standard is met when the service Qwest provides to CLECs is equivalent to that which it provides to its retail customers. Statistically, parity exists when performance results for the CLEC and for the Qwest retail analogue result in a Z-value that is no greater than the critical z-values listed in the Critical Z-Statistical Table in section 5.0. Tier-2 calculations will use a 1.645 critical z-value. The Qwest PAP relies upon statistical calculations to determine whether any difference between CLEC and Qwest performance results is significant, that is, not attributable to simple random variation.

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2.4 For performance measurements that have no Qwest retail analogue, agreed upon benchmarks are used. Benchmarks are evaluated using a "stare and compare" method. For example, if the benchmark is 95% or better, Qwest performance results must be at least 95% to meet the benchmark. Percentage benchmarks will be adjusted to round the allowable number of misses up or down to the closest integer. In circumstances where the combination of a benchmark and a small sample size is such that it would require Qwest to meet a 100% standard, Qwest will be allowed to round up to the nearest integer. For example, for a 90% benchmark, the number of allowable misses is 10% times the sample size, rounded to the nearest integer. If the sample size is eight observations, (10% \* 8 = 0.8) is rounded to 1, one miss would be permitted, and the effective benchmark would be 88% (1-1/8).

#### 3.0 Performance Measurements

3.1 The performance measurements included in the Qwest PAP are shown in Attachment 1 and section 7.4. Each performance measurement identified is defined in the Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs") developed in the Arizona Operating Support System ("OSS") collaborative, and which are included in the SGAT at Exhibit B. The measurements in Attachment 1 are designated as Tier-1, Tier-2, or both Tier-1 and Tier-2. The measurements are also given a High, Medium, or Low designation, reflective of relative importance.

#### 4.0 Statistical Measurement

- 4.1 Qwest uses a statistical test, namely the modified "Z-test," for evaluating the difference between two means (i.e., Qwest and CLEC service or repair intervals) or two percentages (e.g., Qwest and CLEC proportions), to determine whether a parity condition exists between the results for Qwest and the CLEC(s). The modified Z-tests are applicable if the number of data points are greater than 30 for a given measurement. For testing measurements for which the number of data points are 30 or less, Qwest may use a permutation test to determine the statistical significance of the difference between Qwest and CLEC(s).
- 4.2 Qwest will be in conformance when the monthly performance results for parity measurements (whether in the form of means, percents, or proportions and at the equivalent level of disaggregation) are such that the calculated z-test statistics are not greater than the critical z-values. Critical z-values are listed in Table 1, section 5.0.
- 4.3 Qwest will be in conformance with benchmark measurements when the monthly performance result equals or exceeds the benchmark if a higher value means better performance, and when the monthly performance result equals or is less than the benchmark if a lower value means better performance.

The following is the formula for determining parity using the Z test:

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 $z = DIFF / \sigma_{DIFF}$ 

Where:

DIFF = M<sub>Qwest</sub> - M<sub>CLEC</sub>

M<sub>QWEST</sub> = Qwest average or proportion

M<sub>CLEC</sub> = CLEC average or proportion

σ<sub>DIFF</sub> = SQRT □σ<sup>0</sup>Qwest (1/ n <sub>CLEC</sub> + 1/ n <sub>Qwest</sub>)]

 $\sigma^2_{Owest}$  = Calculated variance for Qwest

 $n_{Qwest}$  = number of observations or samples used in Qwest measurement

 $n_{\text{CLEC}}$  = number of observations or samples used in CLEC measurement

The Z tests will be applied to reported parity measurements that contain more than 30 data points.

In calculating the difference between Qwest and CLEC performance, the above formulae apply when a larger Qwest value indicates a better level of performance. In cases where a smaller Qwest value indicates a higher level of performance, the order is reversed, i.e., M<sub>CLEC</sub> - M<sub>QWEST</sub>.

4.3.1 For parity measurements where the performance delivered to CLEC(s) is compared to Qwest performance and for which the number of data points is 30 or less, Qwest will apply a permutation test to test for statistical significance. Permutation analysis will be applied to calculate the z statistic using the following logic:

Calculate the z statistic for the actual arrangement of the data Pool and mix the CLEC and Qwest data sets Perform the following 1000 times:

Randomly subdivide the pooled data sets into two pools, one the same size as the original CLEC data set (n<sub>CLEC</sub>) and one reflecting the remaining data points, (which is equal to the size of the original Qwest data set or n<sub>QWEST</sub>).

Compute and store the Z-test score (Z<sub>S</sub>) for this sample.

Count the number of times the Z statistic for a permutation of the data is greater than the actual Z statistic

Compute the fraction of permutations for which the statistic for the rearranged data is greater than the statistic for the actual samples

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If the fraction is greater than  $\alpha$ , the significance level of the test, the hypothesis of no difference is not rejected, and the test is passed.

#### 5.0 Critical z-value

5.1 The critical z-value seeks to account for statistical error arising from the natural variation in the performance results and is an adjustment for these statistical errors. The following table will be used to determine the Critical Z-value that is referred to in section 6.0. In each instance, it is based on the monthly business of the CLEC for the particular performance measurements for which statistical testing is being performed.

**TABLE 1: TIER-1 CRITICAL Z-VALUE** 

CLEC volu	me LIS Trunks, UDITs,	All Other
(Sample size)	Resale, UBL-DS1 and DS-	
	3	
1-10	1.04*	1.645
11-150	1.645	1.645
151-300	2.0	2.0
301-600	2.0	2.0
601-3000	2.0	2.0
3001 and above	2.0	2.0

\* The 1.04 applies for individual month testing for performance measurements involving LIS trunks and DS1 and DS3 that are UDITs, Resale, or Unbundled Loops. The performance measurements are OP-3d/e, OP-4d/e, OP-5, OP-6-4/5, MR-5a/b, MR-7d/e, and MR-8. For purposes of determining consecutive month misses, 1.645 shall be used. Where performance measurements disaggregate to zone 1 and zone 2, the zones shall be combined for purposes of statistical testing.

#### 6.0 Tier-1 Payments to CLECs

- 6.1 Tier-1 payments to CLECs relate solely to the performance measurements designated as Tier-1 on Attachment 1. The payment amount for non-conforming service varies depending upon the designation of performance measurements as High, Medium, and Low and the duration of the non-conforming service condition as described below. "Non-conforming" service is determined in accordance with section 4.0.
- 6.1.1 Determination of Non-conforming Measurements: The number of performance measurements, subject to parity standards that are determined to be "non-conforming" and, therefore, eligible for Tier-1 payments, are limited according to the critical z-value shown in Table 1, section 5.0. The critical z-values are the

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statistical standard that determines for each CLEC performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity. The critical z-value is selected from Table 1 according to the monthly CLEC volume for performance measurement. For instance, if the CLEC sample size for that month is 100, the critical z-value is 1.645 for the statistical testing of that parity performance measurement.

- 6.2 Determination of the Amount of Payment: Tier-1 payments to CLECs, except as provided for in section 10.0, are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of performance measurements exceeding the critical z-value for parity measurements and the benchmark threshold for benchmark measurements. Payments will be made on either a per occurrence or per measurement basis, depending upon the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 2. The dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is designated High, Medium, or Low and escalate depending upon the number of consecutive months for which Qwest has not met the standard for the particular measurement.
- 6.2.1 The escalation of payments for consecutive months of non-compliant service will be matched month for month with de-escalation of payments for compliant service. For example, if Qwest has 4 consecutive monthly "misses" it will make payments that escalate from month 1 to month 4 as shown in Table 2. If, in the next month, service meets the standard, Qwest makes no payment. A payment "indicator" de-escalates down from month 4 to month 3. If Qwest misses the following month, it will make payment at the month 3 level of Table 2 because that is where the payment "indicator" presently sits. If Qwest misses again the following month, it will make a payment that escalates back to the month 4 level. The payment level will de-escalate back to the original month 1 level only upon compliant service sufficient to move the payment "indicator" back to the month 1 level.
- 6.2.2 For those performance measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Payments With a Cap," payment to a CLEC in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 2 below for the "Per Measure Cap" category. For any Tier 1 measurements identified as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payment with a Cap," if any should be added at a later time, payments to a CLEC in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 2 below for the section labeled "Per Measure/Cap."

TABLE 2: TIER-1 PAYMENTS TO CLECS

Per occurrence						
Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6 and each following month
High	\$150	\$250	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800
Medium	\$ 75	\$150	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600
Low	\$ 25	\$ 50	\$100	\$200	\$300	\$400

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Per Measure/Cap						
Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6 and each following month
High	\$25,000	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,00 0	\$125,00 0	\$150,000
Medium	\$10,000	\$20,000	\$30,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 60,000
Low	\$ 5,000	\$10,000	\$15,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 30,000

6.3 For each CLEC with annual order volumes of no more than 1,200, Qwest shall multiply the number of months in which at least one payment would be required to be made to such CLEC by \$2,000. To the extent that the actual CLEC payments for the year is less than the product of the preceding calculation, Qwest shall make annual payments equal to the difference.

#### 7.0 Tier-2 Payments

- 7.1 Payments under Tier-2 are limited to the performance measurements designated in section 7.4 for Tier-2 per measure payments and on Attachment 1 for per occurrence measurements and which have at least 10 data points each month for the period payments are being calculated. Similar to the Tier-1 structure, Tier-2 measurements are categorized as High, Medium, and Low and the amount of payments for non-conformance varies according to this categorization.
- 7.2 Determination of Non-conforming Measurements: The determination of non-conformance will be based upon the aggregate of all CLEC data for each Tier-2 performance measurement. Non-conforming service is determined in accordance with section 4.0. The number of performance measurements determined to be "non-conforming" and, therefore, eligible for Tier-2 payments, is limited according to a 1.645 critical z-value. The critical z-value becomes the statistical standard that determines for each performance measurement whether Qwest has met parity.
- 7.3 Determination of the Amount of Payment: Except as provided in section 7.4, Tier-2 payments are calculated and paid monthly based on the number of performance measurements exceeding the critical z-value for three consecutive months. Payment will be made on either a per occurrence or per measurement basis, whichever is applicable to the performance measurement, using the dollar amounts specified in Table 3 or Table 4. Except as provided in section 7.4, the dollar amounts vary depending upon whether the performance measurement is designated High, Medium, or Low.

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The escalation of payments for consecutive months of non-compliant service will be matched month for month with de-escalation of payments for compliant service. For example, if Qwest has 4 consecutive monthly "misses" it will make payments that escalate from month 3 to month 4 as shown in Table 3. If, in the next month, service meets the standard, Qwest makes no payment. A payment "indicator" de-escalates down from month 4 to month 3. If Qwest misses the following month, it will make payment at the month 3 level of Table 3 because that is where the payment "indicator" presently sits. If Qwest misses again the following month, it will make a payment that escalates back to the month 4 level. The payment level will de-escalate back to the original month 1 level only upon compliant service sufficient to move the payment "indicator" back to the month 1 level.

7.3.1 For those Tier-2 measurements listed on Attachment 2 as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Payments With a Cap," payment in a single month shall not exceed the amount listed in Table 3 for the "Per Measurement" category. For any Tier 2 measurements identified as "Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payment with a Cap," if any should be added at a later time, payments in a single month shall not exceed the amount set forth in Table 3 under the section labeled "Per Measurement/Cap."

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**TABLE 3: TIER-2 PAYMENTS** 

Per occurrence

Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6 and each following month
High	\$0	\$0	\$500	\$600	\$700	\$800
Medium	\$0	\$0	\$300	\$400	\$500	\$600
Low	\$0	\$0	\$200	\$300	\$400	\$500

Per Measurement/Can

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Measurement Group	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month 5	Month 6 & each following month	
High	\$0	\$0	\$75,000	\$100,000	\$125,000	\$150,000	
Medium	\$0	\$0	\$30,000	\$40,000	\$50,000	\$60,000	
Low	\$0	\$0	\$20,000	\$30,000	\$30,000	\$40,000	

Performance Measurements Subject to Per Measurement Payment: The following Tier-2 performance measurements have their performance results measured on a region wide (14 state) basis. Failure to meet the performance standard, therefore, will result in a per measure payment in each of the Qwest inregion 14 states adopting this PAP. The performance measurements are:

GA-1: Gateway Availability - IMA-GUI

GA-2: Gateway Availability - IMA-EDI GA-3: Gateway Availability - EB-TA GA-4: System Availability - EXACT

GA-6: Gateway Availability – GUI-Repair PO-1: Pre-Order/Order Response Times

OP-2: Call Answered within Twenty Seconds - Interconnect Provisioning

Center

MR-2: Calls Answered within Twenty Seconds - Interconnect Repair Center

GA-1 has three sub-measurements: GA-1A, GA-1B, and GA-1C. PO-1 shall have two sub-measurements; PO-1A and PO-1B. PO-1A and PO-1B shall have their transaction types aggregated together.

For these measures, Qwest will make a Tier-2 payment based upon monthly performance results according to Table 4: Tier-2 Per Measure Payments...

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**TABLE 4: TIER-2 PER MEASURE PAYMENTS** 

Measure	Performance	State Payment	14 State Payment
GA-1,2,3,4,6	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>1% to 3%	\$10,000	\$140,000
	>3% to 5%	\$20,000	\$280,000
	>5%	\$30,000	\$420,000
PO-1	2 sec. or less	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>2 sec. to 5 sec.	\$5,000	\$70,000
	>5 sec. to 10 sec.	\$10,000	\$140,000
	>10 sec.	\$15,000	\$210,000
OP-2/MR-2	1% or lower	\$1,000	\$14,000
	>1% to 3%	\$5,000	\$70,000
	>3% to 5%	\$10,000	\$140,000
	>5%	\$15,000	\$210,000

7.5 Qwest Tier-2 payments will be used to offset the Commission's costs associated with: 1) administering the PAP including long-term PID administration; 2) monitoring post-entry compliance; 3) dispute resolution; 4) auditing costs, excluding those for which Qwest or a CLEC is responsible; and 5) assessing proposals reviewed in any Qwest federal and state wholesale service quality proceeding. If Tier-2 payments exceed what is necessary to cover the above costs, Qwest shall deposit the balance to the Arizona State Government's general fund. Qwest and Staff shall work cooperatively to develop an auditing/accounting mechanism to ensure the proper use of Tier-2 payments as herein set forth.

# 8.0 Step by Step Calculation of Tier-1 Parity Measurement Payments to CLECs

The following describes step-by-step the calculation of Tier-1 payments. The calculation will be performed monthly for each CLEC.

#### 8.1 Application of the critical z-values:

For each CLEC, identify the Tier-1 parity performance measurements that measure the service provided by Qwest for the month in question and the critical z-value from Table 1 in section 5.0 that shall be used for purposes of statistical testing for each particular performance measurement. For the purpose of determining the critical z-values, each disaggregated category of a performance measurement is treated as a separate sub-measurement. The critical z-value to be applied is determined by the

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CLEC volume at each level of disaggregation or sub-measurement. Apply the statistical testing procedures described in section 4.0.

8.2 Performance Measurements for which Payment is Per Occurrence:

The following describes the calculation of Tier-1 payments to CLECs in which payment is based upon a per occurrence dollar amount.

- 8.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:
- 8.2.1.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, calculate the average or the mean that would yield the critical z-value. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)
- 8.2.1.2 Step 2: Calculate the percentage differences between the actual averages and the calculated averages. The calculation is % diff = ((CLEC result Calculated Value)/Calculated Value) x 100. The percent difference will be capped at a maximum of 100%. In all calculations of percent differences in sections 8.0 and 9.0, the calculated percent differences is capped at 100%.
- 8.2.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points by the percentage calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier-1 Payment Table to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 8.2.2 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:
- 8.2.2.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, calculate the percentage that would yield the critical z-value. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)
- 8.2.2.2 Step 2: Calculate the difference between the actual percentages for the CLEC and the calculated percentages.
- 8.2.2.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier-1 Payment Table to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 8.2.3 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:

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- 8.2.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, calculate the ratio that would yield the critical z-value. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)
- 8.2.3.2 Step 2: Calculate the difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate.
- 8.2.3.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points by the difference calculated in the previous step and the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier-1 Payment Table to determine the payment to the CLEC for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 8.3 Performance Measurements for which Payment is Per Measure
- 8.3.1 For each performance measurement that Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment to the CLEC is the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of the Tier-1 Payment Table.

#### 9.0 Step by Step Calculation of Tier-2 Parity Measurement Payments

- 9.1 The following describes step by step the calculation of Tier-2 payments. The calculation will be performed monthly using the aggregate CLEC performance results. All Tier-2 payments will be used as set forth in section 7.5.
- 9.1.1 Identify the Tier-2 parity performance measurement for which Qwest's service performance is non-conforming for the month in question, using the 1.645 critical z-value.
- 9.1.2 For each performance measurement that is identified as non-conforming, determine if the non-conformance has continued for three consecutive months and if there are at least 10 data points each month. If it has, a Tier-2 payment will be calculated as described below and will continue in each succeeding month until Qwest's performance meets the applicable standard. For example, Tier-2 payments will continue on a "rolling three month" basis, one payment for the average number of occurrences for months 1-3, one payment for the average number of occurrences for months 2-4, one payment for the average number of occurrences for months 3-5, and so forth, until satisfactory performance is established.
- 9.2 Performance Measurements for which Payment is Per Occurrence:

The following describes the calculation of Tier-2 payments in which payment is based upon a per occurrence dollar amount.

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- 9.2.1 Performance Measurements that are Averages or Means:
- 9.2.1.1 Step 1: Calculate the monthly average or the mean for each performance measurement that would yield the critical z-value for each month. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)
- 9.2.1.2 Step 2: Calculate the percentage difference between the actual averages and the calculated averages for each month. The calculation for parity measurements is % diff = ((actual average calculated average)/calculated average) x 100. The percent difference will be capped at a maximum of 100%.
- 9.2.1.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points each month by the percentage calculated in the previous step. Calculate the average for three months (rounded to the nearest integer) and multiply the result by the per occurrence dollar amount taken from the Tier-2 Payment Table to determine the payment for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 9.2.2 Performance Measurements that are Percentages:
- 9.2.2.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, calculate the monthly percentage that would yield the critical z-value for each month. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)
- 9.2.2.2 Step 2: Calculate the difference between the actual percentages and the calculated percentages for each of the three non-conforming months. The calculation for parity measurement is diff = CLEC result calculated percentage. This formula is applicable where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula is reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.
- 9.2.2.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points for each month by the difference in percentage calculated in the previous step. Calculate the average for three months (rounded to the nearest integer) and multiply the result by the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier-2 Payment Table to determine the payment for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 9.2.3 Performance Measurements that are Ratios or Proportions:
- 9.2.3.1 Step 1: For each performance measurement, calculate the ratio that would yield the critical z-value for each month. Use the same denominator as the one used in calculating the z-statistic for the measure. (For benchmark measurements, use the benchmark value.)

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- 9.2.3.2 Step 2: Calculate the difference between the actual rate for the CLEC and the calculated rate for each month of the non-conforming three-month period. The calculation is diff = (CLEC rate calculated rate). This formula is applicable where a high value is indicative of poor performance. The formula is reversed where high performance is indicative of good performance.
- 9.2.3.3 Step 3: For each performance measurement, multiply the total number of data points by the difference calculated in the previous step for each month. Calculate the average for three months (rounded to the nearest integer) and multiply the result by the per occurrence dollar amounts taken from the Tier-2 Payment Table to determine the payment for each non-conforming performance measurement.
- 9.3 Performance Measurements that Payment is Per Measure:

For each performance measurement that Qwest fails to meet the standard, the payment is the dollar amount shown on the "per measure" portion of the Tier-2 Payment Table.

#### 10.0 Low Volume, Developing Markets

- 10.1 In the event aggregate monthly volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP are more than 10, but less than 100, Qwest will make Tier-1 payments to CLECs if during a month Qwest fails to meet the parity or benchmark standard for the qualifying performance sub-measurements listed below. The qualifying sub-measurements are the UNE-P (POTS), megabit resale, and ADSL qualified loop product disaggregation of OP-3, OP-4, OP-5, MR-3, MR-5, MR-7, and MR-8.
- 10.2 The determination of whether Qwest has met the parity or benchmark standards will be made using aggregate volumes of CLECs participating in the PAP. In the event Qwest does not meet the applicable performance standards, a total payment to affected CLECs will be determined in accordance with the high, medium, low designation for each performance measurement (see Attachment 1) and as described in section 8.0, except that CLEC aggregate volumes will be used. In the event the calculated total payment amount to CLECs is less than \$5,000, a minimum payment of \$5,000 shall be made. The resulting total payment amount to CLECs will be apportioned to the individual affected CLECs based upon each CLEC's relative share of the number of total service misses.
- 10.3 At the 6-month reviews, Qwest will consider adding to the above list of performance sub-measurements new product disaggregation that represents new modes of CLEC entry into developing markets.
- 10.4 If the aggregate monthly CLEC volume is greater than 100, the provisions of this section shall not apply to the qualifying performance sub-measurement.

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#### 11.0 Payment

- 11.1 Payments to CLECs or payments made under Tier-2 shall be made one month following the due date of the performance measurement report for the month for which payment is being made. Qwest will pay interest on any late payment and underpayment at twice the one-year treasury rate, if the credit or other remittance exceeds the five-day grace period.
- 11.2 Payment to CLECs will be made via bill credits. To the extent that a monthly payment owed to a CLEC under this PAP exceeds the amount owed to Qwest by the CLEC on a monthly bill, Qwest will issue a check to the CLEC in the amount of the overage. Payments under Tier-2 will be made via check or wire transfer. Qwest will provide a comprehensive statement to the Commission detailing how penalties are calculated when Qwest makes Tier 2 payments, and a comprehensive statement to each CLEC detailing how Tier 1 penalties are calculated for that CLEC.

#### 12.0 Cap on Tier-1 and Tier-2 Payments

- 12.1 There shall be a cap on the total payments by Qwest during a calendar year. The cap amount for Arizona shall be 44% of Qwest's "net revenues" as that term is defined in the FCC's December 22, 1999 Memorandum Opinion and Order in CC Docket No. 99-295 in ¶ 436 footnote 1332. The annual cap shall be recalculated on the first day of the month following the annual anniversary of Commission approval of the Arizona 271 Agreement, using the most recent publicly available ARMIS data. Qwest shall submit to the Commission the calculation of each year's cap no later than 30 days after submission of ARMIS results to the FCC. For purposes of applying the cap, the relevant calendar year shall be treated pro rata with Qwest's ARMIS financial statement.
- 12.2 The cap applies to the aggregate of Tier-1 payments to CLECs, including payments made pursuant to any other alternative performance obligations pursuant to an interconnection agreement with a CLEC and Tier-2 payments under the plan.
- 12.3 If the cap is reached within any twelve-month period, the Commission reserves the right to conduct a hearing to determine if the cap should be adjusted upward and if other action should be taken. The hearing will proceed only after proper notice has been given to the parties.

#### 13.0 Limitations

- 13.1 Qwest's PAP shall not become available in Arizona unless and until Qwest receives effective section 271 authority from the FCC for the State of Arizona.
- 13.2 Qwest will not be liable for Tier-1 payments to a specific CLEC in Arizona until the Commission has approved an interconnection agreement between the CLEC and

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Qwest and the CLEC opts into the PAP. A CLEC with a Commission-approved interconnection agreement may opt into the terms of the approved Performance Assurance Plan by filing written notice of its intent to do so.

- 13.3 Qwest shall not be obligated to make Tier-1 or Tier-2 payments for any benchmark measurement if and to the extent that non-conformance for that measurement was the result of any of the following: 1) with respect to performance measurements with a benchmark standard, a Force Majeure event as defined in section 5.7 of the SGAT; 2) an act or omission by a CLEC that is contrary to any of its obligations under its interconnection agreement with Qwest or under the Act or State law; an act or omission by a CLEC that is in bad faith (Examples of bad faith conduct include, but are not limited to: unreasonably holding service orders and/or applications, "dumping" orders or applications in unreasonable large batches. "dumping" orders or applications at or near the close of a business day, on a Friday evening or prior to a holiday, and failing to provide timely forecasts to Qwest for services or facilities when such forecasts are required to reasonably provide services or facilities); or 3) non-Qwest problems associated with third-party systems or equipment, which could not have been avoided by Qwest in the exercise of reasonable diligence, provided, however, that this third party exclusion will not be raised more than three times within a calendar year. Force Majeure events do not excuse parity failures. Qwest will not be excused from Tier-1 or Tier-2 payments on any other grounds, except as described in paragraphs 13.6 and 13.7. Qwest will have the burden to demonstrate that its non-conformance with the performance measurement was excused on one of the grounds described in this PAP.
- 13.4 Qwest's agreement to implement these enforcement terms, and specifically its agreement to make payments or assessments hereunder, will not be considered as an admission against interest or an admission of liability in any legal, regulatory, or other proceeding relating to the same performance. QWEST and CLEC agree that CLEC may not use: 1) the existence of this enforcement plan; or 2) Qwest's Tier -1 or Tier-2 payments or assessments as evidence that Qwest has discriminated in the provision of any facilities or services under Sections 251 or 252, or has violated any state or federal law or regulation. Qwest's conduct underlying its performance measures, however are not made inadmissible by its terms. Any CLEC accepting this performance remedy plan agrees that Qwest's performance with respect to this remedy plan may not be used as an admission of liability or culpability for a violation of any state or federal law or regulation. Further, any payment by Qwest under these provisions is not hereby made inadmissible in any proceeding relating to the same conduct where Qwest seeks to offset the payment against any other damages a CLEC might recover. The terms of this paragraph do not apply to any proceeding before the Commission or the FCC to determine whether Qwest has met or continues to meet the requirements of section 271 of the Act.
- 13.5 The application of the assessments and damages provided for herein is not intended to foreclose other noncontractual legal and non-contractual regulatory claims and remedies that may be available to a CLEC.

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- 13.6 If an existing interconnection agreement requires payments for damages for a performance miss, and the CLEC opts into the PAP, Qwest shall not have to pay twice for the same performance miss—once under the pre-existing interconnection agreement and again under the PAP. Qwest shall have the burden of proof demonstrating that it is paying twice for the same performance miss, and may use the dispute resolution procedure in Section 5.18 or the SGAT to address such an issue.
- 13.6.1 Any Tier-1 payments made by Qwest under this PAP are not made inadmissible in any proceeding relating to the same conduct that resulted in a performance miss where Qwest seeks to offset the payment against any other damages a CLEC might recover; whether or not the nature of damages sought by the CLEC is such that an offset is appropriate will be determined in the related proceeding.
- 13.7 Whenever a Qwest Tier-1 payment to an individual CLEC exceeds \$3 million in a month, or when all CLEC Tier-1 payments in any given month exceed onetwelfth of the annual cap identified in section 12.0, Qwest may commence a show cause proceeding. Upon timely commencement of the show cause proceeding, Qwest must pay the balance of payments owed in excess of the threshold amount into escrow, to be held by a third-party pending the outcome of the show cause To invoke these escrow provisions, Qwest must file with the Commission, not later than the due date of the Tier-1 payments, an application to show cause why it should not be required to pay any amount in excess of the procedural threshold. Qwest will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, it would be unjust to require it to make the payments in excess of the applicable threshold amount. If Qwest reports non-conforming performance to a CLEC for three consecutive months on 20% or more of the measurements reported to the CLEC and has incurred no more than \$1 million in liability to the CLEC, the CLEC may commence a similar show cause proceeding. In any such proceeding the CLEC will have the burden of proof to demonstrate why, under the circumstances, justice requires Qwest to make payments in excess of the amount calculated pursuant to the terms of the PAP.

#### 14.0 Reporting

14.1 Upon FCC 271 approval for a state, Qwest will provide CLECs which have approved interconnection agreements with Qwest a monthly report of Qwest's performance for the measurements identified in the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Qwest will collect, analyze, and report performance data for the measurements listed on Attachment 1 in accordance with the most

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recent version of the Service Performance Indicator Definitions (PID). Upon a CLEC's request, data files of the CLEC's raw data, or any subset thereof, will be transmitted, without charge, to the CLEC in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission medium.

- 14.2 Qwest will also provide the Commission a monthly report of aggregate CLEC performance results pursuant to the PAP by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported. However, Qwest shall have a grace period of five business days, so that Qwest shall not be deemed out of compliance with its reporting obligations before the expiration of the five business day grace period. Individual CLEC reports will also be available to the Commission upon request. Upon the Commission's request, data files of the CLEC raw data, or any subject thereof, will be transmitted marked confidential, without charge, to the Commission in a mutually acceptable format, protocol, and transmission form. By accepting this PAP, each CLEC consents to Qwest providing that CLEC's report and raw data to State Commissions upon the Commission's request.
- 14.3 In the event Qwest does not provide CLEC and the Commission with a monthly report by the last day of the month following the month for which performance results are being reported, Qwest will pay under Tier-2 ate a total of \$5,000 for each business day for which performance reports are due after a five business day grace period. This amount represents the total payment for missing any deadline, rather than a payment per report. In addition, Qwest will pay under Tier-2 for incomplete reports, a total of \$1,000 per day for each missing performance result. Prior to the date of a payment for late or incomplete reports, Qwest may file a request for a waiver of the payment, which states the reasons for the waiver. The Commission may grant the waiver, deny the waiver, or provide any other relief that may be appropriate.
- 14.4 Qwest may not make changes to the Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs") contained in the PAP, the statistical methodology for calculating the PID results, or the content of reports unless it first obtains approval from the Commission.

#### 15.0 Audits/Investigations of Performance Results

15.1 Qwest will create a separate financial system which will take performance results as inputs and calculate payments according to the terms of the PAP. An independent audit of this financial system shall be initiated one year after the effective date of the PAP and a second audit shall be started no later than 18 months thereafter. The auditor will be chosen subject to Arizona Commission approval and paid for by Qwest. Additionally, the Arizona Commission reserves the right to conduct its own audit or engage the services of a third party auditor if Staff determines that it would be in the public interest. The necessity of any subsequent audits of the financial system shall be considered in the six-month PAP reviews, based upon the experience of the first two audits.

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If as a result of the audit, it is determined that Qwest underpaid, Qwest will add bill credits to CLECs and/or make additional payments under Tier-2 to the extent that it underpaid. In the event Qwest overpaid, future bill credits to CLECs and/or future payments under Tier-2 will be offset by the amount of the overage. All under and over payments will be credited with interest at the one year U. S. Treasury rate.

- 15.2 In the event of a disagreement between Qwest and the CLEC participating in this PAP as to any issue regarding the accuracy or integrity of data collected, generated, and reported pursuant to the PAP, Qwest and the CLEC shall first consult with one another and attempt in good faith to resolve the issue. If an issue is not resolved within 45 days after a request for consultation, the CLEC and Qwest may upon a demonstration of good cause (e.g., evidence of material errors or discrepancies) request an independent audit to be conducted, at the initiating party's expense. The scope of the audit will be limited to performance measurement data collection, data reporting processes, and calculation of performance results and payments for a specific performance measurement. An audit may not be commenced more than 12 months following the month in which the alleged inaccurate results were first reported.
- 15.3 If an audit identifies a material deficiency affecting results, the responsible party shall reimburse the other party for the expense of the third party auditor, assuming the responsible party was not the party initiating the audit. In the event the CLEC is found to be responsible for the deficiency, any overpayment made to the CLEC as a result of the deficiency shall be refunded to Qwest with interest and any affected portion of future payments will be suspended until the CLEC corrects the deficiency. In the event that Qwest is found to be responsible for the deficiency, Qwest will pay the CLEC the amount that would have been due under the PAP if not for the deficiency, including interest.
- 15.4 Neither CLEC nor Qwest may request more than two audits per calendar year for the entire Qwest in-region states. Each audit request shall be limited to no more than two performance measurements per audit. For purposes of these provisions, a performance measurement is a Performance Indicator Definition (PID), e.g., OP-3, Installation Commitments Met. CLEC agrees that Qwest shall not be required to conduct more than 3 audits at one time for its 14 in-region states, notwithstanding who has initiated the audit, and notwithstanding the provisions in this paragraph. This provision shall exclusively govern audits regarding performance measurements. Qwest agrees to inform Commission Staff and all CLECs of the results of an audit.
- 15.5 Qwest will investigate any second consecutive Tier-1 Aggregate failures of a performance measure and will investigate consecutive two-month failures for measures at the Tier-2 level and when a CLEC requests it to determine the cause of the miss and to identify the action needed in order to meet the standard set forth in the performance measurements. The Commission may order root cause analysis at any time it deems necessary. Qwest will not be required to disclose confidential or proprietary information in its root cause conclusions and such reports will be issued in

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a redacted format where appropriate. Qwest will disseminate its root cause analysis results to the Commission and CLECs by posting any non-confidential results to a public website. To the extent an investigation determines that a CLEC was responsible in whole or in part for the Tier-2 misses, Qwest shall receive credit against future Tier-2 payments in an amount equal to the Tier-2 payments that should not have been made. The relevant portion of subsequent Tier-2 payments will not be owed until any responsible CLEC problems are corrected. For the purposes of this sub-section, Tier-1 performance measurements that have not been designated as Tier-2 will be aggregated and the aggregate results will be investigated pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

15.6 Qwest will store performance data used to calculate monthly performance reports in an easy to access electronic form for review by the Commission and parties who have a legal right to obtain the information, for three years after they have been produced and for an additional three years in an archived format.

#### 16.0 Reviews

16.1 Every six (6) months, Qwest, CLECs, and the Commission shall review the performance measurements to determine whether measurements should be added, deleted, or modified; whether the applicable benchmark standards should be modified or replaced by parity standards; and whether to move a classification of a measure to High, Medium, or Low or Tier-1 to Tier-2. Criteria for review of performance measurements, other than for possible reclassification, shall be whether there exists an omission or failure to capture intended performance, and whether there is duplication of another measurement. The first six-month period will begin upon the FCC's approval of Qwest's 271 application for the state of Arizona. Staff shall seek the mutual consent of the parties to any proposed changes. Nothwithstanding the limitations set forth above, Qwest acknowledges that the Commission reserves the right to modify the PAP including, but not limited to performance measurements, penalty amounts, escalation factors, audit procedures and reevaluation of confidence levels, at any time as it sees fit and deems necessary upon Commission Order after notice and hearing.

#### 17.0 Termination

17.1 Qwest acknowledges that the PAP will be in full force and effect until further order of the Commission.

#### 18.0 Severability

18.1 In the event that any one or more of the provisions contained herein shall for any reason be held unenforceable or invalid in any respect under law or regulation, the parties will negotiate in good faith for replacement language as set forth herein. If any part of this performance assurance plan is held to be invalid or unenforceable for any reason, such invalidity or unenforceability will affect only the portion of this performance assurance plan which is invalid or unenforceable. In all other respects,

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this performance assurance plan will stand as if such invalid or unenforceable provision had not been a part hereof, and the remainder of the plan shall remain in full force and effect.

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Attachment 1: Tier-1 and Tier-2 Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Payment

Performance Measurement			1 Payn	nents		2 Payn		1
		Low	Med	High	Low	Med	High	
GATEWAY		1		ingii		<u> </u>		-
Timely Outage Resolution	GA-7					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	X	
PRE-ORDER/ORDERS								1
LSR Rejection Notice Interval	PO-3ª	Х						·
Firm Order Confirmations On Time	PO-5	X				Х		
Work Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-6 <sup>b</sup>	Χ						]
Billing Completion Notification Timeliness	PO-7 <sup>®</sup>	X						1
Jeopardy Notice Interval	PO-8	X						1
Timely Jeopardy Notices	PO-9	X						1
Timely Release Notifications	PO-16						х	
Stand Alone Test Environment	PO-19						X	1
(Expanded) - Manual Service Order	PO-20°		X				<b>4</b>	Formatted: Centered
Accuracy	<del></del>					]	ĺ	
							1	1
ORDERING AND PROVISIONING					l		<u> </u>	
Installation Commitments Met	OP-3°			X			X	Deleted: 3°
Installation Intervals	OP-4°			X			X	Deleted: 4 <sup>d</sup>
New Service Installation Quality	OP-5			Х			X	Deleasi. 4
Delayed Days	OP-6'			X			X	Deleted: 6°
Number Portability Timeliness	OP-8	·		X		X		
Coordinated Cuts On Time - Unbundled	OP-13a	1		X		X	<del> </del>	7
Loops	·	:		``			1	ļ
Timeliness of LNP Disconnects	OP-17			X		X		
MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Out of Service Cleared within 24 hours	MR-3	*		X		<del></del>		1
All Troubles Cleared within 4 hours	MR-5			X	l			
Mean time to Restore	MR-			X			l	
	6a,b,c,				Ì			
	d <sup>g</sup> , e <sup>g</sup>							Formatted: Superscript
Repair Repeat Report Rate	MR-7			Χ			X	
Trouble Rate	MR-8			Χ			Х	
LNP Trouble Reports Cleared within 24	MR-11			X		X		
hours		1			<u> </u>		<u></u>	
		1			<b>.</b>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
BILLING		1		<u> </u>		<b></b>		
Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records	BI-1	X				<u> </u>	Х	
Billing Accuracy-Adjustments for Errors	BI-3	X		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		4
Billing Completeness	BI-4	X	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		X	<u> </u>	_
NETWORK PERFORMANCE	ļ	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1	ļ		
Trunk Blocking	NI-1			X		ļ	X	_
NXX Code Activation	NP-1		<u> </u>	Х	<u> </u>	ļ	X	_
COLLOCATION		1		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4
Installation Interval	CP-1	X		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	_
Installation Commitments	CP-2			Х		ļ.,	Х	_}
Feasibility Study Interval	CP-3	X			<u> </u>	ļ	1	Deleted: First
Feasibility Study Commitment Met	CP-4	<u> X</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	Deleted: August 29, 2003

<sup>|</sup> Qwest Arizona SGAT Fourteenth Revision, <u>Second</u> Amended Exhibit K <u>September 15, 2004</u> Page 21

- a. PO-3 is limited to PO-3a-1, PO-3b-1, and PO-3c.
- b. PO-6 is included with PO-7 as two "families:" PO-6a/PO-7a and PO-6b/PO-7b, Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurements with the highest payment being paid.
- c. Low Volume Exception: In lieu of Section 2.4 for PO-20, where CLEC order volumes for a given month are less than 17 in Phase 1, less than 13 in Phase 2, and less than 10 in Phase 3 and subsequent phases, a benchmark standard of "no more than one order with PO-20 errors" is applied. Under this provision, no payment applies if there is only one order with errors.

	Stabilization Period: For each phase beginning with Phase 1, there will be no more than a 3-month measurement stabilization period for all fields introduced in that phase. Performance results that include all such fields are not subject to payments during the measurement stabilization period.	
ł	d. OP-3 is included as three "families:" OP-3a/3b, OP-3c, and OP-3d/e. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurement with the highest payment being paid.	Deleted: c
!	e. OP-4 is included with OP-6 as five "families:" OP-4a/OP-6-1, OP-4b/OP-6-2, OP-4c/OP-6-3, OP-4d/OP-6-4, and OP-4e/OP-6-5. Measurements within each family share a single payment opportunity with only the measurement with the highest payment being paid.	Deleted: d
l	f. For purposes of the PAP, OP-6a and OP-6b will be combined and treated as one. The combined OP-6 breaks down to OP-6-1 (within MSA), OP-6-2 (outside MSA), OP-6-3 (no dispatch), OP-6-4 (zone 1), and OP-6-5 (zone 2).	Deleted: e
1	g. Applicable only to xDSL-I capable loops.	
1	<b>∳</b>	Formatted: Left

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Attachment 2: Performance Measurements Subject to Per Occurrence Payments With a Cap

Billing

Time to Provide Recorded Usage Records – BI-1 (Tier-1/Tier-2) Billing Accuracy – Adjustments for Errors – BI-3 (Tier-1) Billing Completeness – BI-4 (Tier-1/Tier-2)

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# BEFORE THE WASHINGTON STATE UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

	)	· ·
In the Matter of the Second Six-Month	ĺ)	DOCKET NO. UT-043007
Review of Qwest Corporation's	)	
Performance Assurance Plan	)	
	)	Settlement of Disputed Issues
	)	
	)	
	)	
	)	
	)	•

COME NOW Qwest Corporation ("Qwest"), MCI, Inc. ("MCI"), Eschelon Telecom of Washington, Inc. ("Eschelon") and Covad Communications Company ("Covad"), (collectively, the "Stipulating Parties") and submit the following Stipulation, resolving all outstanding issues in this Second Six-Month Review proceeding.

The Stipulating Parties have agreed and respectfully recommend, that the Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission ("WUTC" or "Commission") issue its Order approving the following dispositions of the issues which appear on the Final Issues List in this Proceeding. This Stipulation is intended to be a comprehensive resolution. Each Stipulating Party has agreed to compromise its positions, including legal positions, with the goal of achieving an overall resolution that is fair and in the public interest. The Stipulating Parties have agreed to support the Stipulation, and are aware that the WUTC Staff has not joined the Stipulation and has filed testimony that is in material disagreement with at least one proposed disposition in the Stipulation. However, the Stipulating Parties, at arms' length and with full

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTED ISSUES

knowledge of the facts, recommend that this Stipulation be approved by the Commission as it is consistent with the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 ("the Act") and this Commission's prior orders regarding the Qwest Performance Assurance Plan ("QPAP").

The Stipulating Parties have entered into this Stipulation with the intent that it be submitted to and recommended by these same Parties to the other commissions in Qwest's 14-state region. The Stipulating Parties agree, however, that provisions relating to PO-20 will not be submitted in Colorado as that commission has previously resolved these issues.

If the Commission does not adopt the proposal in this Stipulation in whole or in part, the Stipulating Parties reserve their rights to take positions on issues in future proceedings that may be contrary to this Stipulation. Except as necessary to effectuate their agreement to promptly submit and recommend this Stipulation to all remaining state regulatory commissions, nothing in this Stipulation may be used as precedent or an admission against interest by any Stipulating Party against any other Stipulating Party in any future proceeding.

- Line Splitting: What standard should be used for the Line Splitting product for the MR-3, 4, 6, and 8, and the OP-5A PIDs?
   Resolution: Parity with Qwest DSL. This new standard should apply to performance data beginning September 1, 2004.<sup>1</sup>
- 2. Loop Splitting: Should Loop Splitting be included in the PO-5, OP-3 through 6 and 15 and MR-3, 4 and 6 through 8 PIDs at this time, and if so, what standard should apply?

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTED ISSUES

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Resolution: Loop Splitting should be included in the named PIDs and Qwest shall begin reporting on the Loop Splitting product with a diagnostic standard at the time CLECs order the product, in any quantity, for three consecutive months.

3. x-DSLI: Should x-DSLI loops be included in the OP and MR PIDs and if so, what standard should apply?

Resolution: x-DSLI loops should be included in the OP and MR PIDs with the following standards: 90% for OP-3; 6 business days for OP-4; parity with Qwest DSL for OP-5A; diagnostic for OP-5B, OP-5R, and OP-5T; parity with Qwest DSL with dispatch for OP-6; parity with Qwest IDSL for the MR-3, MR-4, MR-6, MR-7, and MR-8; and diagnostic for MR-10. These new standards should apply to performance data beginning on September 1, 2004.<sup>2</sup>

4. PO-20.

A. How will the new PO-20 be incorporated into Exhibit B?

Resolution: Expanded PO-20 was incorporated into the Washington Exhibit B through Qwest's June 25, 2004, filing of an amendment to the SGAT, and the Commission's issuance of Order No. 7 in this proceeding and Order No. 1 in Docket UT-043068. The incorporation of Expanded PO-20 into Exhibit B in other jurisdictions occurred with filings Qwest made in June 2004 to amend the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Qwest will report PID performance beginning with September data as governed by the business rules for each measurement. Qwest will report PAP payments for September data pursuant to the applicable section of the PAP.

SGATs in those various jurisdictions, subject to the appropriate procedures in each state.

B. What Tier should be assigned to this new PID?

Resolution: Tier 1 Medium (in Minnesota, Tier 1B); no Tier 2.3

C. Should Qwest be allowed a low volume exception?

Resolution: Yes, a standard of "no more than one order with PO-20 errors" should be assigned, applicable when CLEC volumes are lower than seventeen in a month during the time the 97% benchmark applies, lower than thirteen in a month during the time the 96% benchmark applies, and lower than ten in a month during the time the 95% benchmark applies, except in Colorado and Minnesota. In Minnesota, the resolution is yes, a standard of "no more than one order with PO-20 errors" should be assigned, applicable when CLEC volumes are lower than or equal to thirty-three in a month during the time the 97% benchmark applies, lower than or equal to twenty-five in a month during the time the 96% benchmark applies, and lower than or equal to twenty in a month during the time the 95% benchmark applies.

D. Should Qwest be allowed a stabilization or "burn in" period?

Resolution: Yes, Qwest should be allowed a stabilization or "burn in period" of up to three months on each Phase, during which payments are not required

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Qwest will report PID performance beginning with September data as governed by the business rules for each measurement. Qwest will report PAP payments for September data pursuant to the applicable section of the PAP.

for "misses" in the Phase being "burned in," but payments are required for "misses" that exceed the applicable benchmark in the previous Phase and that are reported based on the PID requirements for the previous Phase.<sup>4</sup>

5. What changes should be made to the QPAP for LTPA agreements and to reflect the replacement of the existing PO-20 with the Expanded PO-20 in those states that have an Exhibit B-1?

Resolution: No changes other than those in the following three sentences are needed to adapt the QPAP to LTPA agreements or to reflect the replacement of the existing PO-20 with the Expanded PO-20 in states that have an Exhibit B-

1. Qwest will, according to the implementation schedule discussed below, in all states in Qwest's local service region except Colorado, file to add Expanded PO-20 to Tier 1 Medium (in Minnesota Tier 1B), and without a Tier 2 assignment, in Attachment 1 to Exhibit K (in Minnesota Appendices A and B), and will include a footnote to the amended Attachment 1 to reflect the agreement on the "burn in period" and low volume relief set forth in Sections 4(C) and (D) above. In Washington and other states that have an existing PO-20, Qwest will simultaneously make a filing to change Exhibit K consistent with the treatment in Exhibit (DWB-5). Qwest will simultaneously file to

delete Exhibit B-1 in those states that have such an exhibit, and will request the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Should the staff pursue Tier 2 payments separately, the Stipulating Parties agree to abide by the remainder of the Settlement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Qwest will begin making PAP payments based on Phase 1 for August 2004 performance pursuant to the applicable section of the PAP.

Commission in each state to issue its order approving all such changes with an effective date no later than October 1, 2004.

- 6. Publishing Aggregate Payments: Should Qwest be required to publish aggregate payments by PID and Product under QPAP?

  Resolution: Beginning with September 2004 performance, Qwest will publish on its website for each state the payment report by major PID category that Qwest currently files with each state Commission for that state; and Qwest will make available a report similar to that which it provides individual CLECs in Tab 2 of the CLEC payment report showing QPAP payments at the PID/Product submeasure level, and will total the payments for the state for each submeasure and/or product.
- 7. Low Volume Exception for Line Splitting: Should a Low Volume Exception Exist for OP-3 for Line Splitting?
  Resolution: No Low Volume Exception will be allowed for OP-3 for Line Splitting.
- 8. Implementation: Qwest stipulates to promptly file SGAT revisions to Exhibits B, B-1 (where applicable) and K no later than August 31, 2004, for Washington and no later than September 15, 2004, for the remaining states.

  Qwest agrees to represent the substance of this Stipulation in Arizona, to the extent more is required there than the filing requirement in this section. This Stipulation may be executed in counterparts. If and when this Stipulation is approved and adopted by the Washington Commission and other state

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTED ISSUES

regulatory commissions through approvals of the amended Exhibit B, deletion of Exhibit B-1 in those states that currently have such an exhibit and amended Exhibit K, these changes will amend the agreements of all CLECs that have adopted or elected Exhibits B and K in such states or the Minnesota Wholesale Service Quality plan.

So have we all stipulated.

QWEST CORPORATION	
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Soughand Clim	Dated 8/36/04
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Page 7

Michel Singer-Nelson Counsel for MCI

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTED ISSUES

Covad Communications Company		,
	Dated	
Karen Shoresman Frame Senior Counsel for Covad		

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTED ISSUES

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SETTLEMENT OF	

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**DISPUTED ISSUES** 

Covad Communications Company

20-04 B. 26-04

Karen Shoresman Frame

Senior Counsel for Covad

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTED ISSUES

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# **QWEST CORPORATION**

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SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTED ISSUES

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